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, a beauty, 59c.
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19.75 and up to $100.
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beautiful new designs,
at 4.85, 6.50, 6.85,

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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXI.—NO. 252. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.*

[*Title Copyright: 1902: by Tribune Company.]

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

DAY UNTO DAY UTTERETH SPEECH

PSALM XIX.

The heavens declare the glory of God; and the firmament sheweth his handiwork.

Day unto day uttereth speech, and night unto night sheweth knowledge.

There is no speech nor language, where their voice is not heard.

Their line is gone out through all the earth, and their words to the end of the world. In them hath he set a tabernacle for the sun,

Which is as a bridegroom coming out of his chamber and rejoiceth as a strong man to run a race.

His going forth is from the end of the heaven, and his circuit unto the ends of it: and there is nothing hid from the heat thereof.

The law of the Lord is perfect, converting the soul: the testimony of the Lord is sure, making wise the simple.

The statutes of the Lord are right, rejoicing the heart: the commandment of the Lord is pure, enlightening the eyes.

The fear of the Lord is clean, enduring forever: the judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether.

More to be desired are they than gold, yea, than much fine gold: sweeter also than honey and the honeycomb.

Moreover, by them is thy servant warned: and in keeping of them there is great reward.

Who can understand his errors? Cleanse thou me from secret faults.

Keep back thy servant also from presumptuous sins; let them not have dominion over me: then shall I be upright, and I shall be innocent from the great transgression.

Let the words of my mouth and the meditation of my heart be acceptable in thy sight, O Lord, my strength and my redeemer.

NIGHT UNTO NIGHT SHOWETH KNOWLEDGE

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER. TUESDAY, SEPT. 9, 1902.

Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, northwest winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four ending last midnight was 81 degrees at 4 p. m. and the minimum 53 degrees at 8 p. m.

Sun rises at 5:47, sets at 6:13. Moon sets at 10:41 p. m.

DOMESTIC:—

Miss Sarah Biddle, member of famous Philadelphia family, wrote book defending society against accusation of display and notoriety; qualifications of real "400" declared based on good manners.

J. K. Murrell, agent of St. Louis municipal boodlers, returned from Mexico and confessed to grand jury; eighteen members of gang then indicted and nine arrested.

Two thousand members of Dressmakers' Protective Society of America held convention at New York, and accused French and Berlin modistes of stealing their ideas.

Mrs. Kate Jarreau, New Orleans, confessed that she pushed Earl C. Lukens overboard from a yacht because he bantered her; he was drowned.

POLITICAL:—

President Roosevelt addressed Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen convention at Chattanooga, Tenn., and declared qualities that make good railroad men also make good soldiers; delegates first elected him an honorary member.

John F. Hill (Rep.) reëlected governor of Maine and entire state ticket, including four congressmen and legislature elected by 30,000 estimated plurality; all records of "off" years, except 1894, broken.

Mayor Tom Johnson's democratic circus campaign opened in tent at Norwalk, O.; mayor arrived in red automobile and was greeted by crowds; Senator Hanna attacked for opposing 3 cent fares.

Mayor Harrison returned from vacation, declared against Peter Kiolbassa's withdrawal from democratic ticket, and predicted all democrats will be elected; no board of review candidate in view.

Pay day at Illinois state institutions yesterday remarkable because 5 per cent political assessments were not made; publicity believed to have ended them.

FOREIGN:—

German army maneuvers will begin today near Posen; 90,000 troops to take part as invading and defending army; American and English army experts invited and emperor showed former marked attention.

Anglo-Chinese treaty a triumph of British diplomacy; consent of powers needed to abolition of likin; Russia uncertain, but America and Germany believed favorable.

Moro situation, Philippine islands, reached crisis and Gen. Sumner ordered to advance on Macu strongholds; friendly nations to be protected and hostile ones subdued.

London newspaper comments on sinking of Haytian gunboat by German ship declare Monroe doctrine must be enlarged, limited, or abandoned.

LOCAL:—

Perjury charge against Harry H. Ball, who accused Trustee Murphy, Kankakee asylum, of drunkenness and improper conduct, dismissed; suit for $50,000 damages brought against Murphy by Ball.

Illinois Telephone and Telegraph company ruling work on downtown conduits, although city council rejected proposition to increase height to fourteen feet and allow wall transmittal.

Identification of Riceville suicide as W. J. Burcholin, murderer of his mother and Minnie Mitchell, completed by Dr. H. C. Waach, Burcholin's dentist.

Henry D. Hatch, principal of Chicago Law school, given until Monday by board of education to file defense against charge of "discreet conduct"; evidence declared hearsay.

Miles J. Devine, attorney for Luke Wheeler, disappeared, and state's attorney's office declared his promise to secure Wheeler's conversion of Masonic temple tax fraud a bluff.

West side residents chased negro burglar carrying $3,500 worth of jewels from home of "Patsy" King, 1429 Washington boulevard, but were kept off by revolver.

Finding of man's body buried in yard at 3711 State street and of two babies in undertaker's shop next door will cause further hunt by police today.

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16 Kankakee's Fair Is Great.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Eastbound flour shipments by rail from Chicago last week increased 5,345 barrels; grain shipments decreased 500,000 bushels.

Stockyards teamsters, Chicago, will discuss tonight discrimination by packers against union and hauling of meat by train.

Wheat prices broke ½ to 1 cent on weak foreign quotations and reports of marketing in northwest; December closed at 67¾; September, 71½. September corn closed at 57¼.

President John I. Sabin, Chicago Telephone company, returned from San Francisco and denied he would resign; promise kept to increase subscribers to 40,000 by 1902.

Dissolution of Chicago board of underwriters and new organization leaving out men who persist in breaking rules favored by some Chicago insurance men.

Monon railroad report for year ending June 30 showed 7.96 per cent earned on $12,690,000 4 per cent bonds given by Morgan interests to secure ownership.

New York call money rate reached 10 per cent; stock prices continued to advance; Missouri Pacific gained 3 points; Wabash debenture B bonds, 2½.

SPORTING:—

National league scores: Boston, 2; Chicago, 1. Brooklyn, 6; St. Louis, 1. Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 4. Cincinnati, 7; Philadelphia, 1. New York, 3; Pittsburg, 1. New York, 7; Pittsburg, 4.

American league scores: Philadelphia, 8; Cleveland, 5. St. Louis, 8; Detroit, 4.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Zeeland	
BOULOGNE	Noordam	
BREMEN	Bremen	
CHERBOURG		F. Bismarck.
GENOA	Algeria	
GLASGOW		Laurentian.
HULL		Colorado.
LONDON	Minnehaha	
NEW YORK	Furnessia	
NEW YORK	Vaderland	
NEW YORK	Minneapolis	
YOKOHAMA	America Maru	Tacoma.

UNIONS PRAISED BY ROOSEVELT.

President Is Elected to Membership in the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

GRATEFUL FOR HONOR.

Railway Workers Are Commended for Bravery—Told They Have Qualities Needed in Best Citizenship.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—The great good of labor organizations, the advancement of all by the growth of the spirit of brotherhood, the need of the extension of the spirit, the strengthening of the character of man by the initiative taught in unions, and the quality of bravery and energy taught the railway man by the nature of his calling, were subjects discussed by President Roosevelt in an address to the members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and citizens of Chattanooga in the auditorium here today.

Elected an Honorary Member.

President Roosevelt, who had come here to attend the opening of the annual convention of the brotherhood, was present when the executive session was called to order, was elected unanimously an honorary member of the organization, and after a greeting by the acting grand master of the union responded briefly, expressing his thanks for the honor of membership conferred upon him.

When the courtesies had been exchanged between the president and the members of the brotherhood the convention adjourned until tomorrow and the doors of the auditorium were thrown open to the public. President Roosevelt then delivered his principal speech of the day.

A drive through the city and a short address to 10,000 persons from a stand at the courthouse closed President Roosevelt's visit to this city. The presidential party then proceeded to Knoxville, whence it continued to Hot Springs, N. C., where the night will be spent.

Tribute to the Labor Union.

In his first address of the day, that before the brotherhood convention, President Roosevelt said:

"Mr. Chairman, and you, my friends and fellow Americans: I shall not try to speak to you formally now, as I understand that I am to make an address in open session. I shall therefore merely thank you most warmly for the greeting you have extended to me. During the time I was governor I had to deal with many organizations—organizations of wage workers, of capitalists, of professional men, organizations like your own brotherhood, like the Bar association, for instance, like the Bankers' association as another example.

Railroad Men Ever Fair.

"After two years I found that on the whole I had come nearer being able to do exactly what the railroad men had requested than was the case with any other organization with which I was brought in contact. And I think that was due especially to the fact that the men of your organization are of a type which naturally results in their applying the principles of common sense to whatever they do. I was asked nothing unreasonable, and I should have been loath to admit that I would have refused to do anything that was reasonable.

High Praise for Sargent.

"I am glad to come here for reasons which I shall set forth when I make my public address. Here I wish to say but one thing more. I have had to make as president a number of appointments. I have made none which has given me personally greater satisfaction, and I think none which has given the public greater satisfaction, than when I succeeded in persuading Mr. Sargent to take office under me, because Mr. Sargent has the qualities which are indispensable in a public officer. In the first place, he has a sound heart and in the next place, he has not got a soft head. I can count upon his being absolutely fair and square, upon his doing justice all through; and I can count upon him doing it in the right way.

Task a Most Important One.

"All of us know people who can be just, but who are just in such ways as almost to make us wish they were unjust. Mr. Sargent is free from that besetting sin. No man has a more important task than he has, for he stands in the gateway of one of the roads out of which the American citizenship of the future is to be made when he stands to supervise the immigration to this country. The laws affecting his department can, I think, be improved, but under him I am sure that the administration of them cannot be improved."

The president thanked the convention for the compliment paid him, and Grand Master Sargent then gave him a pass which admits him to all meetings of the brotherhood.

Addresses Men as Brothers.

While the public was entering the hall the Seventh regiment band played "America," the president and party standing until it was finished. Mayor Chambers introduced President Roosevelt, who said:

"Mr. Grand Master, Gov. McMillan, Mr. Mayor, my brothers, and all of you, men and women of Tennessee, my fellow citizens, my fellow Americans: I am glad to be here today. I am glad to come as the guest of the brotherhood. Let me join with you, the members of the brotherhood of this country, in extending a most cordial welcome to our fellows from Canada and Mexico. The fact that we are good Americans only makes us all the better men, all the more desirous of seeing good fortune to all mankind.

"I needed no pressing influence to accept the invitation tendered through you, Mr. Hannahan, and through Mr. Arnold to come to this meeting. I have always admired greatly the railroad men of the country, and I do not see how any one who believes in what I regard as the fundamental virtues of citizenship can fail to do so. I want to see the average American a game man, an honest man, and a man who can handle himself, and does handle himself, well under difficulties.

Railway Men Great Fighters.

"The last time I ever saw Gen. Sherman I dined at his house, and we got to talking over the capacity of different types of soldiers, and the general happened to say that if ever there were another war, and he were to have a command, he should endeavor to get as many railway men as possible under him. I asked him why, and he said because on account of their profession they have de-

(Continued on fourth page.)

MAINE REPUBLICANS GAIN

HILL IS RE-ELECTED GOVERNOR BY AN UNUSUAL VOTE.

Plurality for State Ticket Is Greater than in Any but One "Off Year" Before—Estimated at 30,000, Nearly Double the Usual Total—All Four Congressmen Win, Despite Strenuous Efforts by the Democrats—Enforcement of Prohibition an Issue.

Portland, Me., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—By a plurality estimated at 30,000, which is considerably larger than the usual "off year" one, John F. Hill, republican, was reelected governor of this state today. The whole republican state ticket was elected, including four congressmen, the entire state delegation.

The result is considered a great victory by the republican leaders, as the democrats made a specially vigorous effort to cut down the plurality, even bringing W. J. Bryan into the state for a series of campaign speeches.

Unusual for an "Off Year."

While in presidential years, when the full vote was called out, candidates for governor have received larger pluralities, only once in an "off year" did the total of the republican plurality reach the size recorded today. That was in 1894, when local issues cut down the democratic vote in the cities, the state ticket being the gainer.

Pluralities of republican governors in recent years when no presidents were elected have been as follows: 1898, 24,769; 1894, 38,978; 1890, 18,883; 1886, 12,651; 1882, 8,872.

Roosevelt Gets the Credit.

President Roosevelt's recent visit to the state and his plain declarations of the administration's policies on the great issues of the day are believed to have had a considerable effect in bringing about the result.

Early in the campaign it appeared more than probable that material gains would be made by the democrats, and even up to a week ago the state committee members admitted they did not expect more than the usual pluralities. The gain, therefore, is all the more pleasing to the republican leaders.

The republican state ticket carried every county but one, Knox, the home of Congressman Littlefield. In four counties, however, the democrats elected their candidates for sheriff, the question being on the enforcement of the prohibitory law.

The total vote on governor is approximated 115,000, divided as follows. John F. Hill, republican, 70,000; Samuel W. Gould, democrat, 40,000; James Perrigo, prohibition, 3,500; Charles L. Fox, socialist, 1,500.

Four Congressmen Elected.

The congressmen elected are:
First district—Amos L. Allen.
Second district—Charles E. Littlefield.
Third district—Edwin C. Burleigh.
Fourth district—Llewellyn Powers.

The legislature will, as usual, be strongly republican. The senate will have one democrat in thirty-one members. The house will stand thirty democrats and 131 republicans.

Prohibition Issue in Cities.

The hardest fight was in this, Cumberland county, which contains Portland, the largest city in the state, and which two years ago elected for the first time in the state's history, a prohibition sheriff, the Rev. Samuel F. Pearson, on the distinct platform that the prohibitory law should be enforced. Mr. Pearson was true to his duty, and died in office, it is claimed through the hard work that he put in in hunting down liquor sellers.

There were three candidates this year—Melville W. Trefethen, rep.; William M. Pennell, dem., and Alfred S. Bisbee, pro. Pennell's majority was 200.

The Rev. C. S. Cummings, a Methodist, was indorsed by the republicans and prohibitionists in Androscoggin county for sheriff and was elected by 500 majority. Mr. Cummings is on a strict enforcement platform and was nominated by the republicans in the longest convention ever held in Maine, over 200 ballots being taken.

Message to the President.

Chairman Simpson of the state committee tonight sent a message to President Roosevelt, saying:

"Maine has gone republican as it once went for Gov. Kent. We have carried the state by a plurality of 25,000. Have elected the entire delegation in congress by a large majority. Have chosen every senator with one exception, and nearly if not quite four-fifths of the legislature. The Pine Tree state indorses your administration with no uncertain voice."

A message of like import was sent to Senator Hanna, also saying: "Maine has today shown her appreciation of the republican policies which have given to our country a prosperity unequaled in the history of the world."

Joseph H. Manley Pleased.

Joseph H. Manley, for twenty years chairman of the republican state committee and a member of the republican national executive committee, tonight said:

"Maine has gone republican by 25,000. The democrats elected sheriffs in a few counties purely on the enforcement of law. The victory is much larger than anticipated and exceeds the majority ever given in what is termed an off year previous to the presidential election in 1896. It proves conclusively that the democrats have not returned to the old party associations and Maine can be counted in the republican party as strongly and as surely as in the days of 1896 and 1900."

DRIVES AUTO INTO A CROWD.

Kokomo Merchant Injures a Dozen Persons in Trying to Save Himself from a Collision.

Kokomo, Ind., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Walter H. Davis of the firm of Davis & Williams of this city, drove his automobile into a crowd of people at Tipton today in order to save himself from being run down by a passenger train.

A dozen persons were knocked down. The more seriously injured were Le Roy Allen, Sarah Switson, Carrie Switson, and Leone Switson. The latter is an infant. It was knocked from its cab and a deep gash was cut in its forehead. The others were cut and bruised, but no fatalities are expected to result.

Marshal Healy followed Davis to Kokomo and filed affidavits against him for assault and battery. Davis will settle all damages. He says he either had to run into the crowd or be struck by the cars.

Auto Party Under Arrest.

Greenwich, Conn., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—A racing automobile containing three women and three men was held up by Sheriff Rich on the post road near E. C. Benedict's former home this morning. The machine was owned by William Groton of Pittsburg.

The automobile was driven at express train speed through the main street of Stamford, and Chief of Police Bauman telephoned to Sheriff Rich to stop the machine and arrest the party. The Greenwich officer stretched a stout rope across the roadway, stopped the machine, and arrested the occupants. The three women are said to be nieces of the late Robert Bonner.

KAISER BEGINS A SHAM WAR TODAY

German Emperor Takes Pains to Show Esteem for United States and Its Generals.

IS FRIEND OF ROOSEVELT

Says Visit to America is Dream of His Life Which He Fears Will Never be Realized.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Sept. 8.—The autumn maneuvers of the German army will begin tomorrow on the great plain between Frankfort-on-the-Oder and Posen, and will last for four days. The third and fifth army corps will be strongly reinforced, and together will include 90,000 men. The force will be divided into two armies, one having superior strength and the other acting on the defensive.

The maneuvers will not be essentially different from those of former years. The reports that changes in cavalry tactics and infantry formations would be disclosed in consequence of the Boer war cannot be traced to any authentic source. The German staff has the best intelligence department in Europe, and makes a scientific study of every phase of warfare, but it does not plan guerrilla campaigns on paper.

Old Time Problems Studied.

The operations of two forces of such magnitude cannot resemble anything that was done in south Africa, but will illustrate the old time problem of hunting down with a superior force an enemy capable of striking back when a vulnerable point has been exposed.

The German emperor, who has no idea of doing anything in the corner of eastern Prussia without full observation, has invited the English and American experts to witness the maneuvers. Earl Roberts will be the best possible judge of the workmanlike character of the batteries and the steadiness of the masses of infantry, and Gen. French will have a keen eye for cavalry tactics, since he introduced important changes in the British drill of mounted infantry.

Praise for American Generals.

The American generals in their new field service uniform of olive drab are severely plain and inconspicuous in comparison with the knights in gold lace of the German army, but they represent practical common sense as well as republican simplicity. Gens. Corbin and Young measure up in height among the tallest of the Saxon warriors in the German army and are close observers and ideal American soldiers. Brig. Gen. Leonard Wood, like Maj. Gen. Corbin, is an organizer and is intensely interested in the mechanism of the German military system. The three American generals are well supported by Col. Johnson and Lieut. McKinley.

Every arrangement has been made for the comfort of the emperor's guests during the maneuvers. Their presence will render the ordinary practice operations of the two corps conspicuous and the emperor will profit by much expert criticism. A large corps of military correspondents attends the maneuvers and receives official explanation every night of what is going on. I. N. F.

Kaiser Talks to Americans.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Sept. 8.—Emperor William took especial pains to show his cordiality to the United States by engaging the American generals in a half hour's conversation after dinner at the new palace at Potsdam tonight.

The emperor again expressed his high appreciation of the manner in which his brother, Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia, had been treated in the United States.

He spoke of his admiration for President Roosevelt, and said he fervently thanked God for having spared the life of the president at the time of the Pittsfield accident. Electric cars, continued his majesty, are the enemies of humanity. He referred to the number of persons who have been killed or wounded by electric cars in the streets of Berlin.

Anxious to Visit America.

Tonight, as on former occasions, the kaiser discussed the possibility of his visiting America some day. This idea evidently presents great attractions for him, but he added, regretfully, "I fear I can never realize that dream."

Dinner a Brilliant Affair.

The dinner at which the American generals were among the principal guests was given to 110 officers of the American, British, and German army, including Maj. Gens. Henry C. Corbin and Samuel B. M. Young and Brig. Gen. Wood, U. S. A., and their aids; Lieut. Col. J. B. Kerr, military attaché to the United States embassy; Commander William H. Beehler, United States naval attaché; Earl Roberts, commander-in-chief of the forces of Great Britain; Mr. Brodrick, British secretary for war; Lieut. Gen. French, and other British officers who are here for the maneuvers, the visiting German princes, and the commanding generals in charge of the maneuvers.

Talks to Commander Beehler.

Commander Beehler was invited, although he does not attend the maneuvers, because Emperor William wanted to bid him farewell before his return to the United States next month. The emperor has presented Commander Beehler with a large photograph of himself, bearing the royal autograph. He expressed his regret at the recall of the American naval attaché and asked him what new thing he had heard about the German navy. To this Commander Beehler replied: "The fog signals for vessels, which indicate the direction in which the ships are moving; they ought to be introduced into all navies."

Army Camps in Open Air.

FRANKFORT-ON-ODER, Sept. 8.—Eighty thousand soldiers are camping in the open air tonight and 12,000 more are quartered in farm houses; the troops are waiting for the four days' sham battle, on an immense scale, that will begin at dawn tomorrow.

Emperor William will arise at 3 o'clock tomorrow morning and leave Potsdam at 4 o'clock in order to be early on the field. A great blue and white pavilion, fringed with gold hangings, has been pitched on the southern shore of the Weissensee, and here Emperor William will bivouac Wednesday night. He will lead the cavalry division into action on Thursday.

There was some slight skirmishing by the cavalry today. The roads about here are in wretched condition, having been cut up by the recent rains.

CHAMPION OF THE "400."

MISS BIDDLE OF PHILADELPHIA BREAKS A LANCE FOR SOCIETY.

Writes a Book Which Deals with Fashionable Life in the East and Is an Answer to Watterson's Attack—Says True Gentlefolk Abhor Notoriety and Shun Ostentatious Display of Wealth—How Exclusive Doors Are Opened.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Miss Sarah Biddle, daughter of the late Thomas Biddle, and a member of Philadelphia's famous family, has written a book in defense of "society."

Her book is called "Letters of an American Concerning Love and Other Subjects," and will be published in November.

The book deals with fashionable life in New York, Atlantic City, and abroad, and is a good answer to Henry Watterson's recent bitter attack on the "400."

"Some of the shocking attacks written nowadays against what is termed the '400' are most unjust and uncalled for," says Miss Biddle. "A member of this so-called '400,' who has the privilege of an entrance into this charmed circle, can say that there are to be met refined men and women who abhor coarse notoriety and ostentatious display of wealth. They are people of education and high moral tone.

Willing to Welcome Outsiders.

"Among these people one finds the true gentleman and true lady clinging tenaciously and proudly to their ancestry, but most willing to open their doors to any who have earned the right of entrance. This right is the reward of natural, noble trueheartedness, a badge of real gentility and brains.

"This is the true '400' and there one does not find drinking to excess, foul speaking, and those who simply live for the dollar made. Today one sees fortunes made in a year, a month, and even in a few days. This is often done by the quickwitted American who leaves himself no time for study and culture. So he is debarred from that class of men and women who have either inherited from their forefathers the manners of the truly highbred or have educated themselves to this point.

"Not even the countries of the old world can show to the world a nobler or finer set of men and women than those who belong in the truest sense of the word, if one may use such a term in this republic, to the aristocracy of America.

Hits the Newly Rich.

"It is well said that money is the god of the American people, and for it they would sell their souls. But whom are these people made up of? Not of the aristocracy of America, composed of the old families of the land. Many are newly risen from no social position at all, save that of wealth. This is to their credit, when they learn the manners and ways of refined society.

"There are always these people to be found in society. But all the world over there are to be found in 'real society' the truly refined and cultured. There one meets quiet, refined men and women, to know whom is a privilege and an education. Into this domain no questionable class can enter. They know no '400,' where virtue and intellectuality do not constitute the highest badge of man and woman. To any worthy of it the badge is willingly given."

OLD THEATER WALLS FALL: ONE MAN IS INJURED.

Collapse of Lincoln Structure, North Clark Street, Injures a Man and Causes Terror in the Neighborhood.

One person was injured and the lives of a score or more were endangered by the collapse at 8 o'clock last evening of the walls of the building formerly occupied by the Lincoln theater, in North Clark street.

George Smith, who lives in the building situated in the rear of the former building, was struck by falling bricks and was slightly injured about the head.

When the crash was heard, the inmates of the building adjoining ran to the street in terror. A call was sent to the Larrabee street police station and when the wagon arrived it was found that the side and rear walls of the building, which was in the form of an "L," had collapsed.

The police searched the ruins, believing that some one might have been buried in the wreck, but no one was found.

From the investigation made by the police it is thought that insufficient supports for the walls caused the collapse. Fire partially destroyed the building in 1898, only the walls being left. A number of wooden supports were placed inside of the structure to hold the walls, and it is thought that the weight weakened them and finally caused them to give way. It appeared that the south wall was the first to fall and the adjoining walls then collapsed, and a moment later the iron supports of the balcony of the theater fell.

The building was built in 1890 and leased to M. F. Leavitt, the theatrical manager. It was destroyed by fire in 1893, and was then rebuilt. Since the fire of 1898 nothing has been done to it. The building at 468 North Clark street narrowly escaped being crushed. It was formerly occupied by Dr. Cronin, who was murdered. Later it was used as a hotel.

GOLD PILES UP IN TREASURY.

Store Now Amounts to $573,936,194 and Has Been Exceeded Only Once in the History of the World.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—The vaults of the United States treasury now contain $573,936,194 in gold, which is the largest sum ever deposited in one place at any time excepting the single occasion when Russia is said to have accumulated $598,000,000, eight years ago, when preparing to resume gold payments.

The United States deposits have increased $79,087,897 since July 1, 1901.

This stock of gold is now being added to at the rate of from $200,000 to $300,000 a day, with no immediate prospect of a cessation in the rate of deposits.

This condition of things is eminently satisfactory to the treasury officials, who regard it as the best possible evidence of prosperity and of confidence in the financial stability of this country.

BOY PREFERS DEATH TO SCHOOL

Harvey Applegate, Aged 14, Kills Himself Rather than Take Up His Lessons.

Muscatine, Ia., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Harvey Applegate, aged 14, committed suicide at Montezuma last night because he did not want to go to school. He was brought to town from the country by his grandparents, but obstinately refused to attend school. After being informed that he must go he procured a target rifle and killed himself

"BOODLE" AGENT EXPOSES GANG.

J. K. Murrell of St. Louis Assembly Confesses and 18 Associates Are Indicted.

COMBINED FOR BRIBERY.

Man Who Handled $75,000 Fund Returns from Mexico and Surrenders Unconditionally.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—The "boodle combine" in the St. Louis municipal assembly, with the details of all the inner workings, was fully exposed to the grand jury today by its "business agent," J. K. Murrell.

Murrell was a fugitive in Mexico and returned last Friday and confessed to Circuit Attorney Falk, making no conditions.

The grand jury was immediately convened and indictments returned against eighteen members of the gang—nine of whom were arrested this afternoon.

Men Indicted.

The men against whom the indictments are returned are:

Albright, T. E.	Lehman, Julius.
Bersch, Edmund.	Murrell, J. K.
Denny, Charles J.	Murrell, E. E.
Decker, Louis.	Madera, Adolph.
Faulkner, H. A.	Robertson, George F.
Gutke, Charles A.	Schuettler, John H.
Hartman, Emile.	Schumacher, Otto.
Hannigan, J. J.	Sheridan, John A.
Helms, John.	Tamblyn, William.
Kelly, Charles F.	

Business Agent's Confession.

J. K. Murrell made the following statement for publication today:

"I have surrendered unconditionally to the circuit attorney and have made a full and free confession. I could no longer stand the agony I endured as a fugitive from justice and the wrong done me by the parties just as guilty as I who made me their catspaw.

"I am not permitted to give the details of the evidence that I have put the circuit attorney in possession of. This will all come out on the trials, and I am willing to go on the stand and tell all I know.

Held Key to Money Box.

"I held the key to the box in the Lincoln Trust company containing the $75,000 bribe money to go to the house of delegates upon the passage of the suburban bill.

"This money was put up as the purchase price for the votes of the combine, that price having been agreed upon.

Held Regular Meetings.

"The combine of the house of delegates was composed of nineteen men. This combine held frequent meetings in the room adjoining the house of delegates' chamber. There most of the schemes to get money for votes were concocted. When the Suburban matter came up before the combine I was selected to negotiate with Philip Stock, the representative of the Suburban railway, as to the best price we could get for our votes upon the passage of the bill.

"I reported the various negotiations to the combine meetings and was instructed by the combine from time to time what to do.

Price of Votes Agreed On.

"When the price was agreed on they designated me as the person to hold the key to the box containing the $75,000, which we were to get when the bill was passed and signed by the mayor. The deposit of the money, the amount, and the conditions were duly reported by me to the combine meetings.

"I am not permitted to make the operations of the combine on this particular matter public at this time. The purpose of the combine was to control legislation and sell legislation for the benefit of the members of the combine.

Got $47,500 for Lighting Bill.

"Shortly before the suburban bill the combine sold their votes on the lighting bills for $47,500. This money was handled by Kelly, and was paid to the members of the combine at a meeting arranged for that purpose at Julius Lehmann's house. Each member of the combine received $2,500. I was present and saw that money paid to the various parties.

"These are only two instances, but there are others, evidence of which is in the possession of the circuit attorney. These two instances show, however, what has been going on in the municipal assembly.

Did Not Think It Wrong.

"We did not look upon what we did as a serious crime, as it had gone on so long without interruption that it was not regarded by those who participated in it as morally wrong. Until the present circuit attorney took office no sincere effort, apparently, was ever made to punish what was being done as a crime.

"I have lived in St. Louis all my life and have many friends here. I have been honest heretofore in all matters, and have done no man a wrong, and thought I would not take a dollar from any person unlawfully; but the practice of the combine in the assembly taking bribes was so frequent that I went along with the tide and did not realize the enormity of the offense, and my conscience was seared in that regard.

Ready to Help State.

"These boodle investigations have made me see the crime in all its hideousness. No matter what happens to me, I will do all I can to aid the circuit attorney in breaking up the boodle gang that has so long controlled affairs in this city and to atone as far as I can for my awful mistake.

"After my indictment and the commencement of the boodle prosecutions the gang got together and raised money for the purpose of fighting the cases and to retain the supremacy of the gang. This money was used to employ attorneys and for other purposes.

Had Witnesses Posted.

"Julius Lehman, Edmund Bersch, and John Helms acted as coachers or drillmasters for the witnesses who were to appear before the grand jury, though it seems they were not successful.

"I communicated with Mr. Folk through a good friend of mine who is not a member of the gang, but Mr. Folk refused to make any terms whatever or give any promise as to what he would do in case I should return. I then determined to make an unconditional surrender.

"I feel better and happier and my mind is easier now than for months. I propose to give the state all the aid in my power, and I hope that my conduct will be such that in future years I may regain the confidence of my fellow citizens."

Only One Secures Bonds.

Two indictments were returned against Henry A. Faulkner, recently convicted of

perjury and out on bond pending an appeal to the Supreme court. Up to this evening Faulkner was the only man among the nine under arrest able to give bond, William H. Swift the contractor going his surety in $30,000. The others are at the courthouse in charge of deputies.

The following were arrested this afternoon: George F. Robertson, John Helms, Otto Schumacher, T. E. Albright, John H. Schnettler, Harry A. Faulkner, Charles Gutke, J. J. Hannigan, and E. E. Murrell.

Five of the men indicted today are members of the present house of delegates the others having been defeated either for renomination or reelection.

The deal on which the indictments were found did not go through, as there was a falling out among the combine members and the bribers. The money was impounded by the court and has been forfeited. Several indictments in the case have already been found and a number of convictions secured.

The Murrell confession is expected to break up the combine and complete the work of convicting the boodlers.

Much Money for Bribes.

The February grand jury made a report on the bribery combine last April, when it indicted several members of the assembly and the officers and representatives of the Suburban railway company, whose agents deposited the $75,000 referred to in Murrell's confessions.

The Suburban railway wanted a franchise which would give valuable rights of way into the fair grounds and was willing to pay for it. Philip Stock, secretary of the brewers' combine, was employed by the Suburban company to deal with the house of delegates' combine. He agreed to pay $135,000 for the franchise. Of this sum $75,000 was deposited in a box to which Stock held one key and the combine agent, who now proves to be Murrell, held the other, and $60,000 was deposited in another place to be released to the upper branch of the assembly on the passage of the franchise bill.

This $60,000, the grand jury report declares, was not paid, owing to the failure of the bill, to Stock owing to injunctions obtained in the courts.

The combine claimed it had done all it agreed to do and insisted upon full payment of the money. The council money was withdrawn by the bribers and the $75,000 for the house was claimed by the members, Murrell refusing to open the box and allowing Stock to secure it.

The quarrel grew so bitter that news of it reached Circuit Attorney Folk, who had the courts enjoin the Safe Deposit company from allowing the box to be opened without a court order.

One Boodler a Fugitive.

Charles Kratz, one of the council combine, was indicted, and when last heard of was in Mexico, where he was joined by Murrell.

Emil A. Mysenberg, another council member, was indicted, tried, and convicted, and is now fighting the case to the Supreme court.

Julius Lehman of the house of delegates has been convicted of perjury, and several others indicted with him some months ago on the same general facts are awaiting trial.

At the trial of the Mysenberg case President Charles A. Turner of the Suburban company and one of the wealthiest men in St. Louis admitted on the stand that it was well understood in street car circles that stiff prices had to be paid for all legislation.

Other instances were referred to by the grand jury and it was estimated that these cases aggregated nearly a million dollars in bribes. One franchise for which the promoters paid $250,000 was sold shortly after for $1,250,000.

Records of the Men.

The leaders of the indicted men and their records are as follows:

BERSCH, EDMUND, insurance agent—He represented the First ward in the house of 1899-1900; served two previous terms from the old Eighth ward. He was defeated for renomination in 1901. Since his retirement he has been in business with Julius Lehman. Bersch was a supporter of the Central Traction bill. He was an opponent of the passage of the temporary lighting bill, and was with the combine in each house of which he was a member. He lives at 2027 Bissell street, and is a republican.

DENNY, CHARLES J., railroad clerk—He served his first term in the house under the Murrell régime from the Sixth ward, and was regarded as a member of the combine. He lives at 1832 South Eighth street. He is a democrat, and votes with the Sweeney-Fontana forces in the present house.

GUTKE, CHARLES A., contractor—He is a republican of the Tenth ward; was a leading member of the Murrell forces during his second term in the house. During his first term he was a leading supporter of the Central Traction bill. He lives at 3405 Osage street. He was prominently mentioned in connection with the lighting scandal.

HARTMAN, EMILE, iron merchant—He was speaker pro tem. of the house under Murrell; represented the Ninth ward. He is a republican and lives at 2807 South Seventh street. Hartman was one of the most effusive supporters of the combine's lighting policy. He was the youngest member of the house, and had served a previous term, during which he voted for the Central Traction bill. He was defeated for reelection.

MURRELL, EDWARD E., liveryman—He was elected to the house of delegates from the old Twenty-first ward and was a member of the house which passed the Central Traction bill. He was reelected in 1901, and is a member of the present house. When the house was organized in May, 1899, Murrell was a candidate for speaker, but was defeated by William M. Tamblyn. Two months later, the combine unseated Tamblyn and placed Murrell in the speaker's chair. It was during his incumbency of the speakership that the Suburban franchise legislation was brought up and the combine formed to distribute $75,000.

MADERA, ADOLPH, saloonkeeper — He is a republican and served from the Seventh ward in the house of 1899 and had been in the previous house, where he supported the Central Traction bill. Madera was a supporter of Murrell and the combine throughout the lighting scandal. His name was so prominently connected with the latter unpleasantness that he failed to get a renomination in 1901, and Henry Pfeffer succeeded him.

ROBERTSON, GEORGE, liveryman—He represented the Twenty-sixth ward in the last house, was also in the former house, and voted for the Central Traction bill. He is a democrat and lives at 4422 Cottage avenue. Robertson was "rolled" for renomination in 1901.

SCHUMACHER, OTTO, brewery agent—He was elected to the house in 1896 from the Second ward, served two previous terms from the old Sixth ward. He was originally in the commission business. His record in the three houses to which he belonged was that of a combine man.

SCHNETTLER, JOHN H., grocer—Lives at 901 Lami street. He was the delegate from the Eighth ward in the last house. He is a democrat and was aligned with the Murrell combine, but was never conspicuous in its councils. He retired from political activity at the close of his term and gave his entire attention once more to his grocery business.

SHERIDAN, JOHN A., known as "Kid," occupation uncertain, often "wine agent." Address is 917 Morgan street—Represented the Fourth ward in the last house after the house combine having first elected Murrell as speaker and ousted William Vogel from the house, and seated him. Sheridan's vote clinched the grip of the new combine, and he continued to occupy a seat from the ward, but drew no salary, as Vogel succeeded in keeping an injunction or some other legal obstacle between him and the city treasury. Sheridan, who is a democrat, sought a renomination, but was defeated by Thomas E. Kinney, the present delegate.

MISTAKEN FOR DEER AND SHOT.

Another Fatal Accident in the Adirondacks, a Cleveland Man Being the Latest Victim.

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Herbert Short of Cleveland, N. Y., was shot and mortally wounded in the Adirondacks in mistake for a deer last night by his companion. Short is at a Utica hospital and is not expected to live through the night. Last night Short, Morenus, and Edward Winn arranged for a hunt in the vicinity of their camp near Onekio, south of Fulton chain. For a distance they proceeded together, and then they separated. It was shortly before 8 o'clock when Short and Winn met and started for the camp together. Morenus in the meantime had heard and seen the two starting for camp, and thinking that in walking along they might scare up a deer he crossed the tracks and waited near a runway. The men came along and Morenus, taking them for deer, fired.

YOUNG FAIRBANKS ARRESTED.

Son of United States Senator Mistaken for Horse Thief by Zealous Indiana Marshal.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Robert Fairbanks, a son of Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, was detained at Covington, Ind., as a horse thief for a short time. He was riding his horse from the home of his uncle at Marshall, Ill., to his home in this city. A few days before he reached Covington a circular had been received giving the description of a horse stolen in Illinois. The horse ridden by Fairbanks fitted the description in the police circular. When Fairbanks sought his horse early the next morning the marshal captured him, and kept him until some of the senator's friends heard of the affair and persuaded the marshal that he was mistaken.

EUROPE UNEASY OVER MONROEISM

London Press Declares Doctrine Must Be Enlarged or Abandoned.

MORAL IN HAYTI AFFAIR,

Peril to Peace of Europe in Frequent Revolts of American Republics.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 9, 3 a. m.—London newspapers see ominous possibilities in the action of the German gunboat Panther, which on Sunday destroyed the Haytian gunboat Crete-a-Pierrot.

It is generally conceded that the incident itself will not lead to complications between the United States and Germany. But it is pointed out by several leader writers that the Monroe doctrine must either be enlarged, limited, or surrendered.

Sees Peril for Future.

The Daily Telegraph holds that the precedent established by this vigorous application of the "mailed fist," if followed, cannot fail to bring about a situation of perilous tension. The strict principles, the paper says, with which American statesmen regard Monroeism are one thing; the susceptibilities of the American people are another. The latter might become excited where the former were not technically contravened by an incident such as the sinking of the Crete-a-Pierrot.

The Telegraph adds: "There is no doubt that Germany was perfectly within her legal rights in sinking the Crete-a-Pierrot, and she has secured a permanent and scrupulous respect for her mercantile flag throughout South American waters. No international complications will follow, but it is impossible to overlook the danger that some similar incident in the future may drop the spark into the magazine of the Monroe doctrine."

Must Enlarge Monroe Doctrine.

The Telegraph concludes with the opinion that the Monroe doctrine must either be widened or surrendered, and since it will never be abandoned, that it will inevitably be expanded. It says in conclusion: "The Monroe doctrine has its duties as well as its rights. The United States cannot permanently defend the latter without assuming the former, and unless she consents to set up a court of claims at Washington for all South American republics and creates a naval force strong enough to insure acceptance of her arbitration, there will always be danger that future incidents such as the sinking of the Crete-a-Pierrot may act on American popular opinion like the blowing up of the Maine."

Limitations to Monroeism.

The Morning Post says the incident is particularly valuable as introducing some necessary limitations to Monroeism as set forth by President Roosevelt, and asks "If the punitive process should involve the occupation of territory for its purposes what would be the attitude of the United States?"

The Daily News publishes a striking analogy of the personal characteristics of Emperor William and President Roosevelt and refers to the possibilities of two men "of such amazing energy, who have so far only served their apprenticeship" being brought into a "conflict so powerful and so piquant that the faintest hint of it is sufficient to send a wave of excitement throughout the continents.

President Roosevelt's Tact.

"If the Panther's action was meant as a hint to America, President Roosevelt," continues the News, "has astutely turned a blind eye to the signal; he declines to see any hint. A smaller man than the president would be tempted, under such circumstances, to play to the galleries. He has acted with characteristic good sense in brushing the matter aside as a trivial incident which has illuminated by its brief flash the vast sea of possibilities that would have to be faced should the old world ever come into direct conflict with Monroeism."

The Standard says: "Germany has resented interference with her commerce by the anarchical West Indian blacks and has performed a regular and commonplace action with the maximum of emphasis, and that is all."

Press Comment in Berlin.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Sept. 8.—The most complete satisfaction over the action of the commander of the Panther in sinking the Haytian rebel gunboat Crete-a-Pierrot prevails in all parties. The Vossische Zeitung, the organ of the liberals, says that the sinking of the Crete-a-Pierrot is of an importance not to be underrated in the interests of all civilized powers in Central American waters. These powers have put up with too much there until finally a warning example has been given that must not be overlooked even outside of Hayti.

No Protection in Monroeism.

The Berliner Tageblatt says that the Monroe doctrine offers no protection against a violation of international law when European powers are in question.

The National Zeitung says that the ship of the pretender Firmin was quite unjustified in seizing the arms and ammunition on board the Markomannia. Although the Markomannia was released, the German government could not allow the insolence of the Haytian rebels and pirates to go unpunished.

The Berlin Post hopes that the chastisement will serve as a lesson to all revolutionists of Central and South America who have the effrontery to interfere with international trade; that Germany, at any rate, is unwilling to allow her flag to be insulted by these ephemeral governments with impunity.

Report on Crete-a-Pierrot.

The marine ministry has given out the following official report of the sinking of the Firminist gunboat, Crete-a-Pierrot:

"Capt. Eckermann of the Panther had received orders to capture the piratical gunboat, Crete-a-Pierrot. The Panther went from Port-au-Prince to Gonaives, where it completely surprised the Crete-a-Pierrot. The German commandant sent the following ultimatum:

"'Strike your colors within fifteen minutes and disembark from your ship without undertaking any defensive measures whatever, otherwise an immediate attack will follow.'

"The Panther had already cleared for action. The Crete-a-Pierrot hauled down its flag within the allotted time and the crew disembarked. The Panther then intended to take the Crete-a-Pierrot in tow, but an explosion of the after powder magazine soon occurred, which was evidently effected by the Crete-a-Pierrot's crew. The explosion set the vessel on fire, rendering taking it in tow impossible, especially as further explosions followed.

"As this was regarded as a hostile act, and as the guns afore were still in condition, the Panther's captain caused the forward magazine to be exploded through a cannonade. After this was exploded the Crete-a-Pierrot broke up and sank. The admiral was on board with the rebels. Gonaives is in the hands of the rebels."

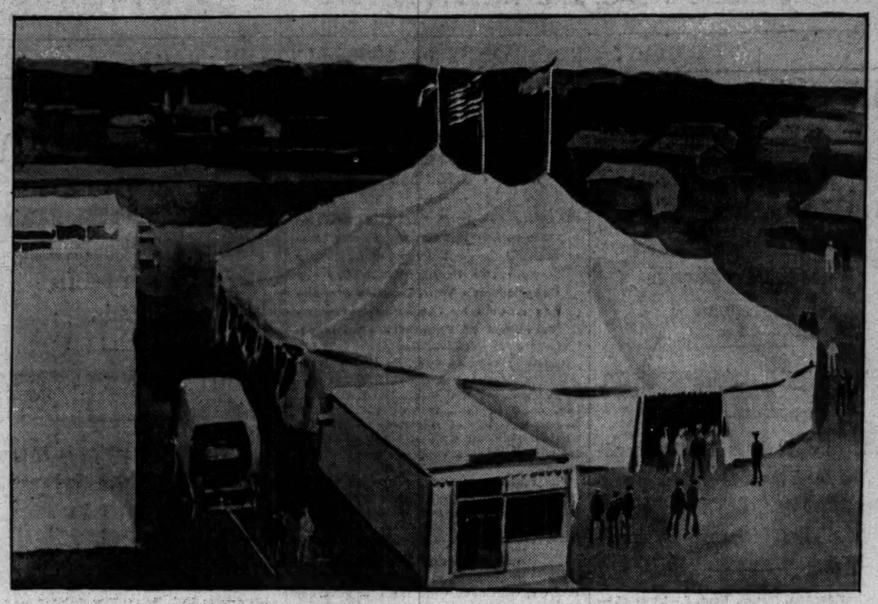
KILL BIG SCHOOL OF WHALES.

Village of Hillswich, on Shetland Islands, Turns Out and Slaughters 166 of Them.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 8.—A great whale hunt took place at Hillswich, in the Shetland islands, last Saturday. On that day a school of herring whales was reported approaching the village and the entire fishing population put to sea aboard of everything that would float. They drove the whales ashore and slaughtered 166 of them. The longest whale measured thirty-five feet.

TENT USED BY TOM L. JOHNSON IN HIS CIRCUS CAMPAIGN OF OHIO.



The unique caravan which is touring Ohio in behalf of Tom L. Johnson as a prospective candidate for president and for the democratic candidates for secretary of state and other Ohio offices halted at Norwalk yesterday, where a meeting was held. The tent seats 3,500 persons. There are ten wagons in the caravan, which travels in the regular circus style of early days, with a trailing of lemonade sellers and fakers. The seats are piled twenty feet high on the first three wagons, tents, stakes, and baggage following. The manager of the outfit rides at the head of the procession, and gives his orders to a mounted bugler. The twenty men who assist him are dressed in khaki trousers and blouses, with blue shirts and campaign hats. Mayor Johnson travels in an automobile. The photograph was taken at Lorain, where the first stop was made, on Saturday.

CHINA IS OPEN FOR TRADE

TREATY ABOLISHING THE LIKIN TAX IS COMPLETE.

New Agreement Regarded in London as a Triumph for British Diplomacy—Concurrence of the Powers Is Necessary—Russia and France May Object—Anxiety in England for the Island of St. Vincent—Boer Generals Begin Tour.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 9, 3 a. m.—The new Anglo-Chinese treaty is hailed as a signal triumph for British diplomacy, and Sir James MacKay's achievement in persuading the Chinese government to strike off the heaviest fetters that have hitherto impeded foreign commerce with the celestial empire is lauded to the skies.

It is fully recognized here, however, that the abolition of the likin cannot become an accomplished fact without the concurrence of all the powers. Russia has not yet disclosed her hand. Her commercial interests in China are inconsiderable, and she may object to an arrangement which will be principally for the benefit of England. Certainly whatever Russia does will be duly supported by France.

All the Powers Benefited.

On the other hand, the advantage to all nations having important commercial relations with China is manifest, and no opposition is anticipated from America or Germany. It is hoped that Russia and France will consider the treaty on its merits, and not allow economic reform to be blocked by any of the difficulties and jealousies which are only too apt to make the European concert inharmonious and ineffective; but even assuming that all the powers approve Sir James MacKay's agreement, the task of carrying it out cannot fail to be one of immense difficulty.

Anxiety for St. Vincent.

Further news from the island of St. Vincent is awaited with painful interest. The future of the island is in jeopardy, and investigation from a scientific standpoint seems absolutely necessary. Secretary Chamberlain has given no indication of his intentions in the matter, but it is believed that he favors the appointment of a commission of inquiry.

Boer Generals Begin Tour.

According to present arrangements, the Boer generals will leave London today for Holland. A program setting forth future plans, and also specifying what means they intend to take in order to raise funds for alleviating the poverty and distress caused by the war in south Africa, will be published shortly.

Haytian Incident Not Understood.

The sinking of the Haytian gunboat by the German warship has not provoked much comment in the English press, possibly owing to the fact that the precise cause of the trouble is not really understood. The Pall Mall Gazette says Germany is no doubt burning to prove to an admiring world that she has not built a navy for nothing.

Nance O'Neil in "Camille."

Miss Nance O'Neil appeared in "Camille" at the Adelphi theater last night. A handsomer or more attractive heroine of this uncomfortable and unconvincing drama has never been seen in London. Her performance was greeted with enthusiasm.

CUBAN HOUSE TAKES UP LOAN.

Various Suggestions Made Regarding Best Method of Borrowing $35,000,000 It Is Intended to Secure.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, Sept. 8.—The house of representatives today discussed the bill providing for a loan of $35,000,000. An amendment was offered providing that the loan consist of two issues, one of $4,000,000 and the other of $31,000,000, if the president so desires, but both issues to be part of the same transaction, to be covered by the customs revenue in general and 10 per cent of the customs and the tax on the consumption of alcohol in particular.

The amount that would be raised from the second source is estimated at $1,500,000. It was decided not to establish a lottery. This motion had the support of a majority of the members, but objections were raised.

Another amendment was submitted proposing a loan of $40,000,000, which should not be made until the budget was passed. The proposer of the second amendment censured the executive for attempting to have the loan bill passed before the budget was approved.

It was also proposed that the ordinary budget be made to show a surplus of $3,000,000, thus meeting the requirements of the Platt amendment.

THREE KILLED IN RAX ALPS.

Victims Who Died Last Sunday Bring Total for Present Season Up to Thirty-two.

VIENNA, Sept. 8.—There were three fatal Alpine accidents last Sunday. Three members of the Vienna Social and Touring club, while ascending the Rax Alps, lost their way. Two of the climbers fell a distance of 600 feet and were killed. The third member of the party, who survived, was obliged to stand upright upon a narrow ledge of rock from noon of Sunday until 10 o'clock Monday morning, when he was rescued.

A maker of musical instruments, while on a climbing expedition, fell and broke his neck on the Kiestergesteig, near Vienna.

The death record on the Rax Alps for the present season has now reached the total of thirty-two persons.

LIPTON WILL CHALLENGE SOON.

London Merchant Ready to Try Again for the America Cup if No One Else Will.

ROTHESAY, Scotland, Sept. 8.—Sir Thomas Lipton said he would mail a formal challenge for the America cup to the New York Yacht club within two or possibly three weeks. If, however, in the meantime any British yachtsman or combination of yachtsmen challenged they would have his cordial assistance and the use of the Shamrock I. as a trial horse, absolutely free of cost.

Races May Be Earlier.

New York, Sept. 8.—No steps toward building a new cup defender will be taken until Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge is at hand. It is stated that an early challenge is expected, as it is known that Lipton is anxious to sail the races in the trade winds of August, which are steadier than the breezes which prevail in September and October.

VINCENT'S RIVER OF FIRE.

VOLCANO CHANGES FACE OF BRITISH ISLAND.

New Ridges, Valleys, and Ravines Are Formed by Almost Constant Eruption of La Soufriere—Land Spreads Farther Seaward—Northwestern Estates Are Covered with from Ten to Twenty Inches of Gritty Substance—Arrow Root and Cocoa Are Ruined.

KINGSTOWN, Island of St. Vincent, Saturday, Sept. 6.—[Delayed.]—The eruption of La Soufriere has been constant since Sept. 3. The Rabacca river is a stream of fire a quarter of a mile or more wide. The greater part of the Rabacca estate is wrapped in vapor and there are mimic eruptions everywhere. The river bed is continuously throwing up columns and dense clouds of steam, mud, and pebbles. The land has spread farther seaward and is changing considerably the appearance of the district.

The mountain is considerably lower than before Sept. 3 and the appearance of the summit has changed. A large proportion has evidently been blown off and the hill has a much more jagged contour.

New ridges, valleys, and a strange ravine have been cut in the west side of the volcano, down to what was formerly the Carib settlement of Haracal.

The northwestern estates, Petit Hordelle and Sharpes, are covered with from ten to twenty inches of gritty substance. The crops of arrowroot and cocoa are ruined.

Fifty laborers, working within the fire zone on Wednesday, were overwhelmed by an electric storm, but managed to escape.

All the Islands in Danger.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Sept. 8.—M. Camille Flammarion, the well known scientist, expresses the opinion that the revival of volcanic activity in the West Indies is a menace to all the French and English islands in the Antilles. He believes that the northwestern portion of Martinique will finally disappear altogether.

Prof. Lacroix is going to Martinique to establish a number of signal stations near Pelee. These posts will be united by telephone with Fort de France, in order to give timely notice of threatening signs and enable the authorities to take precautions.

There was a violent earthquake shock at Pau, department of Basses Pyrenees, at 2:30 o'clock this morning. It lasted six seconds.

Earthquake in India.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

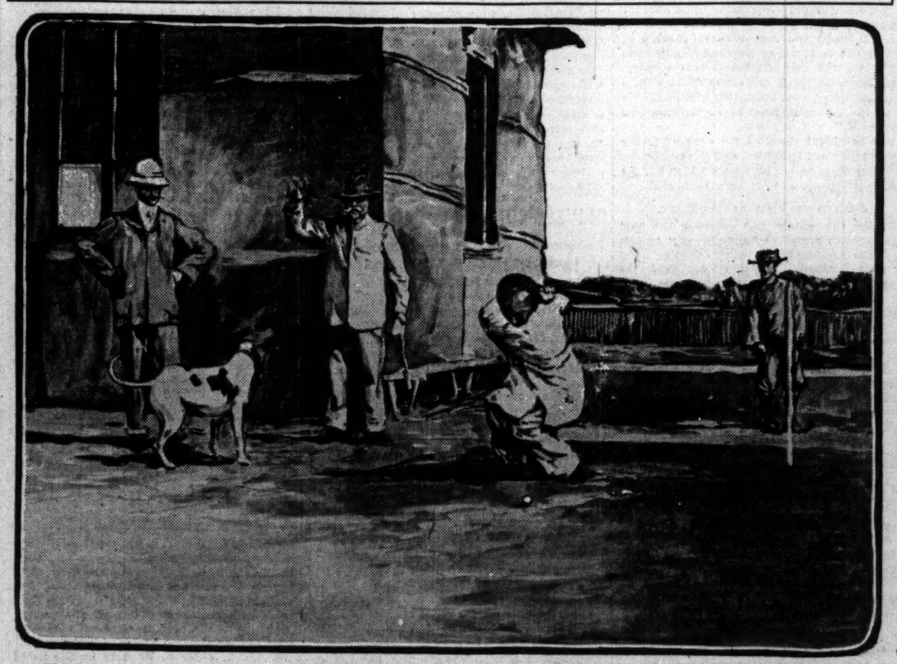
CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.—An earthquake has shaken the whole of the alluvial basin of Assam and Chittagong. The inhabitants are terror stricken, and as astrologers prophesy a terrible convulsion shortly.

ALBANIAN INSULT TO RUSSIA.

Household Goods Sent to Establish a Consulate at Mitrovitza Seized by Native Chief.

BELGRADE, Servia, Sept. 8.—Household goods sent from Constantinople to establish a Russian consulate at Mitrovitza have been seized by Chief Boljetinaz of the Albanians. Russia demands that Boljetinaz be banished.

GOLF IN CHINA—LALI SUNG, CADDIE CHAMPION, DRIVING.



This is a snapshot of Lali Sung, the caddie champion of China, driving from the tee at Shanghai. The championship was held under the auspices of the Shanghai club early in August. The conditions were one round of the ladies' course to be played with iron clubs in the presence of a foreign umpire. The last precaution was deemed advisable in view of the general character of the Chinese. The small competitors, however, played in the most sportsmanlike way and manifested the keenest interest in the proceedings. An English resident of Shanghai makes the comment, "It is thus that golf plays its beneficent part in civilizing mankind," and quotes the poet:

Where'er the English speaking sportsman roams,
Whate'er may be his objects and his aims,
No matter what the nation is,
His first consideration is
To teach the blessed foreigner his games.

REMORSE TELLS A SECRET

NEW ORLEANS WOMAN REVEALS MYSTERY OF FRIEND'S DEATH.

Drowning of Earl C. Lukens on Evening of Aug. 31 Believed to Have Been an Accident Until Mrs. Kate Jarreau Confesses to Coroner That She Pushed Him from Deck of Yacht—Another Member of the Party Disappears with Dead Man's Wife.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—A woman's conscience compelled her to reveal today the mystery in the death of Earl C. Lukens, manager of the New Orleans branch of the International Correspondence school. Lukens was believed to have been accidentally drowned on the evening of Aug. 31.

On that evening a party boarded the yacht Indian for a sail down the river. On the yacht's return it was announced that Lukens had accidentally fallen overboard and drowned. His body was recovered two days later. At the time it was believed that the party on the yacht was made up of men only.

Woman Pushed Him Overboard.

Today Mrs. Kate Jarreau, the young wife of a traveling man, confessed to Coroner Richard that she was one of the party on the yacht, and that she had pushed Lukens overboard.

Mrs. Jarreau said that she had been bantered by Lukens and had warned him that if he kept on she would throw him overboard. He had continued, and she had made good her threat. He did not come up at once, but the members of the party were not alarmed, as he was a splendid swimmer. Finally the crowd had become frightened and a search was made for the body. It had been unsuccessful.

Mrs. Jarreau went on to say that she had wished to tell the truth about the affair on the night of the drowning, but had been prevented by Hans Reig, a member of the party, who had warned everybody that in justice to her good name they should all stick to the accident theory.

Mrs. Jarreau is held by the police as a material witness, inasmuch as the coroner recalled the fact that when, two days after the drowning, Lukens' body had been recovered, there had been a nasty bruise on the head.

After Mrs. Jarreau told her story a search was made for Reig, and it was discovered that he had left the city.

Dead Man's Wife Disappears.

It was also learned that Reig had been a constant cavalier of Mrs. Lukens, wife of the dead man, and that prior to purchasing his own ticket Reig had bought her transportation for St. Louis. The records of the coroner's office showed that Reig had secured the money found on Lukens' person on an order signed by the widow.

The police are now after Reig and Mrs. Lukens. Except for the fact that they were headed for St. Louis when they left New Orleans Saturday morning there is no clew to their whereabouts.

Reig has been in New Orleans for some years. He was an advertising man and for a time worked in Ohio on different dailies. He left a wife here. Mrs. Lukens is comparatively young and quite handsome. She and her husband had not been on good terms for some months.

The other young men who completed the yachting party are men of prominence in yachting and business circles.

YOUTH DROWNS IN FUTILE ATTEMPT TO SAVE A GIRL.

Supports Her in the Water Until Rescuers Are Near, When Both Sink—Others in Capsized Boat Escape.

Grand Haven, Mich., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Harry Ford and Effie Reams were drowned in Spring lake this noon by the capsizing of a small sailboat in which a party of seven had been sailing. Ford went to the assistance of Miss Reams after she had slipped from the boat's bottom, to which the whole party was clinging, and died in trying to save her. There was a heavy gale and sea at the time. Ford remained with the young woman fully ten minutes. With help coming, 300 yards away, he suddenly sank with his burden, never to rise again. Ford was 22 years old and a college athlete. He was a son of J. C. Ford, president of the Spring Lake Iron company. Miss Reams was 19 years old and lived in Kalamazoo. Those rescued by the crew of the steamer Fannie M. Rose were two young men, named True, from Chicago; their 14 year old sister, Miss Reams' brother from Kalamazoo, and a Grand Rapids young man named Gage.

SWINDLES A WOMAN TEACHER.

Under Pretense of Bringing Three Pupils to Private School Stranger Fleeces Miss Anna Murray.

On the pretense that a wealthy cattle raiser from Arizona was at the Union stockyards and wished to arrange to bring his three daughters to Chicago and place them in a private school, a man succeeded in fleecing Miss Anna Murray, who conducts that kind of an institution in Fifth avenue, out of $10 yesterday.

When Miss Murray entered her office in the morning a man presented a note in which the writer, purporting to be Daniel R. Riordan, superintendent of the Arizona Cattle company of Preston, Ariz., stated that he was at the yards with seventeen cars of cattle. He said he was so busy selling cattle he could not come to the city to see Miss Murray and asked her to come out to the yards.

Miss Murray decided to meet the westerner so anxious to give his daughters an education. Then the man who presented the letter declared he was unable to get a pass to the yards, and asked enough money to purchase their tickets. He added that Mr. Riordan would refund the money. Thinking the man honest she gave him $10, but he never came back.

PREACHER CHARGES A PLOT.

Former Member of Wisconsin Methodist Conference Will Present Wholesale Charges at Milwaukee Today.

Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—The Rev. Thomas Clithero of Portage, once a prominent member of the Wisconsin Methodist conference, will present sensational charges at the meeting of that body at Milwaukee to morrow.

Mr. Clithero asserts that he has been the victim of a malignant persecution; that when he was preaching he was deprived of his right to preach; that when he obtained secular employment as express agent his enemies secured his dismissal; that his wife joined his enemies and that they had him incarcerated in an insane hospital for five months when he was perfectly sane; that he was made a delegate to the general conference to quiet him; and many other charges.

Mr. Clithero gives quotations from letters by Bishop Andrews, the Rev. H. P. Haylett, the Rev. W. H. Chenoweth, and the Rev. J. H. Nelson to corroborate his charges.

OCEAN TURNED INTO RED SEA.

Atlantic for Miles Off Maryland Coast Covered with Crimson Substance an Inch Thick.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—The Atlantic ocean for some thirty miles off the Maryland coast was turned into a red sea today. The curious phenomena was seen by the passengers and crew of the steamer Chesapeake, Capt. Delano, which arrived here today. For miles south of Fenwick island the usually dark green billows were a blood red. Bucketfuls of the water was brought up on deck, and it was found the red matter covered the surface of the sea about an inch thick, a sort of a mud formation, red on top and gray underneath. It is believed the matter was originally dust from the West Indian volcanoes caught up in storm clouds, swept across the sea northward, and poured out with rain in this latitude. Botties filled with the colored matter will be sent to Johns Hopkins university for analysis.

BIG CROWD SEES JOHNSON'S CIRCUS

Unique Campaign by Ohio Democrats Draws Farmers to Norwalk.

SPELLBINDERS IN AUTO.

Cleveland Mayor Denounces Republican Policies and Invites Questions.

Norwalk, O., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—The tooting of horns and the "chugging" of an automobile signalized the entry of Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland into Norwalk this evening. "Hooray for Johnson," was the cry of the enthusiasts who had assembled in front of the hotel to get a view of Cleveland's mayor. Mr. Johnson was pleased at the reception.

The mayor's party proceeded to Elyria from Cleveland by train and completed the journey to Norwalk in the horseless carriage. Only one accident happened. One of the tires on the machine was punctured, occasioning a delay of forty minutes.

The large, red machine created no little furore in quiet Norwalk as it passed through the main street. Horses shied at it and the inhabitants stared at it in bewilderment.

Farmers' Rigs Fill the City.

Early in the afternoon farmers and persons living in the vicinity of Norwalk arrived in town, bent upon grasping the pearls of democratic eloquence as they dropped from the mouths of Mayor Johnson and the other spellbinders. Every hitching post in town was utilized and the main street in this respect resembled a vast livery stable.

The big tent began to fill early. There was a noticeable sprinkling of the fair sex in the crowd, which was a good humored one. The people surged about the two entrances to the auditorium and crowded in. The benches and front seats were taken early and then the circus seats around the edge of the tent were filled.

Before those on the platform in the tent were seated a laughable incident happened. Mayor Johnson singled out a bench which presented a strong appearance. Appearances were deceitful, for when the rotund mayor seated himself the bench broke. However, he retained his balance and seated himself on a different bench.

Senator Hanna Is Attacked.

The Rev. Mr. Bigelow, candidate for secretary of state, the first speaker, spoke of the hardships experienced by Mayor Johnson's 3 cent fare scheme, and laid all the opposition to it at the door of Senator Hanna and the other members of the republican party in Cleveland.

"By their maneuvers," said he, "3 cent fare in Cleveland is still held in abeyance, and the progress of the scheme has been blocked."

Echo M. Heisley, a Cleveland politician, then spoke. He invited Judge Thomas, a Norwalk republican representative in the Ohio legislature, to take the platform and defend his principles, but Judge Thomas was not in the audience. He took occasion to condemn Senator Hanna for going to Columbus to propose the perpetual street railway franchise proposition. He said that when Senator Hanna learned of the stand taken by Ohio democracy in regard to perpetual franchises, he at once disclaimed fostering the proposed franchise amendment to the municipal code.

Johnson Willing to Debate.

At the conclusion of Mr. Heisley's speech Mayor Johnson was introduced. He was greeted with much applause.

"I've spoken many times in this tent," said Mayor Johnson, "and, God willing, I'll speak many more times under its roof. I presume that there are many republicans in this audience. I wish to say that I invite any republican to debate with us, Mark Hanna himself not being barred. We intend to go to republican counties and call upon the republican leaders to answer our arguments."

The mayor then spoke of the efforts of the democrats to procure better taxation laws at the hands of the legislature, and the courts. "This is going to be a great movement, and it will sweep over Ohio and overwhelm the republican party, this question of just taxation," said the mayor.

At this point a train on a nearby railroad passed and drowned the mayor's remarks.

"Hold on," he said, "I can tax these railroads, but I can't talk against them.

"On these subjects we will go about the state and speak on them," said the mayor when the noise had subsided, "provided our tent will last."

Invites Questions on Policies.

Mayor Johnson then invited questions from those in the audience.

"Why shouldn't the people instead of the politicians, and political parties govern the country?" was a question asked.

"I believe the people should rule," said the mayor, "but the only way to accomplish that is to follow leaders who have really the welfare of the people at heart. By electing men who will do the people's bidding the people will rule."

"I'll not take up your time any further," said Mayor Johnson in conclusion. "Our watchword is 'Home rule and just taxation,' and we will go through the state giving out these sentiments."

The caravan will move to Bellevue, where a meeting will be held tomorrow night.

HALSTEAD IN CONGRESS RACE.

Veteran Editor and Author Seeks to Represent the Second Ohio District Republicans.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 8.—Murat Halstead, the veteran editor and author, is a candidate for the republican nomination for congress in the Second Ohio district, represented in the last three congresses by Jacob H. Bromwell. There are several others seeking the nomination.

BUTTER MEN INDORSE THREE.

Elgin Board of Trade Asks Support for Senator Spooner and Congressmen Henderson and Tawney.

Elgin, Ill., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—The Elgin board of trade today passed a resolution reciting the services of Senator Spooner of Wisconsin, Representative Henderson of Iowa, and Representative Tawney of Minnesota in helping to secure the passage of the oleomargarine law, and calls upon all dairymen of those states to stand by them now that they are being opposed for reelection.

BIG GAMBLING ON TRANSPORT.

Thousands Won and Lost by Soldiers Returning from the Philippines on the Buford.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—The soldiers who returned from the Philippines on the transport Buford from Manila tell stories of the heavy gambling by soldiers while the transport was crossing the ocean. The Buford carried over 900 men who had been paid from $100 to $500 each before the ship left Manila.

A member of the Sixth cavalry won $8,000 from his comrades and a private in company E, Eighth regiment, won $3,000.

After receiving their wages in Manila the soldiers were kept in quarantine and they had no chance to spend any money in that city.

The soldiers say it was not uncommon to see $500 stacked on the turn of a card at monte, and that two soldiers in the Eighth infantry shot craps for $1,750.

Nominated for Congress.

State.	District.	Nominee.	Politics.
Colorado	2	J. C. Bell	Dem.
Wisconsin	9	E. Decker	Dem.

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SEES TEETH; SAYS "IT'S BARTHOLIN"

Dentist Waach Makes Certain the Identification of the Iowa Suicide.

NEW WOMAN IN CASE.

Murderer's Death Leaves the Strange Case a Seemingly Inexplicable Mystery.

All doubt as to the complete identification of the body of William J. Bartholin, found in the flax field near Richville, Ia., was dispelled last night when Dr. H. C. Waach, Bartholin's dentist, declared that the crown and bridge work on the teeth of the lower jawbone taken from the body had been put into Bartholin's mouth by him six years ago.

Dr. Waach went further than this. He recognized the sound teeth in the jaw as belonging to Bartholin, and gave his reasons for being positive in his recollection. The identification being complete, Lieut. Andrew Rohan declared that so far as Bartholin's connection with the case was concerned the police were satisfied the end of their investigations had been reached.

Dentist Identifies the Teeth.

Dr. Waach met Lieut. Rohan in the office of Dr. A. J. Coey, in the Venetian building, at 6 o'clock in the evening. He was shown the lower jawbone taken from Bartholin's body.

"After seeing that work on the teeth there is no doubt in my mind that it is the same work I did for William Bartholin in 1896," said the dentist. "I recognize it from the nature of the gold used, and also from the general makeup and character of the work. I can identify the front teeth as Bartholin's, also. I speak of his natural teeth. At the time he came to me he had had his upper teeth taken out. I remember saying to him that it was a shame that he should have lost them, because, from the nature of his remaining lower teeth, there was no doubt in my mind but that his uppers might have been saved. So, having that conversation with him at the time, my attention was, of course, naturally drawn to the condition and shape of these natural incisor teeth.

"To prove further that the bridges were made by the same man, there is a die plate made and handled by most of the dental supply houses after which these cusps were swedged. The cusps here can be identified. I forget the name of the die plate, but I can produce it at any time. These teeth can be identified from that particular die plate used at that time.

Remembers About the Bill, Too.

"More than that, if you want any further identification you will find in these cusps a copper alloy of gold, thinner than the average gold used by dentists. I made for William Bartholin an upper plate at that time, but I do not think that he could have been wearing the same plate at the time of his death, because when I made it he had not had his teeth out long, and it is not likely that the plate would have fitted him for more than a year or two after it was made."

Dr. Waach threw a little additional light on Bartholin's methods by adding that the mother had been forced to pay the greater part of his dentist bill, and that it had never been paid in full.

Suspects Are Still in Jail.

No effort was made during the day to secure the release of Oscar Thompson, Daddy Clafty, or Edward Counselman from the county jail on writs of habeas corpus. Former Judge Longenecker visited the offices of the state's attorney during the afternoon with the papers necessary to institute proceedings for Counselman before Judge Neely, but after a talk with Mr. Deneen left the building without going through the formality.

"Mr. Deneen said that he wished to talk the case over with the police," said Mr. Longenecker, "and he intimated that the matter might be brought before the special grand jury, which resumes its work tomorrow morning. At the farthest the cases will come up before the regular September grand jury in a week. The costs connected with the habeas corpus proceedings, which will amount to $15, are quite an item to my client, and I have made up my mind to let the matter go on for a time."

Attorney Meagher, representing Thompson and Claffy, appeared in the state's attorney's office late in the afternoon and asked that a day be set for habeas corpus proceedings for his clients. After a talk he, too, agreed to let the disposition of the cases go over to the regular grand jury.

Dvorak's Ring Is Explained.

The story came from Riceville yesterday that John F. Dvorak, who was said to have been a close friend of Bartholin after he fled from Chicago, was wearing a ring which was thought to have belonged to Minnie Mitchell. Dvorak declared that he had received the ring from his fiancée, Miss Lizzie Patch, of 407 West Nineteenth street, and this statement was corroborated by Miss Patch.

"I have known Mr. Dvorak for eight months," said Miss Patch. "I never heard him speak Bartholin's name, however, and am positive that he did not know the man up to the last time we were together. I gave him a solid gold ring in April and as far as I know he still wears it. It resembled an ordinary wedding ring. He gave me a diamond ring. The ring that he still wears is undoubtedly the one I gave him.

"I never heard of Bartholin until I saw his name in the newspapers in connection with the murder of his mother and sweetheart. It was a complete surprise to me to hear that Mr. Dvorak had met Bartholin in Iowa. I have no doubt that they met for the first time on the train. I do not know anything of the letters said to have been written to Bartholin by some Chicago woman."

Miss Patch's statements were confirmed in every particular by other members of the family.

Another Woman in the Case.

The latest feature in the case to baffle the police is the letter written to Bartholin by some unknown woman in Chicago. The letter showed that the woman knew where the murderer was in hiding and the name which he had assumed. Bartholin received the letter at Riceville on Aug. 25. At that time he was working for Charles Hoeft, a farmer five miles from the village. Hoeft, who secured the letter at the postoffice, says it was addressed in a woman's handwriting. Some days later Hoeft saw the letter lying on the kitchen floor and started to read it.

"My dearest Will," it began, "lay low, get along as best you can until we arrange the money matter. It is not all fixed up yet. Keep a stiff upper lip and I will soon be able to help you."

When Hoeft had read that far he saw Bartholin coming toward the house and he dropped the letter, without having time to see how it was signed. That afternoon Bartholin told Hoeft that he was going to "move on."

It is surmised that the fugitive saw Hoeft reading the letter, feared that his identity had been discovered, and dared not remain on the farm longer. The letter was not found on his body, so he must have destroyed it.

As Much a Mystery as Ever.

The finding and identification of the body does not diminish the mystery attaching to the Bartholin case in its details. Whether that mystery ever will be explained remains to be seen. If it be made plain to the public it must come through confessions made by Bartholin to his friends. The possession of such information would make the friends accessories after the fact, so, while the police are anxious to obtain a satisfactory explanation of the deaths of the two murdered women, they do not anticipate that any person will come into the case voluntarily.

The first and most important thing that has attracted the attention of the police in Bartholin's confession is the sentence, "It was all Minnie and I could do." The natural question that presents itself to them is, "What had Miss Mitchell to do with the death of Mrs. Bartholin?" No one has been found who even intimated that Minnie Mitchell knew anything of the death of Mrs. Bartholin. The last person who saw her at Forty-third street and Indiana avenue on the evening of July 30, when she disappeared, said "she was laughing and talking to Bartholin as if she did not have a care on her mind." Had she known at that time that the man she accompanied—her fiancé—was the murder of his mother she could hardly have appeared so light hearted, the police say.

What Police Would Like to Know.

The history of the case is filled with mystery. From the first no light has been thrown upon it that would leave the police even a plausible theory on which to work. The discovery of the body does not aid them. These are some of the questions they would like to have answered:

What was the motive that induced Bartholin to kill his mother?

What day or night was she killed, and how did the son encompass her death without attracting the attention of the rest of the roomers?

How did he succeed in transferring the body to the cellar and in burying it without being seen or suspected?

Why did he kill the little dog, which was his mother's favorite, and bury it in the cellar, destroying the body with quicklime, without using the same upon the body of his mother?

Was he afraid the dog would whine at the door of his mother's room and arouse Oscar Thompson and the other roomers to a pitch that would convince them something unusual had taken place?

The manner in which Bartholin concealed his mother's "disappearance," the circumstances of her death, and what he told Edward Counselman on the night of July 12, when Counselman called at the Bartholin home, are other mysteries the police cannot explain.

About the Girl's Death.

Coming down to the disappearance of Bartholin and Miss Minnie Mitchell, the police still find themselves face to face with inexplicable circumstances. Was Minnie Mitchell aware of the murder of Mrs. Bartholin? Was it Bartholin's intention to kill the girl that night? If so, where did he kill her? How did he get the body to Seventy-fourth and State streets?

The theory of Inspector Hunt from the first was that Bartholin inveigled Miss Mitchell to the house and murdered her there. The theory of the inspector went so far as to involve Thompson and Claffy, who, he believed, aided Bartholin in the transfer of the body to the lonely prairie.

Where Miss Mitchell and Bartholin went after they were seen at Indiana avenue and Forty-third street by Sam Wisler and Con Mulvey never has been learned. The most plausible theory from the first has been that they went, as they announced on their departure to the Mitchell family, for a street car ride which terminated in the murder of Miss Mitchell at Seventy-fourth and State streets. The motive of that murder is believed to have been her discovery of the murder of Mrs. Bartholin and her threat to expose the young man.

With the death of the girl Bartholin had no further motive to remain in the city. He was seen at his home on July 31 and the morning of Aug. 5 at the home of William Underberg, 6513 Greenwood avenue. Then, driven by fear of capture, he sought safety on Iowa farms, where remorse finally drove him to suicide.

Many Articles Are Missing.

Articles connected with the case that never have been accounted for in addition to the $250 supposed to have been in the possession of Mrs. Bartholin and the clothing of Miss Mitchell are the following:

Three diamond rings and one gold watch belonging to Mrs. Bartholin.

The plain gold ring worn by Miss Mitchell when she disappeared.

The striped suit of clothes worn by Bartholin when last seen.

The pass keys to the house Bartholin is known to have carried.

Another phase of the case which never has been satisfactorily explained is the sudden exodus of the roomers. Milton L. R. Edwards and E. Orson Hunter left the city hurriedly, July 31. Thompson closed up the house and sought quarters elsewhere. Edwards said he was "afraid" to stay there longer, "for fear he would be murdered." Hunter said Thompson told him to get out, as he "intended to close the house." Thompson's reason for leaving, given to Inspector Hunt, was because Mrs. Bartholin and "Will" had disappeared, and he knew of nothing else to do.

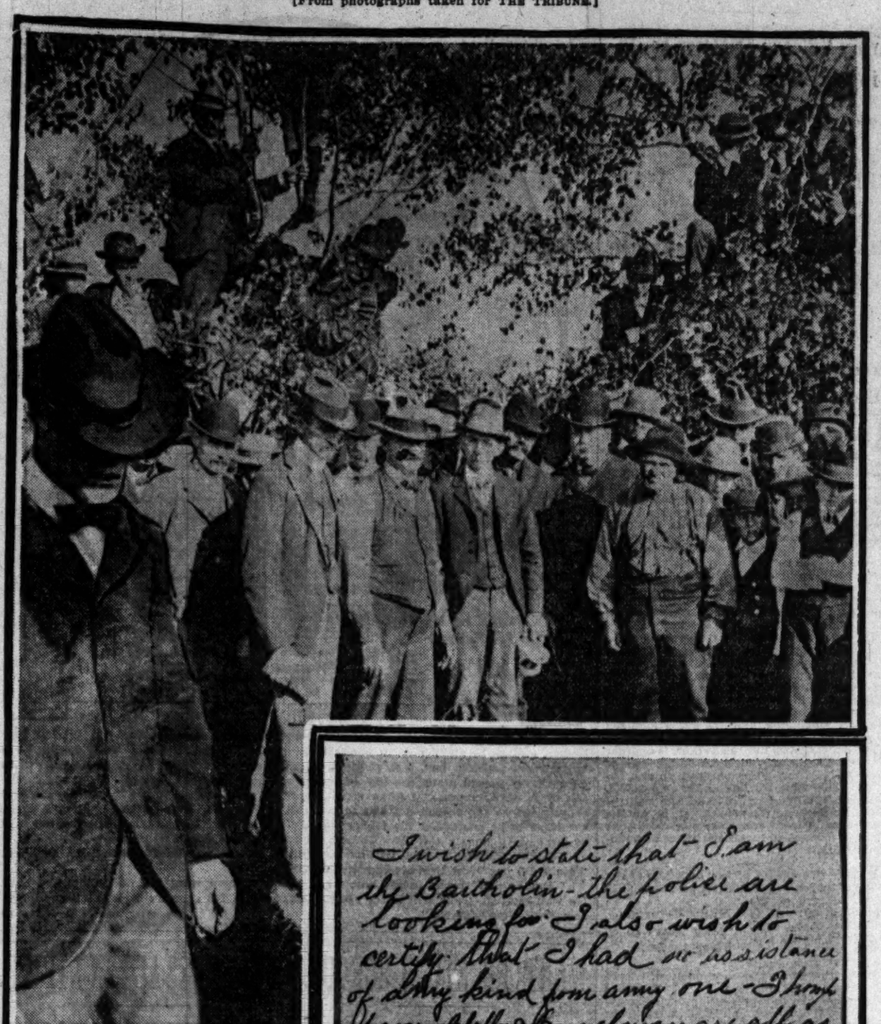
The connection of Counselman with the case furnished another "mystery." He explained that Bartholin had asked him for money, but he could not tell why he had suddenly been taken ill on his return to his home at 11743 Sangamon street on the night of July 12 after he had visited Bartholin.

One of the striking features to the police was the condition of the bodies of the three principals of the tragedy. None was recognizable when discovered. Was it the idea of William Bartholin at the start to effect this result?

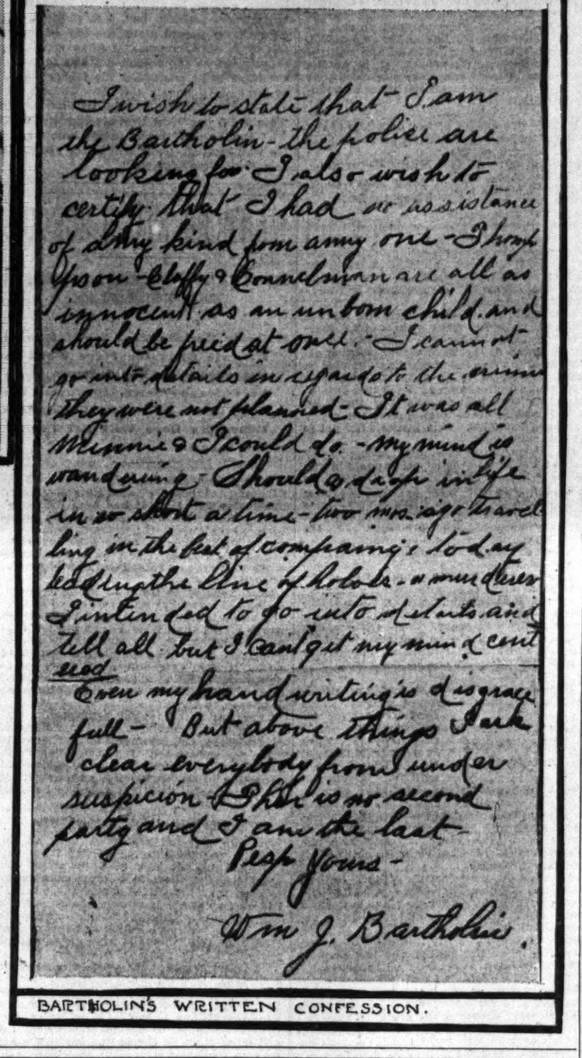
The motives which prevailed in the whole case still are a mystery, and there is little prospect of their ever being known. The confession left by the murderer indicated that he knew of the arrest of Thompson, Counselman, and Claffy, yet no one with whom he associated after his departure from Chicago has been found who ever saw him purchase or read a newspaper. Perhaps in the future some person will offer the key to the case, which has proven the greatest mystery in the history of the Chicago police.

CLOSING ACTS IN THE BARTHOLIN MURDER MYSTERY; OPENING OF THE SUICIDE'S GRAVE AND THE CONFESSION.

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]



CROWD AROUND THE OPEN GRAVE.



I wish to state that I am the Bartholin the police are looking for. I also wish to certify that I had no assistance of any kind from any one. I think Yoon, Claffy & Counselman are all as innocent as an unborn child and should be freed at once. I cannot go into details in regards to the crime they were not planned. It was all Minnie & I could do. My mind is wandering. Should I live in life in so short a time two months I go to hell having in the last of confessing is today to tell the line of holocaust & murders I intended to go into details and tell all but I cant get my mind centered. Even my hand writing is a disgrace full. But above things I ask clear everybody from suspicion. Either is no second party and I am the last. Hope yours.

Wm J. Bartholin.

BARTHOLIN'S WRITTEN CONFESSION.

SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULT BASIS OF $400,000 SUIT.

Charles A. Brown, Patent Attorney, Brings Action Against His Former Partner, George L. Cragg.

Securities lying in a safety deposit vault are supposed to be the basis of a suit for $400,000 begun in the Superior court yesterday.

The plaintiff is Charles A. Brown, and the defendant Brown's former partner George L. Cragg. They have been patent attorneys at 1450 Monadnock block, the firm name being Charles A. Brown & Cragg. It is said that the partnership was dissolved recently.

When the question was put to Mr. Brown as to the basis of his big claim, he replied:

"Supposing I were to say that this suit was brought on account of a large amount of stock which has been taken from my private safety deposit vault, and suppose only one man beside myself had legal access to the vault?"

It was suggested to Mr. Brown that possibly the stock might have been taken by some one at the safety deposit vault.

"I do not care to implicate the vault people in this," he said. "I will not name the safety deposit company where the stock was kept."

Mr. Brown's attorney, Louis Spahn, referred inquiries to Mr. Brown.

Mr. Cragg lives at 1736 Buckingham place with his father and mother. Last night he could not be found.

Closing Concert at Oak Park.

The last concert of the season will be given tonight at Oak Park by the First Cavalry band, assisted by First cavalry field music and Slayton's jubilee singers.

FIRE AND WIND CAUSE ALARM.

Five Buildings in North Ashland Avenue Burned—Brave Rescue of Ten Horses.

Five small buildings were burned in a fire which caused much excitement at North Ashland and Oakdale avenues yesterday afternoon. The high wind threatened the neighborhood for a time, and many families moved into the street. After an hour's work the flames were checked. The buildings burned were:

Two story frame barn in rear of 1538 North Ashland avenue, owned by William Bonshack. Loss to building and contents, $2,000.

One and one-half story frame building at 860 George street, owned and occupied by William Showski. Loss $200.

Two story frame building at 825 Oakdale avenue, occupied by William Hage. Loss $100.

Three story brick building at 817 Oakdale avenue, occupied by Anthony Bazurt and August Jensen. Loss $500.

One story frame building at 854 Wellington avenue, occupied by Roman Schelisli. Loss $200.

The fire started in the hay loft of Bonshack's barn, and before the firemen arrived had spread to the roofs of several frame dwellings.

Ten horses which were in the barn were rescued by two men, who risked their lives to save the animals. Wrapping their coats about their heads the men ran into the smoke filled structure and lead out the frantic animals.

NEW PLANS FOR FLOWER SHOW.

More Committees to Have Charge of the Exhibit in Art Institute from Nov. 4 to 8.

A new plan of administration has been adopted for the annual flower show to be held at the Art institute from Nov. 4 to 8 next. While the executive committee will be in general charge, as before, the detail work will be handled by a greater number of committees. These committees have been appointed as follows:

Finance—W. H. Chadwick, E. G. Uihlein, J. C. Vaughan, E. A. Kanst, W. C. Egan, W. A. Peterson.

Press—P. J. Hauswirth, G. L. Grant, M. Barker Program—J. C. Vaughan, G. W. Weinhoeber, E. A. Kanst.

Advertising—E. A. Kanst, C. A. Samuelson, E. E. Fieser.

Music—W. H. Chadwick, E. G. Uihlein, W. A. Peterson.

The Chrysanthemum Society of America this year will hold its annual exhibition in connection with the local exhibition at the Art institute.

FIND THREE DEAD; START INQUIRY.

Discovery of Bodies by Plumbers Brings a Search by Coroner Traeger.

BOX WITH TWO BABIES.

Remains of Man May Be Evidence of a Murder Committed a Long Time Ago.

The discovery of three human bodies at 2709 and 2711 State street has started an investigation of the premises by the police, the coroner, and the city health department.

One of the bodies was that of an adult, and the authorities are prepared to believe either that a murder was committed, probably some months, or even a year, ago, or that it is simply evidence of an illegal burial. It was found at 2711 State street.

The other two bodies were those of babies. They were found in a wooden box, covered with sawdust in the undertaking establishment of Charles Johnson, 2709 State street. The undertaker declares there was but one body in the box, and he produced a burial permit for it. William McKissock, a plumber, 3151 Wentworth avenue, who made the discovery, asserts there were two bodies.

On account of the suspicion which the finding of the bodies has aroused, a thorough examination of the premises will be made today to discover by excavating whether other remains have been buried there.

There are surface indications which lead Coroner Traeger and the health authorities to suspect that the back yards of the two places may be found to contain the graves of other persons.

McKissock, the plumber, was called to repair leaks in the water pipes at the two places three weeks ago. While digging under the rear steps of the house occupied by William Logan, 2711 State street, his spade hit a wooden box. When he had uncovered it he found it was a coffin, containing the bones of a man.

Fails to Report Discovery.

For some reason the plumber did not think seriously of his find. The coffin and the bones were thrown on a rubbish heap in the rear, from which they disappeared shortly afterwards.

Continuing his work, the plumber went into the undertaking establishment next door. He wanted a box to stand on, and his assistant secured one which was found to be full of sawdust and heavy.

Pushing aside the sawdust the plumber found, as he asserts, the bodies of two babies. Still he was not prompted to report his finding to the authorities, and it was a week later, in a roundabout way, that Policeman McLamore of the Cottage Grove avenue station learned of the discovery.

McKissock previously had told Miles Warfield, 164 Dearborn street, the owner of the building, of the finding of the body in the coffin. Mr. Warfield made an immediate search for the body where it had been thrown on the rubbish heap but could not find it. He did not report the matter.

Policeman McLamore began his investigation a week later and he could not find any trace of the coffin or the body which it had held according to the plumber. Johnson, the undertaker, and tenants in the neighborhood were questioned and none would admit having seen either. Lieut. Moore detailed several detectives on the investigation but without results.

Coroner Begins Inquiry.

Coroner Traeger and the city health authorities were notified yesterday and a thorough inquiry into the mystery was begun at once. The undertaker, who is a colored man, denied any knowledge of the coffin, and asserted that the box of sawdust contained one body, that of the infant child of Mrs. Emma Nelson, 3519 Dearborn street.

Johnson said that the woman had been too poor to bury the child when it died and that he had agreed to keep the body until she was able to pay for its funeral. The body was afterward buried, he said, and he produced a receipt for the interment at Oakwoods on Aug. 21 and a burial permit from the city health department.

Insists There Were Two Bodies.

The coroner had brought McKissock with him, and the undertaker was confronted with the plumber, who asserted that the box had contained two bodies.

"I can prove that by my assistant," he said.

"There was only one body in the box," declared the undertaker, "and here is the certificate for that."

It is a police theory that if the body of the adult is the evidence of a murder, it was committed several years ago when the place at 2711 State street was a resort operated by a woman known as "Bad Ann." Fights and brawls were numerous there. The woman left the city two years ago, and her present whereabouts are not known.

The plumber asserts that he found a quantity of quicklime scattered around the place where the coffin was found. It was the action of the lime, he said, which caused the leak in the pipes which brought him there. If quicklime was used it is admitted the body might have been placed there at a much later date than it was supposed at first.

Health Officers May Search.

Lieut. Moore does not believe a crime was committed, and he does not believe there is need of further police investigation. Coroner Traeger declared that he had no excuse for activity, as no bodies could be produced. One has been lost, another buried, and the existence of the third is denied. What action is to be taken today will be under the direction of the city health department, which probably will order an investigation of the premises.

"The city health department should determine what disposition has been made of the bodies and whether an illegal traffic in bodies has been carried on," said Mr. Traeger. "It is the duty of the city officials to ascertain that."

ENGINEER'S PREMONITION SAVES LIFE OF A MAN.

William Campton Stops Train in Evanston on Feeling That Something Is Wrong—Finds Youth on Rails.

As one of the fast trains on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad was running through Evanston shortly before daylight yesterday morning the engineer, William Campton, was seized with a feeling that the track ahead of him was not clear. Signal and switch lights were set for a clear track and the brilliant electric headlight showed no obstacle in front of the engine.

The feeling would not leave him, and although he could see no reason for the action he shut off the steam and set the air brakes. The train came to a stop just north of Central street. Conductor M. Brown came running forward and made inquiries of Engineer Campton.

"There is something wrong, but I do not know what it is," said the engineer. "Let's investigate a little."

The trainmen took lanterns and went ahead. Under the front end of the pilot they found a young man lying between the rails. If the engine had gone ten feet farther he would have been crushed. He was unconscious and help was summoned from the police station. He was taken to Dr. Hemenway's office and after a short time regained consciousness. He gave his name as John Goudie, 2615 West Railroad avenue.

He had been employed as a watchman at a new building and had been taken fill during the evening. About 1 o'clock he left the building to go home and fainted on the railroad track. But for the premonition of Engineer Campton he would have been cut to pieces. As it was the pilot struck his head, inflicting two scalp wounds.

ROBS PATSY KING'S HOUSE

NEGRO PURSUED BY CROWD OF CITIZENS, BUT ESCAPES.

Wife of Well Known Racetrack Follower Leads Chase for Man Who Held Jewelry Belonging to Her Baby—Fugitive Intimidates Would-Be Captors by Waving Revolver—Injured by Jump Down Stairway, He Gets Away with $3,500 in Valuables.

Residents in Washington boulevard left their breakfast tables yesterday to join in the pursuit of a man who had just robbed the home of "Patsy" King, 1429 Washington boulevard. Carrying in one hand gems worth $3,500, which he had swept from the dresser of Mrs. King, with the other hand he flourished a revolver, which kept the followers at a distance.

Led by Mrs. King, the pursuers twice closed in on the fugitive, who each time wheeled and pointed the revolver at them. The only one unawed by the weapon was the mother, who sought to regain some cherished baby rings and trinkets which were among the plunder. She grasped at the man, who each time thrust her away, and again fled.

Reaching an alley near Park avenue, he disappeared between two houses, and although the score of pursuers were augmented by hundreds who had seen the chase, no trace of him could be found.

Detected by Young Woman.

The thief, who was a negro, was discovered by Miss Eleanor Meahan, a niece of Mrs. King. Mr. King had left the house an hour earlier. Miss Meahan was descending to the dining room when she saw a man step hastily behind a door of her aunt's room. Without hesitation she walked toward the door, when the thief sprang from behind it and placed a revolver against her head.

"Make a sound and I'll shoot," he told her.

In his left hand she could see the rings and other jewelry, and, brushing the weapon aside, Miss Meahan screamed for help. Frightened by the outcry, the thief sprang over the balustrade near which he was standing, falling to his knees on the hall steps, fifteen feet below. As he regained his feet and rushed for the door, he collided with Mrs. King, who had run from the dining room.

Crowd Joins in Pursuit.

As the man ran down the steps she followed him calling for assistance. Her cries were heard by W. G. Oliver, 1420 Washington boulevard, a board of trade broker; A. A. Rice, A. Carter, and other nearby residents, who dashed from their homes in pursuit. They were joined by David Ross, a west park employé, and others, who rapidly gained on the man, who was limping from the effects of his leap.

At the corner of Kedzie avenue a dozen followers of "Patsy" King, who each morning await his arrival for the racetrack "tips" he generously dispenses, were standing. They scattered to leave a path for the fugitive, and, as the revolver was flourished once more, fled towards Madison street. When the man had made his escape Mrs. King collapsed from the excitement and was assisted to her home.

Attracted by King's Winnings.

The negro is supposed to have been attracted to the residence by the reports of the heavy winnings of King at the racetrack during the last week. It is thought King's room was his objective point, and had he not been surprised by Miss Meahan, a purse containing several thousand dollars and jewelry more valuable than that secured would have been found by prying open several drawers.

From descriptions given by those who saw him the negro appeared to be a racetrack frequenter. A well fitting suit of clothing of loud pattern and a flashy necktie, in which was a large imitation diamond, were among the articles he is said to have been wearing.

The articles secured by him included two diamond pins, four diamond rings, and four baby's rings. King is known as the manager and controller of the "policy ring," which operates hundreds of policy shops throughout the city, and is wealthy.

Capture Alleged Horse Thieves.

After a chase of seven miles along the sanitary canal, Joseph Johnson and Charles Carlson, who claim to be Chicagoans, were arrested by Constable George New of Willow Springs, being suspected of horse stealing. The men offered to sell a horse and buggy to Larry Kirk, a saloonkeeper at Sag Bridge, for $15. Kirk's suspicions were aroused and he notified New. When Carlson and Johnson saw the constable coming they jumped into the buggy and whipped up the horse. Kirk and New followed them, and at Lemont the men were overtaken. The rig answers the description of one stolen from Michael Keraney, 71 Gault court.

Robbed by Three Men.

Armed with revolvers, three holdup men compelled Carl Danner, 492 West Ohio street, to march into an alley at Indiana and Wells streets, yesterday, where they robbed him of a gold watch and $15. The assailants then escaped in Indiana street and Danner reported the case to the East Chicago avenue police.

Accused of a Confidence Game.

In the arrest of Theodore Bruggestradt and Harry Brodsky, South Water street merchants believe they have put an end to a confidence game by which a number of them have lost merchandise during the last five months. The prisoners will be given a hearing on Sept. 16. Brodsky is said to have been formerly employed by H. Spitz & Bro., grocers at 364 Clark street, and Bruggestradt conducts a saloon at 226 Clark street.

The scheme of the men, it is said, was to telephone orders for goods in the name of well known merchants, send their own expressmen, and dispose of the property. Finally a watch was set and it is asserted the goods were delivered to the saloon at 226 Clark street. Those who are said to have been swindled are:

Steele-Wedeles company, 179 South Water street.
George Middendorf & Co., 135 South Water street.
Merrell & Eldredge, 110 South Water street.
Cougle Bros., 178 South Water street.
Miller & Davis company, 201 South Water street.
Le Fevre & Deisher, 220 South Water street.
Emerson, Marlow & Co., 87 South Water street.
Elgin Creamery company, 154 Lake street.

Load of Shot for Escaping Negro.

M. Lewis, proprietor of a lace cleaning establishment at 2101 Michigan avenue, saw a negro making his exit through a basement window of the place last night and sent a load of shot after him. A scream indicated that the aim was good, and later the Twenty-second street police arrested Thomas Mulligan, who had more small shot in his legs than a sound man should carry. He was locked up at the county jail hospital.

EX-CONVICT AGAIN ACCUSED.

Arraigned for Robbery and Identified as Man Released from Prison Through W. G. Anderson's Effort.

Arraigned on a charge of robbery before Justice Hall, a man, giving the name of F. Stockwell, was identified as a convict for whom Attorney W. G. Anderson secured a release from the penitentiary two months ago. His real name is Frank Farrington, and the identification was made by Assistant State's Attorney Barnett. Farrington was arrested in Detroit two weeks ago and brought here on a charge of robbing William G. Kerwin of South Haven. He was held to the Criminal court in $1,000 bonds.

Via Pennsylvania Lines.

G. A. R. Excursions—Oct. 3, 4, 5, and 6, Chicago to Washington, D. C., and return, $15.85. Good to return until Oct. 14, subject to extension of limit until Nov. 3, 1902.

New York Excursions—Oct. 3, 4, 5, and 6, Chicago to New York and return. Fort Wayne route, $25.85. Pan-Handle route, $23.30. Return limit Oct. 14, 1902.

Boston Excursions—Oct. 7 to 11. Chicago to Boston and return. Fort Wayne route, all rail, $25; Sound lines, $24.00. Pan-Handle route, all rail, $23; Sound lines, $22. Return limit Oct. 13, subject to extension until Nov. 12, 1902.

Any further information desired will be furnished by addressing H. R. Dering, Asst. G. P. A., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

HAVE A PAY DAY WITHOUT A TAX.

Employes at Several State Institutions Escape Slush Fund Contributions.

PUBLICITY THE REASON.

Compelling of "5 Per Cent" Donations Seemingly Dropped for a Time.

Yesterday was a red letter day at a number of state institutions in Illinois. It was pay day, a pay day that brought no call from the "slush fund" tax collector. For the first time in months there was, so far as could be learned, no open demand for voluntary contributions or 5 per cent deductions before the employés got their pay.

Telegraphic inquiry showed that the publicity given the "5 per cent" levies had resulted in their abandonment, for a time at least. At Kankakee, where the tax was admitted at the recent asylum investigation, the condition is thus described:

"So far as can be learned every employé received the full amount of his salary. There were no assessments for political purposes, as the term is generally understood."

Fear to Keep Their Money.

That many employés who wish to keep their positions do not dare withhold their "voluntary contributions" is shown by the following statement from the asylum:

"There is nothing to prevent employés from making 'voluntary contributions' amounting to 5 per cent of their pay, for campaign purposes, however, and it is the prevalent opinion that employés of the hospital, from Supt. Corbus down, will continue to make this offering."

At the Illinois southern hospital for the insane at Anna the situation is stated thus:

"There has been no general assessment from the employés this month, although Dr. Baker of the medical staff has made collections regularly from the employés heretofore. He has said, also, that there will be no more of it at present."

The employés of the Elgin asylum are anxiously awaiting the arrival of the October pay day. Heretofore they have been assessed 5 per cent regularly on the April and October pay days. The recent exposure, however, has given them hope that they too will be exempt this time.

Ball Freed; Brings Suit.

The charge of perjury brought by Trustee W. E. Murphy of the Kankakee asylum against Witness Harry H. Ball was dismissed by Judge Chytraus during the afternoon. Ball immediately brought a second suit for $50,000 against Murphy, charging malicious prosecution. Efforts were made to secure service on the trustee before he left the city.

The release from the charge of perjury was based on the fact that no crime had been committed, because a witness before the state board of charities, where Ball accused Murphy of drunkenness and of improper conduct, was not required to take an oath, and therefore could not perjure himself.

Ready to Corroborate Charges.

Attorneys Fitzgerald and Orr, acting for Ball, had seven witnesses to support the truth of Ball's charges, but the testimony was not heard. Miss Gertrude Younger was one of the witnesses.

In announcing his decision in the habeas corpus proceedings Judge Chytraus said:

"I will not sit as a court of review. I will not go into the merits of the case. There is no need."

More Delay in 5 Per Cent Case.

Gov. Yates may be a witness this afternoon in the suit of Harry C. Clasen to recover from the governor and others $12 which he alleges he was compelled to contribute to the republican "5 per cent" fund while employed at the Elgin insane hospital.

When the attorneys for the plaintiff open a fire of questions on the governor it is expected that Justice Underwood and the governor's attorneys will have their hands full to keep the interrogatories confined to the issue at bar. The trial was taken up on Friday and continued, after Superintendent Frank S. Whitman of the Elgin institution had testified. When the case was resumed yesterday Attorney R. A. Childs and W. P. Thornton, for the several defendants, asked for a day's further continuance so that they might have an opportunity to get the governor into court.

"Gov. Yates is somewhere on the great lakes," said Attorney Childs. "We hope he will arrive in Chicago in the morning and that we may have him here to testify tomorrow afternoon."

But Attorney W. E. Shirra, who represented Clasen, wanted a longer delay, pleading that he has to leave the city, and that the plaintiff wished to secure depositions from several witnesses. The whole afternoon was taken up in trying to reach an agreement.

The court finally agreed to the continuance asked by the defense. Under this arrangement the defendants' attorneys are to have Gov. Yates in court this afternoon and put him on the witness stand. If the plaintiff wishes to take any further depositions his attorneys must file a statement of the names of these witnesses and what they expect to prove by them.

OAK PARK ARRESTS FUNERAL

Mourners from City Wait While Undertaker Fuller Is Fined for Driving in Washington Boulevard.

"The west park commission may issue permits for funeral processions on the boulevards in Chicago," said Capt. Ozmock of the Oak Park police, "but they don't go in Oak Park."

And to verify his statements he sent two policemen to watch Washington boulevard and to arrest any undertaker who might violate the ordinance prohibiting funeral processions there. Though a similar ordinance exists in Chicago, the west park commission makes exceptions occasionally, and at such times the undertaker is apt to forget that Oak Park is not a part of the city.

George Fuller was the first to meet the Oak Park police yesterday afternoon, and the mourners waited with their dead while Fuller was taken to the station and fined $5 and costs.

YE HOUSEKEEPER'S CORNER.

In certain households parsley is always served with vinegar and salt after onions. It is supposed to remove all odor from the breath.

To make nut sandwiches chop the nuts (English walnuts) fine, and, adding almonds and hickory nuts, butter two slices of bread and put on one thin layer of chopped nuts, salt, and grated cheese. Put the other piece of bread on it and spread lightly.

An easy polish for the daily rubbing of the dining table is an emulsion made from two parts of table oil to one part of vinegar. This, applied with a soft cloth or flannel and rubbed afterward with a dry one, will be found efficient in removing all ordinary stains.

A fine treatment for scorched food is to take the kettle at once from the fire and set in a pan of cold water for a moment or two. This will greatly subtract from the disagreeable taste of the slightly burned food. Of course, any really burned bits should be at once removed.

In kitchens where economy of space is a consideration a combined kitchen table and cabinet is an advantage. It also saves many steps in the preparation of a meal by keeping many needed articles within reach. It is made of hardwood, the top being forty-five inches long by thirty wide, with directly underneath sliding boards for meat and bread. The flour bin is fastened with automatic hangers, while all waste space is avoided by the three drawers just behind it. The four large front drawers will hold linen, kitchen dishes, cutlery, cook book, teas, coffee, condiments, sugar, meal, cereals, etc., while the locker will hold vinegar, syrup, etc. The zinc lined bottom makes it positively mouse and rat proof.

UNIONS PRAISED BY ROOSEVELT.

President Is Made a Member of Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

GRATEFUL FOR HONOR.

Railway Workers Are Commended for Bravery; Told They Make Good Citizens.

(Continued from first page.)

veloped certain qualities which are essential in a soldier. In the first place, they are accustomed to taking risks.

"There are a great many men who are naturally brave, but who, being entirely unaccustomed to risks, are at first appalled by them. They are accustomed to enduring hardships; they are accustomed to irregular hours; they are accustomed to act on their own responsibility, on their own initiative; and yet they are accustomed to obeying orders quickly.

"There is not anything more soul harrowing for a man in time of war, or for a man engaged in a difficult job in time of peace, than to give an order and have the one addressed say 'What?'

Ever Ready to Obey Orders.

"The railroad man has got to learn that when an order is issued there may be but a fraction of a second in which to obey it. He has got to learn that orders are to be obeyed, and, on the other hand, that there will come plenty of crises in which there will be no orders to be obeyed, and he will have to act for himself.

"Now, those are all qualities that go to the essence of good soldiership, and I am not surprised at what Gen. Sherman said; I am not surprised that you would make good soldiers—I would be ashamed of you if you did not.

"In raising my own regiment, which was raised mainly in the southwest, partly in the territory in which Mr. Sargent himself served as a soldier at one time, in Arizona, I got a number of railroad men. Of course, the first requisite was that a man should know how to shoot and how to ride. We were raising the regiment in a hurry, and we did not have time to teach him either. He had to know how to handle a horse and how to handle a rifle, to start with; but given the possession of those two qualities I found that there was no group of our citizens from whom better men could be drawn to do a soldier's work in a tight place and at all times than the railroad man.

Believes in Organized Labor.

"I believe emphatically in organized labor. I believe in organizations of wage workers. Organization is one of the laws of our social and economic development at this time. But I feel that we must always keep before our minds the fact that there is nothing sacred in the name itself. To call an organization an organization does not make it a good one. The worth of an organization depends upon its being handled with the courage, the skill, the wisdom, the spirit of fair dealing as between man and man, and the wise self-restraint which I am glad to be able to say your brotherhood has shown.

"You now number close upon 44,000 members. During the two years ending June 30 last you paid into the general and beneficiary funds close upon $1,500,000. More than $6,500,000 have been paid in since the starting of the insurance clause in the constitution—have been paid to disabled members and their beneficiaries. Over 50 per cent of the amount paid was paid on account of accidents. Gentlemen, that is a sufficient commentary upon the kind of profession which is yours.

Always Facing Death and Danger.

"You face death and danger in time of peace, as in time of war the men wearing Uncle Sam's uniform must face them. Your work is hard. Do you suppose I mention that because I pity you? No—not a bit. I don't pity any man who does hard work worth doing—I admire him.

"I pity the creature who does not work, at whichever end of the social scale he may regard himself as being. The law of worthy work well done is the law of successful American life. I believe in play, too—play, and play hard while you play; but don't make the mistake of thinking that that is the main thing. The work is what counts, and if a man does his work well, and it is worth doing, then it matters little in which line that work is done—the man is a good American citizen. If he does his work in slipshod fashion, then, no matter what kind of work it is, he is a poor American citizen.

"I speak to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, but what I say applies to all railroad men—not only to the engineers who have served an apprenticeship as firemen, to the conductors, who as a rule have served an apprenticeship as brakeman; but to all the men of all the organizations connected with railroad work. I know you do not grudge my saying that through you I am talking to all the railroad men of the country.

Teaching Mutual Self-Help.

"You, in your organization as railroad men, have taught two lessons—the lesson of how much can be accomplished by organization, by mutual self-help of the type that helps another in the only way by which in the long run a man who is a full grown man really can be helped—that is, by teaching him to help himself. You teach the benefits of organizations, and you also teach the indispensable need of keeping absolutely unimpaired the faculty of individual initiative, the faculty by which each man brings himself to the highest point of perfection by exercising the special qualities with which he is himself endowed.

"The brotherhood has developed to this enormous extent since the days, now many years ago, when the first little band came together; and it has developed not by crushing out individual initiative, but by developing it, by combining many individual initiatives. The Brotherhood of Firemen does much for all firemen, but I firmly believe that the individual fireman since the growth of the brotherhood has been more, not less, efficient than he was twenty years ago.

"Membership in the brotherhood comes, as I understand it, after a nine months' probationary period; after a man has shown his worth he is then admitted and stands on his footing as a brother. Now, any man who enters with the purpose of letting the brotherhood carry him is not worth much. The man who counts in the brotherhood is the man that pulls his own weight and a little more.

Must Be Best of Individuals.

"Much can be done by the brotherhood. I have just hinted in the general figures I gave you at how much has been done, but it still remains true in the brotherhoood, and everywhere else throughout American life, that in the last resort nothing can supply the place of the man's own individual qualities. We need those, no matter how perfect the organization is outside. There is just as much need of nerve, hardihood, power to face risks and accept responsibilities in the engineer and firemen, whether on a flyer or a freight train, now as there ever was.

"Much can be done by the association. A great deal can be accomplished by working each for all and all for each; but we must not forget that the first requisite in accomplishing that is that each man should work for others by working for himself, by developing his own capacity.

"Isn't that common sense? I think so.

"The steady way in which a man can rise is illustrated by a little thing that happened yesterday. I came down here over the Queen and Crescent railroad, and the general manager who handled my train and who handled yours was Mr. Maguire. I used to know him in the old days when he was on his way up, and he began right at the bottom. He was a fireman at one time. He worked his way straight up and now he is general manager, and he put this convention here and he put me here.

All Helped by the Union.

"I believe so emphatically in your organization because, while it teaches the need of working in union, of working in association, of working with deep purpose in our hearts, not merely on our lips, the sense of brotherhood, yet of necessity it still keeps, as your organization always must keep, to the forefront the worth of the individual qualities of a man.

"Now, I said to you that I came here in a sense not to speak to you, but to use your experience as an object lesson for all of us, an object lesson in good American citizenship.

Display the Old Courage.

"It is a good thing that there should be a large body of our fellow citizens—that there should be a profession whose members must, year in and year out, display those old, old qualities of courage, daring, resolution, unflinching willingness to meet danger at need. I hope to see all our people develop the softer, gentler virtues to an ever increasing degree, but I hope never to see them lose the sterner virtues that make men men.

"I feel that the profession of railroading is a fine anti-scorbutic—that it does away with the tendency toward softness. A man is not going to be a fireman or an engineer, or serve well in any other capacity on a railroad long, if, to speak technically, he has a 'streak of yellow' in him. You are going to find it out, and he is going to be painfully conscious of it soon.

"It is a fine thing for our people that we should have those qualities in evidence before us in the life work of a big group of our citizens.

"In American citizenship we can succeed permanently only upon the basis of standing shoulder to shoulder, working in association by organization, each helping for all, and yet remembering that we need each so to shape things that each man can develop to best advantage all the forces and powers at his command.

Reason for Accomplishing Much.

"In your organization you accomplish much by means of the brotherhood, but you accomplish it because of the men who go to make up that brotherhood. If you had exactly the organization, exactly the laws, exactly the system, and yet were yourselves a poor set of men the system would not save you. I will guarantee that from time to time you have men go in to try to serve for the nine months who prove that they do not have the stuff in them out of which you can make good men.

"You have got to have the stuff in you, and if you have got the stuff you can make out of it a much finer man by means of the association—but you have got to have the material out of which to make it. So it is in citizenship.

"We need good laws, we need a good fundamental law of the type that we call the constitution; but back of it all lies the need—for the lack of which nothing else can supply—the need for a higher average of individual citizenship. That we have got to have.

"It is just as it is in war. When we went into the Spanish war a lot of our national guards were armed with the black powder musket, a weapon which makes law rather crossbow receipt by comparison. It always irritates me to see any of our troops armed with such a weapon. I want to see each man have the best weapon; but if the man is a poor creature no matter how good his weapon is he will be beaten by a good man with a club. I want the best type of weapon, but I want the man behind the gun.

Lesson of the Battlefields.

"And now let me say a word, speaking not merely especially to the brotherhood, but speaking to all our citizens. Gov. McMillin, Mr. Mayor: I fail to see how any American can come to Chattanooga and go over the great battlefields in the neighborhood, the battlefields here in this state and just across the border in my mother's state of Georgia, how any American can come here and see evidences of the mighty deeds done by the men who wore the blue and the men who wore the gray—I fail to see how any man can come here and look upon these evidences and not go away a better American, prouder of the country; prouder because of the valor displayed on both sides in the contest; the valor, the self-devotion, the loyalty to the right as each side saw the right.

"Yesterday I was presented with a cane cut from the Chickamauga battlefield by some young men of northern Georgia. On the cane were engraved the names of three union generals and three confederate generals. One of those union generals was at that time showing me over the battlefield—Gen. Granger. Under one of the confederate generals, Gen. Wheeler, I myself served. In my regiment there served under me in the ranks a son of Gen. Hood, who commanded at that time the confederate army against Gen. Sherman.

All Sections Now as One.

"The only captain whom I had the opportunity of promoting to first rank and to whom this promotion was given for gallantry on the field, was Micah Jenkins of South Carolina, the son of a confederate general whose name you will find recorded among those who fought at Chickamauga. Two of my captains, and by a strange fatality, the best two captains, were killed at Santiago—one was Allyn Capron, the fifth in line who from father to son had served in the regular army of the United States; who had served in every war in which our country had been engaged. The other, Bucky O'Neill—his father had fought under Meagher, when on the day at Fredericksburg his brigade left more men under the stone wall than any other brigade did.

"I had in my regiment men from the north and south, men from the east and west; men whose fathers had fought under Grant, and whose fathers had fought under Lee; college graduates, capitalists' sons, wage-workers, the man of means, and the man who all his life had owed each day's bread to the day's toil. I had Catholic, Protestant, Jew, and gentile.

"Yesterday, in passing over the Chickamauga battlefield, I was immensely struck by the monument raised by Kentucky to the union and confederate soldiers from Kentucky who fell on that battlefield. The inscription reads as follows:

"'As we are united in life, and they united in death, let one monument perpetuate their deeds; and one people, forgetful of all asperities, forever hold in grateful remembrance all the glories of that terrible conflict which made all men free and retained every star on the nation's flag.'

"That is a good sentiment. That is a sentiment by which we can all stand. And, O, my friends, what does that sentiment have as its underlying spirit? The spirit of brotherhood.

"I firmly believe in my countrymen, and, therefore, I believe that the chief thing necessary in order that they shall work together is that they shall know one another; that the northerner shall know the southerner and the man of one occupation know the man of another occupation; the man who works in one walk of life know the man who works in another walk of life, so that we may realize that the things that divide us are superficial, are unimportant, and that we are and must ever be knit together into one indissoluble mass by our American manhood."

The president and his party reached the courthouse later than expected, and Mr. Roosevelt's remarks necessarily were brief.

Braves Storm at Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 8.—President Roosevelt braved the elements late this afternoon and, in defiance of a hard rain storm, was driven through streets lined with people to a stand on Main avenue, nearly a mile from the depot, where he spoke to 12,000 persons, who stood in quiet while a drenching rain poured down upon them. President Roosevelt spoke as follows:

"My fellow citizens and countrymen: I shall detain you for but a short time. I wish to thank you for having come out in this weather. Somebody asked me when it was raining so hard whether I would come up here anyway. I told them I guessed if you could stand it I could.

"I want to say how much I appreciate your having come out to see me, and I take it that your national guard are not fair weather soldiers.

"It has been an inspiration to come through east Tennessee today as I have. I am sorry, for my sake, that the rain should have come at this particular moment, but you needed it, and I am glad you have got it.

Tells of Visit to Battlefields.

"Yesterday I spent the time going over the great battlefields of Chickamauga and Chattanooga, partly within the boundaries of your own state and partly within the boundaries of my mother's state of Georgia.

"Now, I come here along the upper waters of the Tennessee to the seat of the first community settled by people of our stock, on the waters which flow into the gulf of Mexico. It was six years before the outbreak of the revolutionary war that the first little settlement out of which grew the great state of Tennessee was founded, and it was here in this region that the mounted riflemen gathered under the leadership of Sevier, the shaft in memory of whom you see there—gathered to go across the mountains and strike at King's power the decisive blow which in the end freed the southern states in the revolutionary war. Right from the beginning the Tennesseeans showed themselves to be typical Americans in the way in which they proved their ability to contend in time of peace.

"Great has been Tennessee's share in the leadership of the country, alike in war and peace. Because my fellow countryman, while you have been a great agricultural state, while you are now rapidly becoming in this section one of the greatest industrial centers of the entire country, you have acted throughout with credit. Though it is great to produce the works of man, it is greater still to produce man himself.

"Now, I shall try to talk no longer—I won't melt, myself—your umbrellas are in the way. And all I will say is, I am much obliged to you for coming out, and I hope you are one-half as glad to see me as I am to see you."

The special train left at 7 o'clock for Hot Springs, N. C., where the night will be spent. The start for Asheville will be made tomorrow morning.

RAILROAD FIREMAN—A ROOSEVELT HERO.

Roosevelt's praise of the locomotive fireman taken as a type of the railroad man: "It is a good thing that there should be a large body of our fellow citizens—that there should be a profession whose members must, year in and year out, display those old, old qualities of courage, daring, resolution, unflinching willingness to meet danger at need."

MAKE PROGRAM FOR PRESIDENT

Members of Hamilton Club Entertainment Committee Prepare Tentative Schedule.

Plans for the entertainment of President Roosevelt were discussed yesterday at the Hamilton club at a meeting of the executive committee of the entertainment committee. A tentative program was arranged, which will be considered by the full committee today and then taken to Washington to Secretary Cortelyou for approval.

The president is expected to arrive in Chicago at 8:30 o'clock on the morning of Oct. 3. He will be escorted to the Tremont house by President James of the Northwestern university and a committee, where he will take part in the dedication of the new law school.

At 10 o'clock the president will go to the Press club, where he will spend half an hour, and then he will attend a massmeeting on the lake front. He is scheduled to remain there an hour and to make an address. A mounted escort will be in waiting to take him through Michigan boulevard, Grand boulevard, Washington park, and, finally, to the University of Chicago, where he will be the guest of President Harper at luncheon. The president will remain at the university until 3:30 o'clock and then will be escorted to the Coliseum, where he will address the convention of the League of Republican Clubs.

He will then attend a reception at the rooms of the Association of Women's Clubs in the Fine Arts building, after which he will be escorted to a suite of rooms provided for him at the Hamilton club. Here he will have an opportunity to rest until the banquet at the Auditorium in the evening.

Besides the president, Archbishop Ireland, Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, George E. Adams, and Samuel Alschuler are expected to speak at the banquet.

Injured During a Dance Row.

As the result of a row at a dance on Sunday night near Willow Springs, Roman Stefanski, 20 years old, lies unconscious, and Albert Boda, alleged to be one of the assailants, is held pending the result of Stefanski's injuries. Both men live at Willow Springs. After Stefanski had been beaten, it is said, he was hauled from the house and thrown down a thirty foot embankment.

POST HOSPITAL UNFIT FOR USE.

Army Officers Declare Buildings at Rock Island a Disgrace to Service.

RELICS OF CIVIL WAR.

Many Veterans Going to National Reunion May Have to Sleep in Tents.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.

Army officers who are stationed at Rock Island arsenal are incensed at the inferior and dilapidated building which has long been serving as a post hospital at that place. The present building is an old frame affair, originally a temporary erection during the civil war, more than thirty-five years ago, when the island was occupied as a post for the detention of prisoners of war. It is entirely unfit for the purpose. It is drafty, leaky, and rotten. It is almost a cruelty to the patient to place him in such a building for treatment, where blankets must be hung around his bed in cold weather to keep off the draft, and his bed moved from place to place in wet weather to avoid rain.

Need for New Hospital at Rock Island Post.

The inspector general of this district, in his last report of the inspection of the post, states that this building is "utterly unfit for hospital purposes and not worth repairing." It is recommended that an effort be again made to obtain an appropriation for a new hospital. Estimates have been repeatedly submitted, and are again included this year.

The building now used as a stable is another of the old prison structures of the war of 1861-1865. It has been patched up and repaired from time to time as far as possible, but has finally about reached the limit of such temporizing measures. It is almost unsafe for horses, and so rotten and dry as to be a menace in its possibility of destruction by fire.

Despite the efforts of the members of the citizens' executive committee and of the national officers of the grand army, it is probable that at least a portion of the veterans who have applied for free quarters at the coming encampment will have to be contented under canvas. Harrison Dingman, who is representing Quartermaster General Burrows of the G. A. R. in the placing of the veterans, stated this morning that the entire list of available buildings has been exhausted.

Many Veterans May Have to Sleep in Tents.

Applications have been received for accommodations for 8,500 men in free quarters. Of this number only 3,300 can be accommodated in the government printing office, as only three floors will be completed in time, instead of seven floors, as had originally been contemplated. The three outside buildings will provide quarters for 2,400 more, making the total quarters already arranged for 5,700. This leaves 2,800 yet to be accommodated.

Mr. Dingman has carefully inspected every vacant building in the city that could in any possible manner be made use of. He finds not only that the rents asked in most instances are prohibitive, being several times the normal rent for a month, but that the sanitary arrangements are such that the health department would not permit a large number of men to be quartered in the buildings.

This morning Mr. Dingman called at the war department to consult with the quartermaster's department regarding the furnishing of army tents to accommodate the remaining 2,800 veterans. These tents will be made use of only as a last resort, but, in view of the present situation, no other way out of the difficulty can be discerned.

Representative Henry C. Smith of Michigan is here in the avowed interest of his candidacy for the vacancy in the senate caused by the death of Senator McMillan. He held conferences with W. B. Thompson, formerly assistant postmaster general, and with a number of other men. Mr. Smith will make his campaign on the theory that Gen. Alger and Mr. Ferry are too old to be senators. After his conference with Mr. Thompson Representative Smith outlined his position by saying:

Henry C. Smith Seeks Vacant Senatorship.

"I am a candidate for the senate. Beyond that there is little for me to say, as it would not seem exactly politic for me to say why I should succeed in that ambition. There are two other candidates, Gen. Alger and D. M. Ferry of Detroit. I say this with the understanding that the son of the late Senator has withdrawn, as reported by the press.

"Gov. Bliss has declared his intention to leave the matter of a successor to Senator McMillan to the legislature at its next regular session, provided the elections this fall do not develop a democratic majority, in which event I will call a special session before the terms of the present members expire, so that the three remaining years in the term of the late Senator may be filled by a republican. There is not the slightest likelihood in the world, however, that such a contingency will arise, as Michigan is not going democratic. She will send twelve men to congress of the republican faith.

"Cuban reciprocity is a subject which is not being discussed in Michigan. Neither the people nor the politicians are interested in it. The Michigan delegation voted solidly against Cuban reciprocity at the last session. They have had no reason so far to change their views. At the state convention an effort was made to bring the subject to the front through resolutions which seemed to indorse the delegation in congress for the position it had maintained, and also to indorse President Roosevelt for his directly opposite position. This resolution, however, was squelched absolutely."

Senator James K. Jones of Arkansas is as confident of democratic success this year as he was with Bryan in 1896 and 1900. "The trust question has been brought home to the people," he said today. "The beef trust and the coal trust have shown the result of the republican policy." "Do you think the voters intend to cast their ballots against republican nominees because of the beef combine and the coal strike?" Senator Jones was asked.

J. K. Jones Is Confident His Party Will Win.

"I have reason to think they will. They will show their fear of republican policies the outcome of which is shown in the autocratic rule by the people in the control of the necessaries of life, and they will vote to put a democratic house of representatives in power in order to check this tendency. I believe we will make great gains in the coming election."

No more sites for public buildings will be finally decided upon until the citizens of the town or city in which the proposed edifice is to be erected have had thirty days in which to present their written objections to the site selected by the agent of the treasury department. An order putting the new system into effect was today issued by Assistant Secretary Taylor. It resulted from the filing of complaints by citizens who were dissatisfied with the sites selected by the treasury agents.

New Order Regarding Building Sites.

After congress has made the necessary appropriation for a new public building and site the treasury expert will fix upon the proper place for locating it. His report will then be placarded in a conspicuous place in the city postoffice for thirty days, and the opinion of the patrons solicited as to the desirability and advisability of the site chosen. At the expiration of that period the objections and suggestions will be carefully considered and a final decision rendered by the assistant secretary of the treasury.

AUSTIN BOY WHO SAW CORONATION PARADE.

Stanley Churton, born in England but reared in America, arrived in Chicago yesterday, and as he stepped from the train at the station in Park row he told how he, a 12 year old Chicago boy, had received a personal bow from King Edward VII. when his majesty passed along the line of march to the coronation services. The boy is the son of A. C. Churton, 520 Alma street, Austin. He went with his father to England shortly before the coronation was to be held. When the illness of the king caused the exercises to be postponed the father was obliged to start for America, but the boy was so anxious to remain that Mr. Churton allowed him to do so.

"I took the boy for the trip on account of his delicate health," said Mr. Churton, "but I did not want to leave him behind."

"But he did," broke in the boy, "and I suppose you want to know about the king. He was beautiful; you will never see him again with his crown on. I had a good window in St. James street."

WANT NO STORE SCHOOL.

MERCHANTS GENERALLY OPPOSE NEW YORK PLAN.

Majority Declare That Institution to Educate Girls for Store Work as Proposed in the East Is Unnecessary in Chicago—Some, However, See Good in the Idea—Supt. Cooley Says Educators Here Will Not Imitate the Scheme.

Shop girls are to be trained in New York City and the board of education there is to undertake the task. It has been decided to establish a model department store in miniature, where girls can be taught to measure goods, make change, write a legible hand, and, above all, learn how to bow and smile when tempers and ruffled and customers out of sorts.

New York is to try it as an experiment. A Chicago merchant was cruel enough to say yesterday that "it could not turn out much worse clerks than New York's present supply." Whether this is true, the board of education there has planned a course of work. It is to extend over two years and is to be a department in a general trades school that will fit girls for every line of business now open to them.

They are to be taught penmanship, stenography, commercial arithmetic, millinery, dressmaking, and commerce by teachers who have had experience. It is a new departure in that it has never been tried by a board of education in any large city, and, according to Supt. Cooley, it is not going to be tried here.

Doubt School's Practicability.

Chicago merchants do not agree on the school's practicability. Some of them say Chicago girls do not need to waste two years learning how to become good saleswomen, for "here it takes only two weeks." Others do not see how even the New York board of education can afford to supply the girls with materials. A few, however, declare that the scheme is a good one, and, if properly handled, should succeed.

"I doubt whether the school can be made a success," said Mr. Leon Mandel of Mandel Bros. "It cannot give the girls practical knowledge. If worked along the lines of a business college it might be of value, but the best school is actual experience. A girl must start at the bottom and work her way up, as does a boy. This she can best do in the store itself.

"The laws do not permit children to work before they are 14 years of age. By that time the grammar school should have taught them to write well. At 16, when most of them go to work, they are intelligent enough to take up actual work, and a school of the New York type can do them but little good. Our girls are well enough versed in the rules of politeness and are courteous enough not to need much further training."

Say School Is Not Needed.

Another leading merchant who sees no reason for the school is H. G. Selfridge of Marshall Field & Co.

"There is no need of such a school," said he. "The girls must learn the practical side of the work, and that cannot be taught in a so-called model school. The only apprenticeship needed is that of actual work. I am surprised that such a scheme has been put on foot."

Isaac Keim of Siegel, Cooper & Co. was surprised when told of the plan. "Yet," he said, "if it teaches the girls to measure goods properly, to talk politely, and act courteously it will be a success. I like the idea. We are doing a similar work, and have been for years. When a girl enters our employ she goes to such a school for two hours a day during her first two weeks here. It is an apprentice school, and such an institution as the New York one would make ours unnecessary. A girl must learn from actual experience, but she can learn faster when once given the rudimentary training."

Chicago Will Not Imitate.

Supt. Cooley said the Chicago public schools would not establish any such schools, adding:

"The studies given in our domestic science course are identical with those that are proposed for the course for saleswomen in the New York schools.

"A large number of saleswomen attend the night schools, but they go there to study domestic science and not shop work. We do not teach nursing or store practice, but we instruct in every other branch named in the New York curriculum."

ATHLETE DIES DURING A TEST.

George Vesely Is Overcome While Performing on the Horizontal Bar at the Baltimore Carnival.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—George Vesely, aged 18 years, a sturdy and clever athlete, dropped dead at the athletic carnival at Darley park in this city today. The youth was stricken while performing on the horizontal bar and dropped to the ground unconscious. Friends endeavored to revive him, but finding their efforts unavailing summoned a physician, who found the young man dead from heart strains. He was a gymnast of promise and was stricken while striving for additional honors.

MINISTERS ACT IN STRIKE.

URGE SUBMISSION OF COAL TROUBLE TO ARBITRATION.

Pass Resolution Saying That No Agreement Seems Probable and Public Is Suffering—Want State Power Invoked to Force a Compromise—One Man Is Killed and One Fatally Injured in a Contest with the Miners' Pickets.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 8.—At the weekly meeting today of the Methodist ministers of this city a resolution was adopted calling upon Gov. Stone, President Baer of the Reading company, and President Mitchell of the United Mineworkers of America to end the strike in the coal regions. The resolution is as follows:

"Resolved, seeing that this matter has become one in which every person is interested, That we, as citizens and as ministers, representing communities upon which this strike has entailed suffering, request the contending parties, in the interest of the general weal, to at once take such measures as shall terminate the condition of things now prevailing.

"We recommend that, if unable to settle their differences between themselves, as appearances now indicate, they submit the matter for final adjustment to immediate arbitration.

"We recommend also that the authorities of the state use the full power which the law, or their positions, may give them to the end that a settlement of the strike be made and this peril to the welfare of the country be averted."

Fatal Encounter at Maltby.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 8.—A fight today between striking miners at Maltby resulted in the death of one man and the fatal injury of another. Both victims were Italians. The man killed was Sistieno Vancastelli, aged 36 years. His companion, Frank Portay, was stabbed several times and is in the Wilkesbarre hospital not expected to live.

All last night strikers gathered in the vicinity of the Maltby mine of the Lehigh Valley Coal company at Maltby, the Harry E. colliery at Forty-Fort. It was rumored that both of these mines were to start today with a full force of men. A number of strikers on guard at the Maltby colliery saw two men approaching carrying guns. The pickets came to the conclusion that they were nonunion men going to work. The strangers said they were starting on a hunting trip and that they were union miners. The strikers did not understand what was said and a fight ensued, and soon the two Italians were lying in a pool of blood in the roadway.

A number of coal and iron policemen were on the scene a few minutes after the discharge of the gun was heard. They found Vancastelli dead and Portay unconscious.

Martin and John Mahonie were arrested tonight, charged with being the leaders of the riot. The prisoners were arraigned before Magistrate Pollock and committed to jail without bail.

Fear Mob Will Take Prisoner.

Hiram Fisher, who is charged with shooting a Polish woman last night at Edwardsville, was today removed to the hospital in this city. Fears were entertained that he would be taken from the lockup and hanged. All night long a mob surrounded the building, and was so threatening that Burgess Dando was afraid to give the accused man a hearing.

PASTORS WANT STRIKE ENDED.

Congregational Ministers Adopt Resolutions Asking for an Amicable Settlement.

Congregational ministers of Chicago at a meeting in the Young Men's Christian association building declared themselves in favor of stopping the coal strike. Resolutions were adopted appealing to both parties in the strike "to seek of themselves to bring the struggle to an amicable and speedy close; otherwise to submit their differences to a competent board of arbitration."

OBITUARY.

JAMES R. WILLARD, Chicago, whose funeral took place yesterday afternoon at his late residence, 4164 Lake avenue, was for sixteen years a member of the board of trade. He came to Chicago in 1886 from Erie, Pa., where he was for fifteen years the owner and editor of the Erie Morning Dispatch. He was graduated from Dartmouth college with the class of '67 and was a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity. He left a wife and four grown children. Interment will be at Union City, Mich.

MAURICE BRENNAN, an aged actor playing an engagement with a comedy company at the Grand opera house, Terre Haute, Ind., was stricken with apoplexy at last night's performance. He died a few minutes later. Brennan joined the company in Chicago a week ago. His last address was 348 State street, Chicago.

Husband Kills Young Wife.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 8.—Ora E. Copenhaven, a young man, shot and killed his wife, aged 20 years, today at their home in this city and surrendered to the police. Copenhaven charged his wife with unfaithfulness.

TROOPS MOVE TO ATTACK MOROS.

Gen. Sumner Is Ordered to Advance Against the Hostile Natives.

IN UNKNOWN DISTRICT.

Campaign in Maciu Intended to Subdue All Unruly Tribes in Mindanao.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, Sept. 8.—The Moro situation has reached a crisis. Gen. Chaffee has ordered Gen. Sumner to advance into the Maciu country, which is a stronghold of a majority of the hostile Moros, and where most of the recent attacks on the Americans originated.

Gen. Sumner will have eight companies of infantry, two troops of cavalry, and a battery of artillery, and will use Camp Vicars as his base. He will protect all friendly Moros and subdue the hostile ones. He also will exact a substantial pledge from the latter that they will keep the peace in the future. The campaign will begin in a week.

The Maciu district is partly unknown, but it is believed that there are several Moro strongholds there.

Chaffee Tells of Attacks.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—The war department has received a cable dispatch from Gen. Chaffee, dated Manila, Sept. 6, stating that an attack was made on the United States troops at Matiling Falls, seven miles from Camp Vicars, by Moros, on Sept. 1. First Lieut. William M. Parker, Tenth infantry, and two soldiers were wounded and one soldier killed. Gen. Chaffee also says:

"Have authorized Brig. Gen. Samuel S. Sumner to move troops into Maciu country and exact promise of good behavior in future from datos and followers. Troops have been attacked twelve times since May 2, with loss to us of four killed and twelve wounded. We have remained all the time quiet, seeking friendship; in action, self-defense only."

Army Not Yet Aggressive.

The last part of Gen. Chaffee's dispatch evidently is intended to inform the war department that the army has been active wholly upon the defensive in the Moro country. His instructions have been to do nothing which would provoke a conflict with the Moros, and the position of the war department is that if there is a conflict it must be justified by the aggressions of the Moros.

Some time ago Gen. Chaffee asked for authority to attack the Moros immediately, but he was advised that the department wished to avoid hostilities if possible. At the same time it has long been the belief of officials of the department that an aggressive campaign in Mindanao is inevitable.

HAS PRAISE FOR THE FILIPINOS.

Maj. Cornelius Gardener Says Natives Have Been Abused and Some Day Will Surprise the World.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—"I tried only to do my duty. I belong to the army and not to politics or to those seeking the notoriety that political speeches and intrigues bring. I made reference to the water cure, as I saw it had a bad effect upon the natives and I believed it should be stopped."

That was the statement of Maj. Cornelius Gardener, late military and civil governor of the province of Tayabas, island of Luzon, and who returned from the Philippines yesterday after three years' stay in the islands.

"In December I sent a confidential report to the secretary of war, or at least what I supposed was a confidential report," said Maj. Gardener, in speaking of the much mooted water cure administered to Filipinos by American soldiers.

"As governor of Tayabas I was asked to make a report on the conditions there. Unfortunately my report, or a part of it, crept into the newspapers and into politics—there was a leak somewhere. In that report I criticised the manner in which some things were being done by certain individual officers, whose acts I believed contrary to what the government desired should be the means employed to bring peace and harmony among the natives.

"The Filipinos are hungry for education. They have been lied about, and misrepresented, and misjudged, but the fact remains they desire our education and our civilization. Why, I have here with me a young Filipino, Emilio De Gala, whom I am sending to the University of Michigan, where he will enter the medical department after taking a preparatory course. He is not the first that has gone to that institution from the province of which I was governor.

"There are a dozen towns in Tayabas province that are making up subscriptions to keep as many young Filipinos in American institutions of learning as they can possibly afford.

"That water cure business? Well, the fact is, I made the reference to the water cure practice among soldiers and sanctioned by some officers because I saw it made a bad impression upon the Filipinos. They were and are a much abused people. I became as intimate with them as any officer, and I tried to do my duty as an officer and man.

"I belong to the army, and the army has done glorious work out there. The war is now over, and I think we can afford to be generous as well as just with the Filipinos. Give them an equal chance at education as is civilization and they will surprise you."

COLORADO
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S MOVE TO TACK MOROS.

ner Is Ordered to e Against the tile Natives.

OWN DISTRICT.

n Maciu Intended to ll Unruly Tribes Mindanao.

D THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
t. 8.—The Moro situation has Gen. Chaffee has ordered o advance into the Maciu is a stronghold of a majority oros, and where most of the n the Americans originated. will have eight companies of roops of cavalry, and a bat-y, and will use Camp Vicars He will protect all friendly ue the hostile ones. He also stantial pledge from the lat-will keep the peace in the mpaign will begin in a week. strict is partly unknown, but hat there are several Moro re.

Tells of Attacks.

D. C., Sept. 8.—The war de-ceived a cable dispatch from ated Manila, Sept. 6, stat-ack was made on the United t Matiling Falls, seven miles cars, by Moros, on Sept. 1. illiam M. Parker, Tenth in-soldiers were wounded and d. Gen. Chaffee also says: rized Brig. Gen. Samuel S. e troops into Maciu country se of good behavior in future followers. Troops have been e times since May 2, with ur killed and twelve wounded remained all the time quiet, ship; in action, self-defense

Not Yet Aggressive.

of Gen. Chaffee's dispatch ev-nded to inform the war de-the army has been acting e defensive in the Moro coun-ctions have been to do noth-uld provoke a conflict with. the position of the war de-t if there is a conflict it must the aggressions of the Moros. o Gen. Chaffee asked for au-ack the Moros immediately, dvised that the department d hostilities if possible. At it has long been the belief of department that an aggres-in Mindanao is inevitable.

E FOR THE FILIPINOS.

ns Gardener Says Natives n Abused and Some Day Surprise the World.

co, Cal., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—to do my duty. I belong to not to politics or to those otoriety that political speeches bring. I made reference to e, as I saw it had a bad effect ives and I believed it should

he statement of Maj. Cornelius e military and civil governor e of Tayabas, island of Luzon, rned from the Philippines yes-three years' stay in the is-

er I sent a confidential report ry of war, or at least what I a confidential report," said r, in speaking of the much cure administered to Filipinos oldiers.

or of Tayabas I was asked to on the conditions there. Un-y report, or a part of it, crept apers into politics—there somewhere. In that report I manner in which some things one by certain individual e acts I believed contrary to rnment desired should be the ed to bring peace and harmony tives.

nos are hungry for education. een lied about, and misrepre-sejudged by the fact remains ur education and our civiliza-I have here with me a young a De Gala, whom I am send-niversity of Michigan, where the medical department after aratory course. He is not the gone to that institution from of which I was governor. a dozen towns in Tayabas are making up subscriptions ny young Filipinos in Ameri-ns of learning as they can pos-

r cure business? Well, the de the reference to the water among soldiers and sanctioned are because I saw it made a bad on the Filipinos. They were ch abused people. I became as them as any officer, and I duty as an officer and a man. the army, and the army has work out there. The war is I think we can afford to be well as just with the Filipinos. equal chance at education as in d they will surprise you."

LORADO
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lass round-trip tickets, on ,30 to Sept. 10, inclusive.
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IDEAS FOR SWELL GOWNS FILCHED.

Dressmakers in Convention Make Charges Against European Modistes.

PLATT AND ODELL MEET.

Decide That Republican State Convention Will Indorse Roosevelt.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Sept. 8.

Dressmakers Hold National Convention.

Two thousand dressmakers, organized as the Dressmakers' Protective Association of America, for the purpose of combating the Parisian and Berlin modistes, held a convention at 28 West Twenty-third street today. It will continue until Friday afternoon. If the dressmakers dress their customers as well as they dress themselves there is no excuse for anybody rushing across the water for clothes.

The few men who broke into today's proceedings had a good time—so good a time that they wanted permission to come again. They couldn't get it, though, because Miss White, the president of the association, is to give an exhibition of the right and the wrong ways of wearing corsets, and is to be associated in the demonstration by six young women of great attractiveness.

From 10 o'clock in the morning until 2 in the afternoon the dressmakers just met each other, looked over Parisian gowns, etc. The Parisian gowns are handsome, but Miss White informed the dressmakers that they were nothing but American ideas which French dressmakers had appropriated to themselves.

"I will show you," said she, "that not only this year, but for several years back the Paris and Berlin dressmakers have been stealing American ideas, putting them in gowns, and then selling them for enormous prices to foolish American women, who cannot see that they could dress as well, if not better, at home."

Miss White then proceeded to put on a number of American gowns of her own creation. As she donned each one she would stand alongside of a dummy garbed in a Paris production and show wherein the latter was a copy. The dressmakers were properly shocked at this plagiarism.

After the demonstration there was a period for comment and discussion. Several attempts to extend the range of debate were made but the iron rule of Miss White prevailed, and the dressmakers were kept within the limit.

Will Indorse Roosevelt and Odell.

When President Roosevelt returns to Oyster Bay his most important visitor will be Marcus A. Hanna, senator from Ohio, and chairman of the republican national committee. Senator Hanna has been asked to spend a day at Oyster Bay, and it is understood that he has fixed on Wednesday of next week as the date most convenient for him.

Gov. Odell came down from Lake Mohonk this morning and met Senator Platt at the Fifth Avenue hotel.

This was the last talk before the republican state convention meets in Saratoga on Sept. 23, and they talked about a number of matters affecting the republican situation. Gov. Odell and Senator Platt discussed the platform which is to be adopted by the state convention, and it was announced that no matter what is said the state convention will give a hearty indorsement to President Roosevelt's administration. It will also indorse Gov. Odell's state administration.

There are still people, so it was asserted today, who would like to have a resolution introduced in the convention pledging the convention to Mr. Roosevelt in 1904. Leading republicans said with a good deal of vigor that if any resolution of this character is presented to the convention it will be referred to the committee on resolutions, and that the committee on resolutions will deal with it as it is deemed proper.

Opposes Motion to Dismiss Steel Suit.

A brief was filed today in Newark, N. J., by the complainants in the action of J. Aspinwall Hodge Jr. and others against the United States Steel corporation to prevent the retirement of $200,000,000 preferred stock and the issue of $250,000,000 bonds by the corporation. The brief filed opposes a motion by the corporation's attorneys that the suit be dismissed as a conspiracy.

Affidavits by Mr. Hodge as to his good faith in the suit and by John H. Lancaster denying alleged admissions made by him to a clerk of Mr. Guthrie of counsel for the defendant corporation also were filed today. The brief filed by the attorneys for Mr. Hodge accuses the United States Steel corporation and its attorneys of tampering with James H. Lancaster, a witness for the complainants, of being afraid to examine Mr. Hodge, of intimidating would be complainants, and of attempting to delay a judicial decision on the merits of the case.

"As the position of these professional majority stockholders becomes more safe from ordinary attack their boldness in violating equity and good morals proportionately increases," says Mr. Hodge through his lawyers. "It is becoming more and more important for them to stifle inquiry in court, and therefore as a first step to make it so disagreeable to sue them that they will not be sued."

In conclusion the complainants ask for an early decision on their motion for an injunction to restrain the proposed retirement of stock and issue of bonds.

James H. Lancaster's affidavit contradicts sworn statements made by Joseph Corrigan, a clerk in the office of Mr. Guthrie of counsel for the steel corporation. Corrigan said Lancaster had declared to him that he (Lancaster) had been paid for his testimony in this suit by David Lamar, and that he had been tricked and deceived.

The battleships Massachusetts, Alabama, and Kearsarge and the cruiser Brooklyn arrived today from the scene of the recent army and navy maneuvers at the eastern end of Long Island sound. Just prior to the arrival of this squadron the torpedo flotilla of eight craft passed out the Narrows bound to sea.

Chicago Woman Arrested in New York.

Nina Wells, a well dressed woman of about 30 years old, was arraigned in the Jefferson Market police court this morning charged with being a fugitive from justice. Several days ago Capt. Titus received word from the chief of police in Chicago that the woman was wanted there for jumping her bail bond in a case of larceny. Detectives saw her at Thirty-seventh street and Seventh avenue on Sunday and arrested her.

Vanderbilt Arrested for Fast Riding.

While on the way to New York from Kansas City, Mo., in the custody of a detective, Herman Neuman jumped through the window of an express train going at the rate of fifty miles an hour at a point midway between Rhinecliff and Stattsburg, on the New York Central railroad today and was so badly hurt that he will die.

A young man who gave his name as Harold S. Vanderbilt and said he was at present stopping with Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont at Hempstead came flying up South street in Oyster Bay this afternoon in a racing automobile. Seated beside him was a chauffeur. Deputy Sheriff John Garvin arrested the pair. They went before Justice of the Peace Walter Franklin. The young man entered a plea of guilty to the charge of fast riding, saying that he must have been running too fast if the deputy said so. Justice Franklin imposed a fine of $10, which was at once paid. Harold S. Vanderbilt is the youngest son of William K. Vanderbilt and the stepson of O. H. P. Belmont.

Long Branch Gamblers Are Fined.

Several young girls and a woman were overcome by smoke in a fire at 5:25 p. m. today in the nine story Douglass building, 13 West Seventeenth street. The front half of the floor is occupied by the Burnt Leather Goods company, and John Cox, the manager, is responsible for the statement that hangers ordered by Mrs. Roosevelt were destroyed by the fire.

Bank Clerk Leaves Hint of Shortage.

"When my books at the bank are straightened out you will know all." This was the message written by Ernest Reyersberg, a clerk employed in the banking house of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, before he committed suicide tonight. The inference the police drew from the communication found in the young man's room with his body is that his accounts are wrong in some way, and that this fact was the reason for taking his own life.

The steamship Furnessia arrived here from Glasgow with 624 cabin and 196 steerage passengers this morning. Last Monday a huge sea boarded the liner and washed Robert Chambers, a seaman, along the decks and injured him so severely that he died on Saturday and was buried at sea.

Candy Manufacturers Get Together.

The National Candy company was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., today, with an authorized capital stock of $9,000,000, which amount, it was rumored in the secretary of state's office, is soon to be increased to between $25,000,000 and $30,000,000. The present authorized issue is divided into $1,000,000 of first preferred stock, $2,000,000 of second preferred stock, and $6,000,000 of common stock. Both classes of preferred stock will bear 7 per cent cumulative dividends. The incorporators are Harry Semple Ames of St. Louis, Frank F. Reed, George B. Goodwin, Edward S. Rogers, and Samuel E. Hall of Chicago, and Frank P. McDermott of Jersey City. The charter sets forth that the objects of the company are to manufacture sugar, glucose, candy, chocolate, licoriece, chewing gum, popcorn, and any other variety of candy or confection.

Malcolm's Defalcation Is Growing.

Lawyer W. R. Ryan reported to Vice Chancellor Stevens in the Jersey City Chancery court today that new defalcations were daily coming to light in the case of William Malcolm, the treasurer of the Passaic Mutual Building and Loan association, who has disappeared. The shortage was at first thought to be $60,000. Mr. Ryan said that an examination had shown that it was over $150,000, and there are still thirty-eight pass books to be examined.

Convention of Gideon Society.

The Gideon society, composed of commercial travelers, will hold its Illinois state convention in Chicago on Sept. 13 and 14, at the Second Baptist church.

DRAMA IN THE EAST AND WEST—LAZARRE GIVEN FIRST PRODUCTION.

MINNIE DUPREE IN "A ROSE O' PLYMOUTH TOWN."

NANNETTE COMSTOCK ANNABEL DE CHAUMONT IN "LAZARRE."

OTIS SKINNER IN "LAZARRE"

ELIZABETH KENNEDY, NYE. TRENTONI, IN "CAPTAIN JINKS OF THE HORSE MARINES."

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

LAZARRE.
A Play in Five Acts,
BY
OTIS SKINNER AND AUBREY BOUCICAULT.

Presented at the Green Bay theater, Green Bay, Wis., by Otis Skinner and His Company Sept. 8, 1902. The cast:

Lazarre	Mr. Skinner
Dr. Chantry	Walter Allen
Count de Chaumont	Joseph Weaver
Napoleon	Charles B. Welles
Comte de Provence, afterwards Louis XVIII	Ben T. Ringgold
Thomas Williams	Damon Lyon
Skenedoah	Walter Lewis
Duc de Rovigo	Walter Pyre
Bellenger	F. Van Rensselaer
Marquis de Piessis	Merwyn Dallas
Comte de Favas	Howard Dodson
Abbe Edgeworth	D. Lyon
Court Head Butler	W. Pyre
Gentlemen	Messrs. Karr and Boylan
Roustan	Mr. Stockdale
Annabelle de Chaumont	Nannette Comstock
Eagle de Ferrier	Maud Durbin
Ernestine	Jane Butt
Princesse Marie Therese	Alice Wilson
Comtess de Favas	Miss Henley
Nathalie	Miss Tisdale
Court ladies	Misses Padden and Anderson

Green Bay, Wis., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Mrs. Josephine Phillips sat in the Green Bay theater tonight in one of the most brilliant audiences ever gathered in northern Wisconsin and witnessed the performance of a drama based on the alleged adventures of her adopted father, the Rev. Eleazar Williams, whose claims to identity with the young son of Louis XVI. at one time proved a great bone of contention in North America. The occasion was the first production of "Lazarre," the play made by Otis Skinner from Mrs. Mary Hartwell Catherwood's novel of the same name.

In the audience there were a number of Oneida Indians, children of the aborigines who listened to Williams' teaching for so many years. With them were the Rev. F. W. Merrill, their missionary, and J. C. Hart, the superintendent of their reservation. What the Indians thought of the drama or of their counterfeit presentments by white men on the stage could never be told from their expressionless, sphinx-like features. What the remainder of the audience thought was clearly shown by the applause which was showered in profusion upon Mr. Skinner, Miss Durbin, and the company.

It is not often that a town enjoys the distinction of playing the experimental "dog" to so meritorious and enjoyable a first production, and Green Bay showed no resentment at having been chosen for that purpose in this case.

Mrs. Catherwood, her husband, J. S. Catherwood, and their daughter, Hazel, and niece, Naomi, from a box watched the performance with mingled nervousness and enjoyment. There was also quite a sprinkling of theatrical people from Chicago present. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Parkinson, the Misses Parkinson, Kelso Parkinson, and Miss Virginia Hardy. With them was Miss Mildred Martin of Minneapolis.

It was largely a matter of sentiment that caused Manager Buckley to fix upon Green Bay for the first performance of the drama. It was in this Wisconsin town that Eleazar Williams lived for many years during his labors as a missionary among the Indians. His beloved Oneidas settled in these parts, and their reservation, now in charge of his successors, is not far from this place.

To the old settlers of northeastern Wisconsin Williams, the missionary, at least was a living reality, and unsettled as some of them considered his mind regarding his alleged royal birth, they knew that he really existed, for there are many today who were personally acquainted with him and who remember him and his story well.

His belief in the Dauphin myth was strong, and he persuaded many to share it with him, although it was generally admitted he had in reality no genuine proof on which to base his claims and that he really was the victim of a hallucination.

However that may all be, there is no one to quarrel with Mrs. Catherwood for seizing upon the incident out of which to coin her romance, and Mr. Skinner is to be congratulated upon obtaining so fanciful and charming an idea on which to build his play. There is no doubt that Mr. Skinner has made a successful dramatization of the book, although in doing so he had to sacrifice much of the material used by Mrs. Catherwood, which while acceptable in the novel would have greatly cluttered the play and retarded the dramatic action. In short, he has clarified the story and has made a play which moves swiftly and smoothly toward the objective climax. Such material as he has interpolated is fairly consistent and the changes he has made in the story and the characters really aid the auditor's comprehension of what the author is trying to relate. Some of the comedy, while of the conventional sort, is quite amusing and serves to lighten the romantic gloom which surrounds the part of the lost Dauphin and permeates to other characters as well.

That the work of dramatizing the story has been successfully done without material injury to the romantic central idea is due entirely to Mr. Skinner's intimate knowledge of stagecraft and theatrical effects. An immense amount of labor has been put on the play, both in written dialogue and stage business, and it is not too much to say that it is one of the most successful at turning a novel into a drama that the theater has seen in some time. The cutting away of extraneous matter and the simplification of the part of Eagle helped immensely in the work of presenting a coherent and consecutive play.

It may almost go without saying that the personalities of Mr. and Mrs. Skinner had a great deal to do with the play's successful presentation. These conscientious artists, the work of each of whom so perfectly complements the other, have entered with intelligence and enthusiasm into the parts they perform. Lazarre is a character which might easily be rendered flamboyant and ridiculous in the hands of a robustious actor, but with Mr. Skinner it never steps over the border line which separates pathos from bathos. He avoids all temptation to rant, and when the time comes for him to reach his climax he has plenty of reserve force, and he attains his point easily and naturally.

The gradual increase in his power was shown from scene to scene in finely modulated action and voice, in careful repression, in conscientious feeling of the part he played. He is always a prince of the blood royal, whether among the Indians in North America or boarding the Corsican in the Tuileries. There was a fine differentiation of this in the scene between him and his vulgar uncle. His refusal of the embassy's offer in the last act was full of quiet dignity.

Mrs. Skinner (Maude Durbin) brings to the difficult part of Eagle that true feeling and fine artistic sense which distinguishes all her work. This character, which might easily in the hands of a baser actress become maudlin, is with her always dignified, always noble, always tender and womanly.

Something of the principal's enthusiasm has been communicated to most members of the company. Of course, the work is still ragged in places, but it only needs a little more experience to bring the cast into entire sympathy with their parts and with the central force and idea, for the company is intelligent and tractable and the cast has been distributed with wisdom.

Nannette Comstock, as Annabel de Chaumont, and Walter Allen, as Dr. Chantry, furnished some really enjoyable comedy during the progress of the play, and Damon Lyon was impressive both as Thomas Williams and the Abbé Edgeworth. Walter Lewis was a noble and dignified Skenedoah, who did credit to the real owner of that name, who sat in an orchestra chair watching him.

Several of the scenes were set with great beauty and care, and the glamour of romance was thrown over the whole play. When it has seen the stage a few more times it may take a permanent place in the romantic dramas of the day. Mrs. Catherwood received several telegrams of congratulation, among them one from the Bowen-Merrill company.

A ROSE O' PLYMOUTH TOWN.
A Romantic Comedy,
BY
BEULAH MARIE DIX AND EVELYN GREENLEAF SUTHERLAND.

Presented at the Columbia theater, Washington, by Minnie Dupree and her company, Sept. 8, 1902. The cast:

Miriam Chillingsley, cousin to Miles	Miss Edith Wright
Barbara Standish, wife to Miles	Miss Cornelia Bedford
Resolute Story, aunt to Miles. Mrs. Sol Smith	
Rose de la Noye	Miss Minnie Dupree
John Margeson of the Plymouth colonists	Bennett Sturgis
Phillippe De La Noye of the Plymouth colonists	Douglas Fairbanks
Garrett Foster of Weston's men	Guy Bates Post
Miles Standish, captain of Plymouth	Augustus Cook

Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—As a play "A Rose o' Plymouth Town" has little of dramatic power to recommend it, but it is couched in the English of the Puritan period, which softens everything which it describes by its quaintness. It has some bright sallies characteristic of feminine humor, but nothing explosive. As there are only eight characters in the whole piece, half of the cast at least had strong parts.

The character of Rose is skillfully drawn, and it was spiritedly depicted by Miss Dupree. So far as technical endowments go, it was as well rounded a performance of an individual part as any that has been seen here for a number of seasons. Miss Dupree has a bright, quaint personality, with a small, querulous voice, and a method, broadly speaking, like that of Maude Adams.

Miss Dupree could understudy Miss Adams, and it is doubtful if the latter would be missed. But her method is mechanical and lacking in sympathy, and her emotions are elocutionary rather than repressed, and therefore she is deficient in the higher qualities of dramatic power. Her interpretation, however, is marked by decided grace and ease, and it is probable her performance will be well received and the public may accept her as a star, even though her first venture is not of surpassing characteristic quality.

Mr. Post gave an excellent performance of the leading rôle. The part needs toning down and sundry incongruities will have to be softened, but the general conception of the part is vigorous and artistic and shows the actor to advantage.

At the Vaudeville Houses.

"Capt. Impudence," the little comedy which Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Milton Royle, supported by Mamie Dupont and Emmett Shakelford, present at the Olympic this week, is a clever condensation of the comedy drama, "In Mexico," and belongs to the best vaudeville attractions offered here for many a day. It is delightfully humorous, without farcical exaggeration, and is excellently played by the company.

James J. Morton, the monologue entertainer, is another prominent feature of this week's bill. He is so well known here and so popular that it is not necessary to enlarge on his merits. A fine musical number is offered by the three musical Dumonds. The violinist is particularly good and made a great hit yesterday. Clara Ballerini, the trapeze performer, equilibrist, and dancer, who was seen here earlier in the summer, and Sig. Ballerini, with his trained dogs, are also interesting. Flo Adler, the singer, Raymond and Clark, the dancers, and the Romany Trio of musicians are among the other attractions.

At the Chicago opera house the principal specialty is offered this week by Wayburn's Girl Jockeys, a troupe of fifteen handsome and graceful girls, headed by the Countess von Hatzfeldt, who do some clever singing and dancing. Woodward, Layton and Rehns made a hit yesterday with their pantomimic fantasy. Gracie Emmett and company present "Mrs. Murphy's Second Husband," a ludicrous sketch, which has been seen here at different times. Among the other members of the bill which deserve special mention are the four Oliphans, in an eccentric comedy act; Leona, Thurber and Picks, who offer a clever singing and dancing act; the brothers Rossi, musical comedians of considerable talent; and Marie Carey, well known in this city as a gifted comedienne.

At the Haymarket Matt Ott and company offer their stupid farce, entitled "Heinz in a Pickle," this week. Strange to say, they are headlined, while Winona and Banks Winter, who offer a charming little comedy entitled "The Disappointed Romeo," are not. Lew Hawkins, the great favorite, is also among the principal attractions. Mme. Emmy and her trained fox terriers deserve mention. Among the best features, not headlined, are the brothers Bright, Alburtus and Millar, and Marion and Pearl, comedy acrobats.

Miss Kennedy Opens Season.

Asbury Park, N. J., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Miss Elizabeth Kennedy opened her starring season here tonight, playing the part of Mme. Trentoni in Clyde Fitch's "Capt. Jinks of the Horse Marines." The part was created originally by Miss Ethel Barrymore, who played the rôle last season with remarkable success.

Molly Pitcher Not a Success.

New York, Sept. 8.—[Special.]—It was perhaps not to be expected that the heroine of George G. Haselton's Molly "Pitcher," which was produced for the first time tonight at the Manhattan theater, should bear any resemblance to the character of the same name as depicted by the mere historian. The Molly Pitcher of the historian, it appears, was married, and had the further disadvantage from the point of view of the playwright of being distinguished by red hair, freckles, and a temper to match. It does not appear that until the day of the battle of Monmouth she ever organized a company of artillery, interfered with the course of martial law, or did anything of that sort.

Such details, be it granted, are not, according to current conceptions, dramatic. Even as Barbara Frietchie in Mr. Clyde Fitch's hands lost her old gray head, so Molly was doomed to lose her red hair, her bad temper, and her freckles.

But the playwright has done more and worse. There is much of the conventional tomfoolery of the stage, verging upon horseplay, but not a touch of comedy. There is much sound and fury, but even in the way of melodrama it signifies nothing.

The relieving grace of the play (which could not quite save it) was the acting of Miss Elizabeth Tyree. In a crude and bungling manner her part of Molly gave scope for a considerable display of animal spirits and hoyden charm, and in taking advantage of them she showed, what she has often showed before, that within the lines of such parts she is attractive and charming. Alone in herself she is almost worth the price of admission.

The Holdover Shows.

The last week but one of "The Wizard of Oz" began yesterday before a crowded house. The clever musical fantasy still holds its own and shows no decrease of its popularity.

The second week of Amelia Bingham in "A Modern Magdalen" began last night.

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SUMMER COMPLAINT GERM INTERESTS CHICAGO DOCTORS

Baltimore Discovery Called Important —Report Attaching It to McCormick Memorial Fund an Error.

Chicago physicians regard with interest the discovery announced by Baltimore physicians of the germ of the infantile disease commonly known as "summer complaint," but they say the eastern reports attaching it to the work of the McCormick memorial fund is an error. Dr. Ludwig Hektoen, professor of pathology at the University of Chicago, said yesterday:

"While research for the germ of the summer complaint common to infants has been made for years and with some success, the first definite work has been accomplished by the Baltimore students. Should their conclusions be proved correct, and if they really have discovered the germ, they have accomplished something that will result in the saving of the lives of hundreds of infants. Their discovery is important.

"Of course the first step in the curing of a disease is isolation. Just as the first step in a murder case is the arrest of the criminal."

The new work on the germ of the infantile disease was made by Charles W. Duval of Annapolis and Victor H. Bassett of Aledo, Ill., who are medical students working in the laboratory of the Thomas Wilson sanitarium for children at Mount Wilson. Science is indebted for the work, whatever its results, to John D. Rockefeller, who two years ago founded the Rockefeller Institute for the promotion of medical research. Dr. William H. Welch of Baltimore was asked to conduct the inquiries. Dr. Wilson took up the investigation of infantile "summer complaint" at the instance of Dr. Welch and intrusted the detail work to the two students in his sanitarium.

At the same time Mr. Rockefeller founded the institute in Baltimore he and his son-in-law, Harold McCormick, founded the Memorial Institute for the investigation of infectious diseases in this city. This latter institute was founded as a monument to Jack Rockefeller McCormick, who died of scarlet fever. One of its purposes is to find an antitoxin for that disease. The experiments are carried on in the Rush Medical college in connection with the Presbyterian hospital.

SNOW ON LAKE SUPERIOR.

Sailing Masters Arriving at Duluth Report Flurries on Eastern End.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 8.—Masters of incoming vessels at this port report snow on Lake Superior today, the first of the season. Flurries of snow are believed to have been quite general on the eastern end of Lake Superior.

DEATHS.

[For other deaths see page 9.]

WALL—The funeral of Harry Edward Wall will be held at the Second Presbyterian church chapel, Michigan-av. and 20th-st., Wednesday, Sept. 10, at 10 a. m. Burial at Oakwoods cemetery.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

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Matt Ott & Company. Madame Emmy. Winona & Banks Winter. The Two Schrodes. Marion & Pearl. Dave Nowlin. Beckwith & Cole. The Kinodrome. Lew Hawkins. Hines & Remington. Brothers Bright. Alburtus & Millar. Steve Jennings. The Linns. Baby Blossom. Wilson & Jones.
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CARELESS RIDE CAUSES SCANDAL.

Jiminez's Defeat by Rose Tree Leads to Ugly Talk at Harlem.

BIRKENRUTH IS BLAMED.

Jockey Held Responsible and Fined—Mare Finishes with Rare Speed.

Rose Tree's flashlight rush through the stretch, which carried her to the wire a head before Jiminez in time that lowered the track record for a mile to 1:38 1-5, was the feature at Harlem yesterday, but left an unpleasant aftermath because of the inadequate and careless ride put up by Jockey Birkenruth on Jiminez, which had led into the stretch by five lengths.

The fact that Ed Corrigan owns Rose Tree, 19 to 5 in the betting, and that Pat Dunne, his nephew, owns Jiminez, the 4 to 5 favorite, caused suspicious persons to excitably proclaim "robbery" and "job." This, in the opinion of conservative horsemen, was an extreme view, and the judges evidently inclined to the same view, as they fined Jockey Birkenruth for his carelessness $100 instead of suspending him, as they would do if they suspected criminality.

Because of Jiminez's record breaking mile and a quarter on Saturday he was a legitimate favorite, but at the same time many gave the known speed of Rose Tree a royal chance, especially as it was not improbable Jiminez might be a trifle off edge because of the speedy effort only two days before. This was disproved by the race, however, as Jiminez set the pace, and from a point just before the quarter pole increased his lead from two lengths to five as he was well straightened out in the stretch. It looked easy to Birkenruth, and he entirely failed to notice the onrushing Rose Tree. About seventy yards from the wire he turned in the saddle and saw Rose Tree almost at Jiminez's saddle girths. Then Birkenruth went to work with hands and heels, but although Jiminez responded, the distance to the wire was too short.

Six Furlongs in 1:12 1-5.

Rose Tree's race was really a remarkable performance. The mare met trouble in the race several times, and, separately timed by Owner Ed Corrigan, ran the first quarter in :26 and the last six furlongs in 1:12 1-5, faster than Burnie Bunton's time in the sprint.

After Joe Buckley had taken the initial race at the wire and one-half furlong from Calbe at the liberal odds of 3 to 2, Burnie Bunton and Nellie Waddell hooked up at six furlongs. There were other starters, but the talent figured these two as the contenders, and so they proved. Nellie Waddell essayed to set the pace, with Rag Tag second and Burnie Bunton third. Nellie Waddell held her lead well into the stretch, while Burnie moved up to second, and from the eighth post home Newman's speedy mare cut down the distance and won easily by three parts of a length.

The steeplechase following resulted in the victory of Wenlock and the death of Teller, who was shipped up from St. Louis to run in the stake on Saturday, and was entered yesterday as a preparation. Teller cut his left foreleg so badly he had to be shot. Iceni fell and Crest threw his rider, but neither boy was hurt.

Urchin's Entry Barred.

The last event, a selling affair at one mile and seventy yards, brought out the judicial action of the day. Urchin, the winner, quoted at 20 to 1, being barred by the judges from all future races at Harlem because of inconsistent racing. Urchin got up just in time to beat The Caxton a head on the post, Silurian, the favorite, being a neck back.

Harlem Summaries Sept. 8.

Weather clear; track fast.

First race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400, 2 year olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fin.
8-2	Joe Buckley, 110 (Winkfield)	3	1	1	1½	1
8-1	Calbe, 105 (Birkenruth)	4	6	6	4½	2
9-1	Maxette, 98 (Helgeson)	2	2	2	2½	3

Time, 1:07 2-5. Fericles, 110 (J. Matthews); Florestan, 104 (Hoar); Snare, 98 (Davison); Almario, 101 (Reed); Adirondack, 98 (Bell); Lord Touchwood, 93 (Treanor); Senator Morrison, 107 (J. McIntyre); and Solver, 101 (Winsett), finished as named. Dutch Princess, 98 (W. Knapp), left at the post. Winner Dunne's b. g. by Lazzarone—Dorothy II. Start good. Won easily.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $500:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fin.
18-10	B. Bunton, 109 (Birk'th)	2	1½	2	2½	1½
1-2	N. Waddell, 103 (H'g'son)	3	2	1	1	2½
15-1	Rag Tag, 106 (J. Mat'ws)	1	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:12 2-5. Vulcain, 112 (Buchanan); Hargis, 108 (J. Winkfield); and Inspector Shea, 106 (Hoar), finished as named. Winner Newman's ch. f. by Rancocas—Dead Cinch. Start fair. Won easily.

Third race, 1 mile, all ages, selling, the Cicero stakes, $1,000 added:

Rolling Boer	113	Constellator	101
Ethel Wheat	107	Balkan	101
Artena	105	Emathion	91
Hermencia	105	Lacrimae	91
Mal. Dixon	102	Champagne	86

Fourth race, 1 mile, 3 years olds, handicap:

Bon Mot	110	Water Edge	99
*Harry New	108	*Ravensbury	90
Talpa	90		

*S. C. Hildreth entry.

Fifth race, 4½ furlongs, 2 year olds:

Gregor K	108	Adios	99
Agnes Mack	105	Sabinal	98
Hattie Walker	99	Mary Glenn	93
Dodona	99		

Sixth race, 1¼ miles, selling:

Edith Q	108	Marcos	101
Cougar	107	Lady Chorister	98
Ed Adack	107	Trentham	98

Notes of the Track.

Sam Hildreth lost his biggest bet of the meeting in the Scintillant race. He thought Searcher was a "cinch" to run second and bet $5,000 place, only to see his money burned up by the good race of Archie.

Thurles' trainer made a protest to Judge Hamilton while John Condon was in the stand and the latter made the declaration that Harlem would use every effort to stop the practice of "doping" horses.

Urchin, winner of the last race, was boosted by William Cahill to $600, $300 over his entered price, but retained by his owner, D. F. Cox, who then found his horse had been barred from further starts.

Matt Foster received a cable from Fred Foster at Coeln, Germany, yesterday, saying the latter had won a big 3 year old race with Ecola, Brady, jockey, and also the German Futurity, worth $30,000, with Fama, Nate Hill, jockey.

Myron H. Tichenor of the racing firm of M. H. Tichenor & Co. hopes the ban placed on his filly, Lacrimae, may be lifted by the Harlem judges. He gives the filly's record this year as two wins, seven seconds, two thirds, five times unplaced, which he declares is not the record of an inconsistent racehorse.

Secretary Nathanson in his handicap of the Junior stakes at six furlongs for 2 year olds, to be run this afternoon, shows comparatively his opinion of Savable, the Futurity winner, who was entered, by assigning him top weight, 130 pounds. Early, 120 pounds, is the highest impost among those likely to start. Dick Welles was not nominated.

MADDEN WINS TWO HANDICAPS.

Col. Bill and The Rival Carry Kentuckian's Colors to Victory at Sheepshead Bay.

New York, Sept. 8.—[Special.]—In the absence of his employers, who have gone abroad, John E. Madden, trainer for Will iam C. Whitney, Whitney & Duryea, and "Mr. Roslyn," today took the center of the stage at Sheepshead bay racetrack by means of a double coup with the horses Col. Bill and The Rival, winners of the two handicaps. Both ran in Madden's name and colors and both started at remunerative prices. The Kentucky horseman backed both and was said to have won heavily.

After Daly, Baron Pepper, and Francesco each in turn had made a part of the running The Rival went on and simply romped in first by three lengths. Col. Bill showed a somewhat startling improvement over his previous effort, when he was badly beaten. Racing well up all the way in the Ocean handicap, he won cleverly in fast time from one of the best fields of the fall meeting.

In the race for the Sapphire stakes for 2 year olds racegoers were disappointed again by the withdrawal of the Futurity contender, Lord of the Vale. The race was the prettiest and closest of the afternoon, with three horses heads apart at the end, and James R. Keene's Clarion the first of the three.

John A. Drake bet $10,000 against $16,000 with Harry Harris on Runnels in the second race at 8 to 5.

Joe Ullman's book was not doing business today, which caused considerable surprise. The explanation offered by those operating it was that they had a bad day on Saturday and were playing safe.

Sheepshead Bay Summaries Sept. 8.

Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, 5½ furlongs, $800 added, 2 year olds, selling, maidens, fillies and geldings:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fin.
10-1	Captivator, 101 (Rice)	3	1½	1½	1½	1
15-1	Dianty, 110 (Landry)	2	4½	4½	2½	2½
150-1	Interval, 105 (Boleen)	4	3½	3½	4½	3½

Time 1:07. Sir Preston, 99 pounds (D. O'Connor); Whitfull, 99 (Cochran); Black Diana, 99 (L. Smith); Fair Lass, 99 (J. Martin); Paramount, 105 (Wonderly); Merry Royal, 99 (Redfern); Dr. Hagard, 99 (Hyer); Sonias, 99 (Bullman); Healing Salve, 99 (Michaels); Isle of Wight, 99 (H. Henderson); Snowdrift, 101 (Ganson); Frank Fox, 102 (Miller); Iconoclast, 99 (Mountain); Sis Wagner, 119 (Doggett); Orabel, 94 (Johnson); Polite, 104 (McMichael), finished as named. Queen Elizabeth, 104 pounds (Fisher), stumbled and fell. Winner L. V. Bell's b. c., by Lissak—Meiba. Won easily.

Second race, ¾ mile, $1,000 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
8-1	Sadducee, 120 (N. Tufner)	2	2½	2½	2½	1½
2-3	Unmasked, 115 (Spencer)	1	1½	1½	1½	2½
5-1	Rockwater, 113 (Odom)	3	6½	6½	4½	3½

Time, 1:13 1-5. Runnels, 116 pounds (Redfern); Jack Rattle, 116 (Landry); Joe Reskie, 111 (J. Martin); Mabel Winn, 123 (Brennan); Feme Sole, 118 (Michaels); Neither One, 113 (Cobb), finished as named. Bellino, 123 pounds (McCue), left at the post. Winner, Dubois & Marryett's ch. g., by Bathampton—Sadie. Won driving.

Third race, 5½ furlongs, 2 year olds, the Sapphire stakes, $1,500 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fin.
16-5	Clarion, 108 (O'Connor)	4	5½	5½	4½	1½
13-5	Merry Acrobat, 108 (L. S'h'r)	2	2½	2½	2½	2½
8-1	Love Note, 105 (Redfern)	6	11½	11½	7½	3½

Time, 1:06 2-5. Scioto, 108 pounds (Odom); Incubator, 110 (Landry); Medal, 105 (Cochran); Ba nstormer, 108 (J. Martin), finished as named. Winner, J. R. Keene's b. c., by Kingston—Flying Squadron. Won driving.

Fourth race, 1 mile, the Ocean handicap, value $2,000:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
12-1	Col. Bill, 106 (Michaels)	6	6½	4½	1½	1
4-2	Dom Paul, 107 (Wonderly)	5	5½	4½	2½	2½
20-1	Herbert, 122 (L. Smith)	1	10	9½	6½	3½

Time, 1:39 2-5. Dublin, 107 pounds (Brennan); Himmell Jr. (Creamer), Whisky Coke, 107 (Redfern); Advance Guard, 127 (Odom); Tan Candles, 114 (Hoar); Gay Boy, 100 (Cochran); Old Postmaster, 104 (J. Martin); Lady Uncas, 93 (Henderson), finished as named. Winner, J. E. Madden's br. c., by Wagner—Mattie T. Won driving.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles, $1,000 added, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
2-1	Fonsolucia, 98 (Redfern)	4	4½	4½	1½	1
6-5	Mary Worth, 99 (Wonderly)	5	3½	2½	3½	2½
12-1	Hot, 95 (R. Henderson)	1	2½	3½	4½	3½

Time, 2:05 2-5. Khitai, 104 pounds (Miller); Grail, 93 (Murry); Alaike, 103 (Miles); Dr. Barlow, 107 (Odom); Gen. Mart Gary, 104 (Nelson); May J, 88 (Hurley); Eddie Buech, 95 (J. Martin), finished as named. Winner, J. G. Lyman's ch. g., by Fonso—Lucasta. Won easily.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles, on turf, $1,500 added, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fin.
8-1	The Rival, 94 (Michaels)	3	3½	1½	1½	1½
6-1	Francesco, 108 (J. Martin)	5	4½	1½	2½	2½
7-1	Zoroaster, 107 (Redfern)	1	7	5½	3½	3½

Time, 2:34. Duke, 96 pounds (Cochran); His Eminence, 108 (O'Connor); Baron Pepper, 98 (Rice); Beasts McCarthy, 87 (Henderson); Peninsula, 91 (L. Smith), finished as named. Winner, J. E. Madden's b. c., by Halma—Bracegirdle. Won easily.

Sheepshead Bay Entries.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, 3 year olds, maidens—Chief, 111 pounds; Schoharie, 111; Beau Cœur, br. c., by Carbuncle—Sweet Kate, 111; Rightaway, 111; Buckley, 111; Ben Cotta, 111; The Talisman, 108; The Mower, 108; The Dancer, 108; Woden, 108; Chorus Girl, 108; by Knight of Rhendish—Ballet Queen, 108; Attilla, 108; Biserta, 108; Nightingale, blk. f., by St. George—Free Will, 108; Sun Show r, 108; Clifton, 108; Chimon, 108; Himself, 108; Valley Forge, 108; Edgar Poe, 108; Three Hot Days, 108; Gregory, 108; Fontenix, 108; White Crest, Dixie Girl, 108.

Second race, 1¼ miles, handicap—Douro, 126 pounds; Ethics, 116; Tom Kenny, 112; Belle of Troy, 111; *Dixielite, 109; Tenny Belle, 107; Mistress, 105; Merito, 104; St. Finnan, 99; Rossignol, 98; *Flying Buttress, 98. *R. T. Wilson Jr. entry.

Third race, ¾ mile, all ages, the Flight stakes, $1,500 added—Dublin, 125 pounds; Gunfire, 125; Chuctanunda, 125; King Pepper, 112; Sportsman, 110; Smoke, 107; Unmasked, 107; *Wealth, 107; Musette, 107; *Lux Casta, 105; Monte Carlo, 95; Dr. Sevier, 85. Albemarle stable entry. C. C. Whitney entry.

Fourth race, 2 miles, on turf, over eight hurdles, the Mineola handicap, $800 added—Big Gun, 169 pounds; Star Chamber, 158; McGrathiana Prince, 148; Obsidian, 146; Chemistry, 145; Quinnat, 144; Nuto, 142; Ferocious, 140; Seminole, 139; Cryptogram, 132.

Fifth race, 1 mile, selling—Satire, 110 pounds; Potente, 107; Templeton, 106; Vincennes, 105; Prince Richard, 104; Rappenecker, 104; Ben Batson, 103; Bonaster, 102; Righteous Way, 100; Chonta, 100; Miss Buttermilk, 99; Lady Sterling, 99; Paul Creyton, 97; Gibson Light, 97; Jim Tully, 97; Flitform, 97; Drummond, 96; May J., 94; Brunswick, 91.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, on turf, 2 year olds, handicap—Africander, 120 pounds; River Belle, 117; John A. Scott, 116; Shotgun, 115; Monte Carlo, 111; Captain Arnold, 110; Nevermore, 110; Joe Cobb, 106; Tower Star, 105; Senator, 105; Our Nugget, 106; Cloche d'Or, 106; Rockford, 103; Squanto, 102; Roxboro, 102; Gates, 100.

Race Results at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 8.—Three favorites and three outsiders divided a fair card at Delmar today. Fitz Brillar, the favorite, won the 2 year old sprint by a neck. Track good. Summary:

First race, 6 furlong—Trus, 102 pounds (Sculley), 4 to 1, won; Hengist, 5 to 1, second; Tony Leoping, 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¾.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Tribes, 110 pounds (Watson), 16 to 1, won; Fair Lady, 16 to 1, second; Miss Elen, 11 to 1, third. Time, 1:04.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Lolter, 102 pounds [C. Bonner] 7 to 1, won; Kitty G., 17 to 10, second; Velasquez, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¾.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs—Fitz Brillar, 123 pounds (Battiste), 6 to 5, won; Two Lick, 4 to 1, second; Hesmil Boy, 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:05¾.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Salinda, 102 pounds (Houbre), 2 to 5, won; Varner, 20 to 1, second; Little Ross, 16 to 1, third. Time, 1:54½.

Sixth race, 6½ furlongs—Lusk Wagner, 105 pounds [Battiste], 8 to 1, won; Hilee, 8 to 5, second; Four Leaf, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:21½.

ENTRIES.

First race, 5 furlongs—Jean Gravier, 103 pounds; Dr. Kammerer, 106; Savond, 106; Hyland, 106; Mallvert, 106; Pointsman, 107; Little Britain, 107; Proudest, 110; Harold Dyer, 110; Ida Reed, 110; Gaslighter, 110; Anzeiger, 110; Doc Mayer, 110.

Second race, 6 furlongs, selling—Has Gift, 93 pounds; Tyrones, 98; Sister Sarah, 101; Ortimo, 101; Tenny Belle, 102; Carrie Hope, 104; The Elba, 104; Master Mariner, 104; Deverio, 104; Kiss Quick, 107; Joe Cross, 107; Sinfi, 110.

Third race, 5¼ furlongs, selling—King's Lady, 95 pounds; Pourquoi Pas, 98; Pickles, 102; Ben Lear, 102; Arida, 100; Deerhunter, 100; Py Wax See, 100; The Advocate, 103; Bear Creek, 103; Jack Young, 103; Floyd K., 108.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs—Forestreet, 98 pounds; Foundling, 107; Croix d'Or, 107; Port Royal, 107; Ethylene, 107.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, handicap—Ida Penzance, 88 pounds; Barklyite, 90; Bacchus, 95; Satin Coat, 9; W. B. Gates, 104; Varro, 108.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Judge Denny, Ella, 89 pounds; Invictus, 94; Cherished, 94; Belle Simpson, 94; Harry K., 94; Charles D., 97; Free Coinage, 97; Burnett's Walkaway, 97; Buck O'Dowd, 100; El Caney, 100; Zazel, 103.

Hans Wagner Entry Is Barred.

New York, Sept. 8.—The stewards of the Jockey club today announced that the entry of the horse Hans Wagner would be rejected in future; also that Jockeys R. Henderson and H. Wilson were suspended.

Famous Sire Dies at Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 8.—Prince Royal, aged 17, by Kingfisher, dam Imp. Princess, owned by Baker & Gentry, and famous as a thoroughbred sire, died at the Kingston stud today.

Jockey Joe Burns Is Killed.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Jockey Joe Burns was shot and killed tonight by Lee Turner, the proprietor of the Quarter house, after a row.

GOLF TEAMS PLAY TODAY.

OPENING EVENT OF WESTERN CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNEY.

Ten Clubs Enter Representatives for Marshall Field Trophy, Lake Geneva and Kenosha Being the Only Out of Town Organizations Among the Number—Contests Will Start at 9 o'Clock—Women Qualify for Four Cups at Midlothian's Annual Fixture

Play in the opening event of the fourth annual championship tournament of the Western Golf association will begin this morning on the links of the Chicago Golf club at Wheaton. This will be the annual competition for the Marshall Field trophy, for which eleven teams are entered. Play will be at thirty-six holes, against the established bogey figures of the course, the team winning getting possession of the trophy for one year and the members of the team getting miniatures of it.

Last year, when the tournament was held at Midlothian, nine teams competed, the Glen View aggregation, which came in 39 down, winning. Twelve teams have entered for today's contest, ten from local clubs and two from out of town organizations. Lake Geneva and Kenosha are the latter, the home clubs being Midlothian, Exmoor, Milwaukee, Westward Ho, Onwentsia, Glen View, Hinsdale, Homewood, Riverside, and Chicago.

Personnel of the Teams.

On paper the contest looks to be an even affair, at least six of the teams being remarkably well balanced. The teams as announced are as follows:

Glen View—P. B. Hoyt, F. D. Frazier, John D. Towne, W. I. Osborne, and R. E. Jones.

Hinsdale—S. O. Dugger, J. C. Eastman, W. K. Cochrane, H. A. Gardner Jr., G. Childs.

Homewood—Ashley Dixon, H. Johnson, C. F. Clingman Jr., H. S. Brintnall, H. Fisher.

Lake Geneva—Walter E. Egan, Nat F. Moore, Julian Rumsey, and G. R. Carpenter.

Midlothian—W. T. G. Bates, R. Edwards, R. E. Hunter, C. Counselman, and R. E. Daniels.

Exmoor—B. F. Cummins, H. C. Egan, R. H. McElwee, C. A. Moffett, and W. A. Alexander.

Milwaukee—H. Voss, L. T. Boyd, C. Russell, G. Bigelow, and O. G. Fuller.

Westward Ho—W. Armstrong, F. A. ElNott, C. H. Wells, J. A. Shaw, and H. Templeton.

Onwentsia—D. R. Forgan, W. B. Smith, H. C. Smith, A. Poor Jr., and W. R. Kirk.

Kenosha—Fred Pettit, J. Van Ingen, G. A. Yule, W. H. Yule, and M. Pettit.

Pairings for the Match.

The contestants will be paired with players of other teams and will start as follows:

9 a. m.—Chicago No. 1 and Walter Egan.
9:04 a. m.—Chicago No. 2 and Chandler Egan.
9:08 a. m.—Chicago No. 3 and N. F. Moore.
9:12 a. m.—Chicago No. 4 and L. T. Boyd.
9:16 a. m.—Chicago No. 5 and G. H. Russell.
9:20 a. m.—H. Templeton and H. Voss.
9:24 a. m.—W. K. Cochrane and Julian Rumsey.
9:28 a. m.—F. A. Elliott and G. A. Carpenter.
9:32 a. m.—Charles Wells and Garth Bigelow.
9:36 a. m.—James A. Shaw and John C. Eastman.
9:40 a. m.—W. K. Cochrane and Kenosha No. 1.
9:44 a. m.—George Childs and Kenosha No. 2.
9:48 a. m.—S. Gardner and Ashley Dixon.
9:52 a. m.—Kenosha No. 3 and Clayton Johnson.
9:56 a. m.—Kenosha No. 4 and C. F. Clingman Jr.
10 a. m.—Kenosha No. 5 and H. S. Brintnall.
10:04 a. m.—Harold Fisher and Riverside No. 4.
10:08 a. m.—Kenneth Edwards and Abram Poole Jr.
10:12 a. m.—C. Counselman Jr. and H. C. Smith.
10:16 a. m.—R. E. Hunter and P. C. Fraser.
10:20 a. m.—R. E. Daniels and R. E. Janes.
10:24 a. m.—J. C. Daniels and R. H. McElwee.
10:28 a. m.—W. T. G. Bristo and Riverside No. 1.
10:32 a. m.—B. C. Cummins and W. I. Osborne.
10:36 a. m.—W. A. Alexander and Riverside No. 2.
10:40 a. m.—S. O. Dugger and D. R. Forgan.
10:44 a. m.—Pelbs B. Hoyt and Walter B. Smith.
10:48 a. m.—Joseph Towse and O. C. Fuller.
10:52 a. m.—Riverside No. 3 and Walter R. Kirk.
10:58 a. m.—Riverside No. 5 and C. T. Moffett.

Six More for Open Event.

Secretary E. C. Potter received six belated entries for the western championship, bringing the number up to eighty-five, within six of the number entered last year, when there were several flight cups played for.

They will be paired as follows:

Walter L. Fisher and J. Waller Knott.
J. L. Brook and A. Sellers.
J. De Moss and R. W. Northrop.
S. H. Hunt, a bye.

All these players are from local clubs, with the exception of De Moss, who is a member of the Tuscumbia Golf club, and who was runner-up to H. Vose in the Wisconsin championship of 1901.

A number of players practiced over the Chicago course yesterday, the best record for the day being an 80, made by H. Chandler Egan in view of the fact that the wind was blowing at a great rate it was a splendid performance. Exmoor player made the long hole, 520 yards, in four, overdriving the green thirty-five yards on his second shot. Bogey for the course is 82. The course is in fine condition and some low scores should be made.

Women Play at Midlothian.

Mrs. Wallace L. De Wolf and Mrs. C. L. Dering were the leaders at Midlothian club yesterday in the qualifying round for the women's annual championship.

The former negotiated the eighteen holes in 111 strokes, the latter taking one stroke more. In addition to the Shedd cup, which is emblematic of the championship of the club, three squads of eight qualified for the Cushman, Canby, and Fitzgerald cups. Those who qualified, with their pairings for the first match play rounds today, are as follows:

Shedd cup—Mrs. W. L. De Wolf and Mrs. C. H. Canby; Mrs. C. L. Dering and Miss L. Taft; Mrs. G. V. Dickey and Mrs. E. S. Hunter and Miss Julia Hunt and Mrs. R. H. Donnelley.

Gaylord cup—Mrs. O. Hinkley and Mrs. E. F. Swift; Mrs. W. L. Edwards and Mrs. A. Stack; Miss Fitzgerald and Mrs. E. H. Phelps; Mrs. J. E. Jennings and Miss Mary Canby.

Chandler cup—Mrs. E. S. Hunter and Miss Myra Helmer; Miss Buckingham and Mrs. C. L. Hunter; Mrs. H. Martin and Mrs. S. H. Hunt; Mrs. C. S. Smith and Miss Hanson.

Fitzgerald cup—Mrs. K. Barnhart and Miss Virginia Smith; Mrs. D. P. Hartwell and Mrs. D. W. Brannan; Mrs. A. Thomas and Mrs. R. T. Lymont; Mrs. W. D. Washburn and Mrs. E. F. Daniels.

Homewood players will compete for the Wallace cup this afternoon.

Race Results at Windsor.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 8.—The card offered today by the Windsor Jockey club was made up of selling events, but furnished interesting sport. Summary:

First race, ¾ mile—Aratoma, 119 pounds [R. Steele], 8 to 5, won; Kid Hampton, 5 to 1, second; King Brook, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:14¾.

Second race, 6½ furlongs—Azares, 94 pounds [C. Kelly], 3 to 1, won; Competitor, 5 to 1, second; Ethel Davis, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:21.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Rury, 96 pounds [D. Gilmore], 30 to 1, won; Miss Dooley, 10 to 1, second; Miss Soak, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:46.

Fourth race, 2 year olds, 5 furlongs—Lady Draper, 97 pounds [C. Kelly], 6 to 1, won; Melbourne Belgian, 6 to 1, second; Lulu Glacer, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:02.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Huzzah, 101 pounds [R. Steele], 7 to 1, won; Charley Thompson, 9 to 5, second; Trio, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:43.

Sixth race, 6½ furlongs—Sardine, 103 pounds [Irvin], 10 to 1, won; Odd Brooks, 5 to 1, second; Emma C. L., 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:21.

M. Goldblatt in Trouble in Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 8.—In the fifth race at Kenilworth park today there was a suspicious ride by Oneil on Jessie Jarboe. M. Goldblatt, the owner, had requested to be allowed to withdraw his horse before the race. A steward of the Jockey club examined the horse and decided she could compete. She was given a doubtful ride and as a result the owner and jockey were suspended for the rest of the meeting and the case will be laid before the Jockey club. Oneil struck the ring no hard hit in the fourth race, when the talent bet heavily on Lampoon to win and Enue for place. Summaries:

First race, 2 year olds, ¾ mile—Christine A., 3 to 1, won; All Souls, 10 to 1, second; Durazzo, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:02.

Second race, 1¼ miles—Piedprich, 2¼ to 1, won; Barouche, 3½ to 1, second; Circus, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:56 4-5.

Third race, ¾ mile—Pride of Surrey, 11 to 5, won; Oconee, 6 to 1, second; M. F. Tarpey, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:16 2-5.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs—Lampoon, even, won; Enue, 8 to 1, second; Chickasha, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:08 4-5.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Bill Massie, 3 to 5, won; Dubiuse, 9 to 1, second; Jessie Jarboe, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:49 2-5.

Sixth race, 1 mile—McWilliams, 5 to 1, won; Bounteous, 4 to 1, second; Loone, 3½ to 1, third. Time, 1:42 2-5.

ENTRIES.

First race, ¾ mile, selling—Little Boy, Ora Viva, June Collins, St. Vitus, 106 pounds; Onyx, Effie S., Miss Glene, Iale, Artist, Svengali, Immortelle, 103.

Second race, 1¼ miles, selling—Lone Fisherman, 108 pounds; Dactyle, 107; Branch, Banish, Navarino, 105; Lady Knight or Rhendish—Ballet Queen, 105; Attilla, 103; Biserta, 103; Nightingale, blk. f., by St. George—Free Will, 103; Sun Show r, 103; Clifton, 103; Chimon, 103; Himself, 103; Valley Forge, 103; Edgar Poe, 103; Three Hot Days, 103; Gregory, 103; Fontenix, 103; White Crest, Dixie Girl, 103.

Third race, 5½ furlongs, handicap—Douro, 126 pounds; Ethics, 116; Tom Kenny, 112; Belle of Troy, 111; *Dixielite, 109; Tenny Belle, 107; Mistress, 105; Merito, 104; St. Finnan, 99; Rossignol, 98; *Flying Buttress, 98. *R. T. Wilson Jr. entry.

Fourth race, 1 mile, all ages, the Flight stakes, $1,500 added—Dublin, 125 pounds; Gunfire, 125; Chuctanunda, 125; King Pepper, 112; Sportsman, 110; Smoke, 107; Unmasked, 107; *Wealth, 107; Musette, 107; *Lux Casta, 105; Monte Carlo, 95; Dr. Sevier, 85. Albemarle stable entry. C. C. Whitney entry.

Fifth race, 2 miles, on turf, over eight hurdles, the Mineola handicap, $800 added—Big Gun, 169 pounds; Star Chamber, 158; McGrathiana Prince, 148; Obsidian, 146; Chemistry, 145; Quinnat, 144; Nuto, 142; Ferocious, 140; Seminole, 139; Cryptogram, 132.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Satire, 110 pounds; Potente, 107; Templeton, 106; Vincennes, 105; Prince Richard, 104; Rappenecker, 104; Ben Batson, 103; Bonaster, 102; Righteous Way, 100; Chonta, 100; Miss Buttermilk, 99; Lady Sterling, 99; Paul Creyton, 97; Gibson Light, 97; Jim Tully, 97; Flitform, 97; Drummond, 96; May J., 94; Brunswick, 91.

Seventh race, ¾ mile, on turf, 2 year olds, handicap—Africander, 120 pounds; River Belle, 117; John A. Scott, 116; Shotgun, 115; Monte Carlo, 111; Captain Arnold, 110; Nevermore, 110; Joe Cobb, 106; Tower Star, 105; Senator, 105; Our Nugget, 106; Cloche d'Or, 106; Rockford, 103; Squanto, 102; Roxboro, 102; Gates, 100.

Race Results at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 8.—Three favorites and three outsiders divided a fair card at Delmar today. Fitz Brillar, the favorite, won the 2 year old sprint by a neck. Track good. Summary:

First race, 6 furlong—Trus, 102 pounds (Sculley), 4 to 1, won; Hengist, 5 to 1, second; Tony Leoping, 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¾.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Tribes, 110 pounds (Watson), 16 to 1, won; Fair Lady, 16 to 1, second; Miss Elen, 11 to 1, third. Time, 1:04.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Lolter, 102 pounds [C. Bonner] 7 to 1, won; Kitty G., 17 to 10, second; Velasquez, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¾.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs—Fitz Brillar, 123 pounds (Battiste), 6 to 5, won; Two Lick, 4 to 1, second; Hesmil Boy, 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:05¾.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Salinda, 102 pounds (Houbre), 2 to 5, won; Varner, 20 to 1, second; Little Ross, 16 to 1, third. Time, 1:54½.

Sixth race, 6½ furlongs—Lusk Wagner, 105 pounds [Battiste], 8 to 1, won; Hilee, 8 to 5, second; Four Leaf, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:21½.

ENTRIES.

First race, 5 furlongs—Jean Gravier, 103 pounds; Dr. Kammerer, 106; Savond, 106; Hyland, 106; Mallvert, 106; Pointsman, 107; Little Britain, 107; Proudest, 110; Harold Dyer, 110; Ida Reed, 110; Gaslighter, 110; Anzeiger, 110; Doc Mayer, 110.

Second race, 6 furlongs, selling—Has Gift, 93 pounds; Tyrones, 98; Sister Sarah, 101; Ortimo, 101; Tenny Belle, 102; Carrie Hope, 104; The Elba, 104; Master Mariner, 104; Deverio, 104; Kiss Quick, 107; Joe Cross, 107; Sinfi, 110.

Third race, 5¼ furlongs, selling—King's Lady, 95 pounds; Pourquoi Pas, 98; Pickles, 102; Ben Lear, 102; Arida, 100; Deerhunter, 100; Py Wax See, 100; The Advocate, 103; Bear Creek, 103; Jack Young, 103; Floyd K., 108.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs—Forestreet, 98 pounds; Foundling, 107; Croix d'Or, 107; Port Royal, 107; Ethylene, 107.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, handicap—Ida Penzance, 88 pounds; Barklyite, 90; Bacchus, 95; Satin Coat, 9; W. B. Gates, 104; Varro, 108.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Judge Denny, Ella, 89 pounds; Invictus, 94; Cherished, 94; Belle Simpson, 94; Harry K., 94; Charles D., 97; Free Coinage, 97; Burnett's Walkaway, 97; Buck O'Dowd, 100; El Caney, 100; Zazel, 103.

COLTS LOSE A PITCHER'S GAME

Morrissey's Effective Work Offset by Weak Batting at Boston.

HUB TEAM WINS, 2 TO 1.

New York Team Gives the Champions Double Dose of Defeat.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	68	49	.581
Boston	66	51	.564
St. Louis	66	51	.564
Chicago	64	52	.552
Cleveland	61	50	.508
Washington	52	66	.441
Detroit	46	69	.400
Baltimore	46	72	.390

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	89	33	.729
Brooklyn	65	57	.533
Boston	60	57	.513
Cincinnati	60	60	.500
Chicago	58	61	.488
St. Louis	54	64	.458
Philadelphia	49	70	.412
New York	43	75	.359

| AMERICAN AS

OUTS AT ERICA CLUB.

fe Holds "Buddy" a Draw in a erate Battle.

BEATS HERMAN.

Loses to Billy Stift l—Drops Without ing Struck.

[GEORGE SILER.]
d" Herman and Clarence ected to furnish the feature merica club's "all star" t night, the semi-windup be- " Ryan and Jack O'Keefe and more exciting. The went through six furious , the windup went to Forbes, ar bout, between Al Weinig was won by the latter on a d round.
eefe go was a fight from the ap'of the gong. Jack began straight left jabs and he half dozen clean hits before to the situation. The shouts questing Jack to knock his oused Ryan, after which it g by both.

Plays for Body.

dvice of his seconds, played dy, and he brought his left e against Jack's abdomen number. O'Keefe, in the d a tattoo on "Buddy's" in the fray he had Ryan's bleeding. It was nip and m for four rounds, first one, having the upper hand. in in the fifth round to put began with using a straight d to his favorite left and the head, intermixing these and rights to the body. Jack gracefully, and came back with straight lefts and right nters. "Buddy," however, rgin of points in his favor, rs were called he looked a

e surprise of the crowd and came out strong for the final t at Ryan like a steam en- in lefts and rights in rapid although "Buddy" was not hatever advantage he had th round, and was forced to a draw. The boys agreed 30 pounds at 3 o'clock. Jack "Buddy" refused to get on

o Clever for Herman.

etween Herman and Forbes, nor as fierce as the Ryan- as interesting and showed best. His clever foot work, ments, and his rapid firing ntained the "Kid." Forbes , and everywhere, and, try erman could not corner him. atters pretty much his own first four rounds. He out- t long range and outslugged arters. He tired in the fifth nds and, although Herman rd and often, he managed h blows to gain him the de- e was much the stronger, clever enough for the tricky darence.

g Loses on a Foul.

ning contest was a warm af- ir. It was expected that s advantage of reach would ces, but the north sider, to the crowd, scored the greater hand hits. He drew blood h early in the first round, be- staggered him several times ight left handers. Weinig t in the clinches, but Billy t that game.
nd what proved to be the last sides scoring with his left to several hard right hand- and drove in a few stiff ones mitt at Al's body. Weinig nto Billy's face several times along nicely, when Stift's on his ear and down he went. ering at the count of five, came to him to hand him the dropped to his hands and disqualified for going down ift came out of the bat- rash on his forehead, the re- ollision in the second round. nary bouts "Cooney" Kelly Eastman on a foul in the sec- Jimmy Kidwell beat George

EATS GEORGE DIXON.

n Points from His Ameri- l in London—Ware fter Forbes.

ot. 8.—Pedlar Palmer defeat- n, the American, in a fifteen he National Athletic club to- side and a purse of $500. favorite at odds of 5 to 4, but d round Palmer showed such the odds turned in his favor. uite unable to cope with the hough in the twelfth round, hands were rather damaged, rmined effort, which he kept , but he could not offset Pal- f points secured in the early

to have lost much of his old wer. Both men were loudly ur ounce gloves were used limit was 120 pounds. retained the bantam weight England and will try to get Harry Forbes of Chicago for pionship.
Lancashire defeated E. Law- n, in the lightweight wrest-

N TO OPPOSE FIGHT.

tors Take Action to Pre- ett-McGovern Bout—
'Are Selling Fast.

., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Sixty otestant clergymen of Louis- t meeting at the rooms of the ristian association today for considering ways and means the approaching Corbett-Mc- call a mass meeting to pro- fight, and resolutions ap- eir number to cooperate with twenty-five laymen to se- e, action preventing the

lerical opposition arrange- ht go on steadily. Advance ave now passed $10,000 and ng in.

lenges Local Fighters.

t, Eddie Santry, Buddy Ryan, local featherweights is anxious nny Yanger, he will soon have he undefeated local champion's nt announced that his protégé s who could "do" 126 pounds Yanger has been resting since nless he is matched with one he will leave immediately for here he is to meet Abe Attel d contest. After that he will es the winner of the Corbett- onship mill.

Practice at Illinois.

t. 8.—[Special.]—Trainer Coni- lined up on Illinois field today, e direction. Becker, Kern, Mo er were the new men out.

efeats Krulewich.

Krulewich in the twenty-third the Mussey trophy at Mussey's a score of 50 to 33

MAYOR BRINGS HOPE TO PARTY.

Counts Burke Out of the Game and Forecasts a Victory for the Democrats.

LOYAL TO KIOLBASSA.

Wants Advisers Indorsed, but County Committee Adjourns Without Action.

After declaring that Robert E. Burke was not an issue in this campaign; that he did not favor Peter Kiolbassa's withdrawal from the democratic ticket; that he had no candidate for the place made vacant by the resignation of B. M. Winston, the board of review nominee, Mayor Harrison said yesterday the new democratic campaign committee would make a winning fight.

The mayor returned from his vacation, appeared at the city hall about noon, and plunged into the battle with a determination to stop the factional quarreling and get the campaign started. Then he proceeded to clear away some doubts as to his position.

"Mr. Burke is not a candidate for any office that I know of," he continued, "so I can't see where he is entitled to any special consideration.

"If the campaign committee wants to occupy the headquarters of the party organization at 145 Randolph street I think it will. There is where it ought to be. The place is central, and every democrat in Chicago knows where it is.

Loyal to Kiolbassa.

"If I thought that Mr. Kiolbassa should not remain on the ticket I would remove him from the office of building commissioner. But I have no intention of asking for his resignation. I said long ago that the investigation of his department was in my judgment instigated for political purposes.

"I don't believe it is necessary for candidates to sign pledges that they will do this or that when they get into office, but when any one does so it simply is an additional assurance to the people of his plans and policies.

"If the county committee is wise it will concur in the resolution of the executive committee indorsing the creation of an advisory body to have charge of and run the campaign. No member of that committee has a political ax to grind or is seeking to advance his personal interests.

"We are going to elect the entire democratic ticket. This is a democratic year, and that fact will be proved at the polls next November."

Asked as to his opinion of the circus campaign Tom Johnson of Cleveland is conducting in Ohio, the mayor said he knew nothing of Mr. Johnson's plans, nor was he looking for anything that would interfere with the Ohio man.

When somebody suggested he might be the next nominee of his party for governor, Mr. Harrison said he regarded the office of mayor of Chicago as greater than that of governor, and declared it to be good enough for him.

Committee Again Adjourns.

Notwithstanding the mayor's suggestion, there will be no indorsement of the new democratic campaign committee by the county committee if the Burke element can prevent it. That fact became apparent yesterday when the county committee again adjourned for one week without transacting any business.

Chairman Carey said there had been a misunderstanding as to when the committee would meet, many being under the impression that this was the day instead of yesterday. But the notices sent out by Secretary Burke plainly read "Sept. 8, at 2 p. m."

Unless the county committee is ignored, nothing will be done towards opening the battle until next Tuesday. Many of the candidates are becoming impatient, and another is threatening to follow the example of B. M. Winston and withdraw from the ticket. Hardly a ward meeting has been held, no speakers have been sent out, and nothing has been done in the way of organizing the voters for registration day.

Return to Old Headquarters.

The Briggs house quarters will be abandoned today and the managers are to meet with the candidates at the old place in Randolph street.

Much relief was felt in the Harrison camp when a report came that Mr. Burke was going to New York in a day or two and remain there at least a month studying the methods of Tammany. With him out of the way it was said all trouble could soon be adjusted.

FIGURES OUT DEFEAT FOR NOHE

George E. Cole Says "Plumping" of Votes for Weare Will Accomplish That Result.

A thorough canvass of the Nineteenth senatorial district is being made by the Legislative Voters' league, in an effort to defeat Gus Nohe and Frank C. Farnum. Returns have been received by President George E. Cole from ten precincts, which make this showing:

Republicans for straight ticket	677
Democrats for straight ticket	823
Votes for Fisher and Horder	787
Independents and doubtful	1,224

William D. Fisher and Harry W. Horder are the independent candidates for state senator and representative respectively against Farnum and Nohe. The independent and W. W. Weare, one of the regular republican nominees for representative, are indorsed by the league.

"We have discovered," said Mr. Cole, "that Nohe is setting up the pins to sacrifice Weare if necessary to save himself. He can do that by getting a certain number of voters to 'plump' the votes for him. But if the republican and the independent voters who desire Nohe's defeat will 'plump' for Weare they can elect Mr. Nohe to remain at home. The canvass has progressed far enough to show that Horder's election is assured, without any votes from the west end of the district, so the republicans there will be safe in 'plumping' for Weare.

Mr. Cole denied the story that Fred M. Blount and himself came to blows at the Union League club.

"A few warm words," he declared, "was the extent of our meeting. I was the most surprised man in Michigan when I read that I had been in a fight with Mr. Blount, where the lie was passed and blows exchanged."

The report that a number of members of Mr. Fisher's campaign committee had been summoned before the board of review and saw their assessments raised on account of politics was denied by Reviewer Meacham and by Homer Halpin, chief clerk of the board. The story was that friends of Frank C. Farnum sent complaints against Fred F. Bullen, John Oliver, D. W. Mills, Charles R. Street, Frank L. Wilson, Samuel Halls, and E. S. Cummins.

Mr. Meacham explained that he raised Mr. Mills' assessment from $2,500 to $3,500 to cover money in bank. He also fixed the assessment of Mr. Bullen at $25,000 after Mr. Upham had made it $100,000.

POSTOFFICE SAFE IS EMPTIED.

Cracksmen Secure Plunder Worth $1,050 at Hubbard, O.—Robbers Busy in Kokomo, Ind.

Youngstown, O., Sept. 8.—Plunder worth $1,050 was secured by burglars from the safe of the Hubbard (O.) postoffice, five miles north of here, which they drilled open last night. The cracksmen entered the postoffice through a window. The burglary was not discovered until this morning.

Safeblowers at Kokomo, Ind.

Kokomo, Ind., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Burglars blew the safes in the Kollmer storage house and the Albright dairy here this morning, securing $900 and jewelry. They escaped.

Avoid Typhoid.
Disinfect your premises with Platt's Chlorides.

SCHOOL STORE PROPRIETOR WHO IS DEAD.

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Schell, who kept a school store on North State street for a quarter of a century, will be held tomorrow at her late residence, 230 North State street. The hour of the services will not be determined until the arrival of her son from Tucson, Ariz.

Mrs. Schell, who for twenty-five years was known to the children of the north side as "Mother" Schell, died Sunday evening of heart failure. Her school store at Chestnut and North State streets had supplied the wants of the pupils of the Ogden school since its erection. Her store was noted among the children for its stick taffy and "shoestring" licorice. She was popular with the pupils, and a large delegation from the Ogden school has arranged to attend her funeral.

Mrs. Schell was born in Alsace sixty-four years ago and came to this country when she was 19 years old. She was the mother of ten children, three of whom are still living—Mrs. Henrietta Engel, 637 North Park avenue; Mrs. Amelia Poorman of Morenci, Ariz.; and Henry A. Schell Jr. of Tucson, Ariz.

INQUIRE FOR M. J. DEVINE.

ATTORNEY FOR LUKE WHEELER CANNOT BE LOCATED.

Last Seen When He Makes Threat to Produce His Client Before Special Grand Jury to Tell of Tax Fraud Deals—At His Office and Residence None Could Give Information as to the Lawyer's Whereabouts—Investigation Resumed Today.

What has become of Miles J. Devine, attorney for Luke Wheeler? was one of the questions asked yesterday. The last seen of him in Chicago was when he visited the state's attorney's office on Friday and promised to bring his client before the special grand jury when it resumed its tax fraud inquiry. Since then no news of his whereabouts has been forthcoming.

Mr. Deneen's information on Sunday was that Devine was at Libertyville, and would be back in Chicago yesterday. It appeared last evening, however, that this was wrong, as the lawyer was not in the county seat of Lake county during the day, nor did diligent search discover him in this city.

Repeated calls at Devine's law office always found him out, and the answer given to inquiries invariably was:

"We have not seen him today, and do not know where he is. There has been no word from him. He may be in during the day, or he may not."

Whereabouts Unknown to Family.

At his residence in McAllister place last evening, in answer to a telephone message, a brother-in-law said he did not know when Mr. Devine would be home nor where he was. He was not there then. Later, when a reporter called at the house, the only one at home was a young son, who had just come in on a train.

"I don't know where my father is," said he. "There is no one at home except myself, and I found the door locked when I got here. I came home to get my books so I could go to school."

"Is he at Libertyville?" was asked.

"No, he has not been there. I just came from there myself."

Calls Devine's Threat a Bluff.

Attachés of the state's attorney's office last night asserted their belief that Devine's threat to bring in Wheeler was merely intended as warning to the prominent men involved to extend financial aid to the fugitive unless they want him to make a clean breast of the whole matter.

"It was just a bluff to shake the tree and get plenty of financial aid for Wheeler," said a detective who has worked on the case since the first.

Powerful influences were at work yesterday to keep Wheeler out of the reach of the law. Prominent men, who would be involved by any confession which he might make, have had their agents about making liberal promises to induce the missing man's friends to keep him under cover. If the fugitive fails to appear the police will be ordered to use every effort to bring him in.

Among the witnesses who will be heard this afternoon is "Mike" Shanahan, who has admitted that he and John Mack Glenn, secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, entered into an agreement in 1900 to seek a reduction of the Masonic temple taxes for a fee of $1,500.

County Treasurer Returns Today.

County Treasurer Raymond will be in Chicago this morning. Chief Clerk Becker has delayed his contemplated vacation. It was contended last night that there would be no investigation of the treasurer's office, but the grand jurors may look into the reduction of taxes by the issuance of writs of error weeks after the assessments had been levied.

MAYOR UPHOLDS KIOLBASSA.

Suspects Charges Against Inspector Sedlak Have a Political Significance —Discusses School Water.

Mayor Harrison had not been in Chicago long yesterday before the bribery charge made against Inspector Sedlak of the building department was called to his attention. He declared that he believed Commissioner Kiolbassa had good reasons for not preferring charges against Sedlak.

"Let whoever is at the bottom of this file complaint with the civil service commission," said the mayor. "It looks to me as if somebody was trying to prepare matter for the political campaign."

"What do you think about the water supply in the schools?" the mayor was asked.

"As far as I have been able to determine the officials are working slowly, so that no mistake will be made," he replied. "I presume a considerable amount of money will be spent, and an effort is being made to direct this expenditure in the right way."

Deputy Building Commissioner O'Shea was notified yesterday of the removal of a large billboard at Cottage Grove avenue and Forty-ninth street, and about which complaints had been made to him. The billboard was seventy feet long and ten feet high, and was used by the Russell Posting Service company. Several days ago Deputy O'Shea gave the company notice to comply with the city ordinance regarding the size of the board or have it torn down.

SABIN IS BACK TO STAY.

TELEPHONE PRESIDENT DENIES RESIGNATION STORY.

Declares That He Has Heard Nothing of the Reported Dissatisfaction with His Methods and That He Hopes to Remain Here for Years—Adds That His Enthusiasm Over Chicago Was Not Liked at San Francisco—Praises Even the Climate.

President John I. Sabin of the Chicago Telephone company returned to Chicago yesterday from San Francisco and repeated his denial of the story that it was his purpose to retire from the Chicago company because of the alleged dissatisfaction of certain large interests with his administration of affairs. He not only declared that he had no thought of resigning but intimated that he was likely to remain at the head of the company after the two years for which his services were secured, and which will expire in about six months.

With considerable show of feeling Mr. Sabin also denied the statements made regarding his alleged dislike of Chicago as a city and place of residence, and stated that unwarranted deductions had been drawn from a statement he had made to the board of assessors regarding his taxable property.

"Why, I think so much of Chicago and talked so much about the city when in California," he said, "that I am getting myself disliked out there. I tell them they need some Chicago spirit, and as to the weather, I tell them that Chicago has more pleasant days in the 365 than San Francisco, which they don't like."

"Absolutely nothing to it," was his comment regarding his reported retirement. "I have yet to learn of this reported dissatisfaction with my methods, and until I am satisfied of this I am not likely to hurry about handing in my resignation. I said in May, 1901, when the company had about 30,000 subscribers, that there would be more than 40,000 at the close of the year, and there were 40,889. I said also that there would be 60,000 subscribers at the close of 1902, and there are now 53,000. The earnings of the company are much the largest in its history, and I have every reason to believe the stockholders are satisfied."

When his attention was called to the statement that his arrival here was awaited by hundreds of operators who hoped that a promised increase of salary would go into effect with his return, Mr. Sabin said he knew nothing about that. He said there was to have been an increase on Aug. 1, and he supposed it had been made.

"Salaries here are more liberal than anywhere else, and it is the purpose of the company to continue that policy," he said.

SIX FOREST FIRES SPREADING.

Large Areas in Colorado Are Devastated and Millions of Feet of Timber Destroyed.

Lyons, Colo., Sept. 8.—Advices today from Long's Peak are that six forest fires are burning in that vicinity and are beyond control. Large areas have already been burned over and millions of feet of valuable timber destroyed.

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**

'PHONE TUNNEL NEARING FINISH.

Downtown Part of the Work Pushed Rapidly Despite Council's Nonaction.

LARGER BORE WANTED.

Aldermen Will Be Urged to Grant Facilities for Handling Mail Contract.

Without waiting for council action on an amended ordinance, the Illinois Telephone company has pushed forward its tunnel construction and will have the downtown conduits finished by December. By that time, it is asserted, the installation of telephones will have been begun, and the promise is made that by February 10,000 instruments will be ready for use.

It had been supposed that work would be stopped when the judiciary committee of the council early in the summer, after several changes of front, finally refused to recommend an ordinance allowing an increase in height of the tunnel to fourteen feet and permitting the company to carry merchandise and mails in a pneumatic tube system. President Wheeler and Attorney Goldzier informed the aldermen that delay in action on the amended ordinance would hold up operations until the council reconvened in the fall.

It has not stopped work, however, as the conduit has been pushed forward at the rate of 300 feet a day. The wiring of the tunnels has begun, and early in 1903 the new company expects to be engaged in competition with the Chicago Telephone company.

Will Apply to Council Again.

The execution of all the plans of the Illinois company will need the passage of the amended ordinance authorizing the increase in bore. Without a fourteen foot conduit the officials claim it will be impossible to install the pneumatic tube service, and without the amendment to the ordinance they will not have the authority to undertake that enterprise.

This will be one of the first measures brought to the attention of the council when it reconvenes. A federal contract hinges on the modification of the ordinance. The postoffice authorities have inspected the conduits as built now, but have not yet made a report on the awarding of the contract for the carrying of mails. It is asserted that the Illinois company will secure the contract if permission for a larger bore and a franchise for such an undertaking can be secured.

Some Work to Be Done Twice.

Some of the work which has been done will have to be done again when the additional rights are obtained. Some of the streets which are to be tunneled for the main conduits have not been touched, but the company has proceeded to get ready for its telephone business independent of the action desired from the council.

"Work has been proceeding at the rate of 250 to 300 feet a day," said Superintendent George W. Jackson. "The downtown conduits will be completed by December and by February 10,000 instruments will be in use. It will require two years to build the entire system to Sixty-third street on the south and to the extreme western and northern boundaries."

The district first opened will extend to Halsted street on the west, Chicago avenue on the north, and Twelfth or Twenty-second street on the south. The construction of the telephone exchange, where automatic connection will be made, is now under way.

State Street Shaft Abandoned.

The company has abandoned its State street shaft for the removal of dirt on account of the inconvenience to which people in the street were put. The concrete work will be continued from this shaft, but earth excavated will be removed from shaft 8 on the river and taken out on scows.

Commissioner of Public Works Block said that an investigation of the work now being done by the company had been made on an intimation that "a sneak" was being made on the city.

"The specifications of their present ordinance are being observed," he said.

CANAL BOARD ORDERS WORK TO BE RUSHED ON BRIDGES.

Will Go Into Court Today to Have Injunction Dissolved That New Main Street Span May Be Opened.

After instructing Chief Engineer Randolph to insist on the new bridges being completed without delay, the drainage board yesterday received a report from the engineer showing the present condition of the new structures. This was as follows:

Randolph street—Work about to be rushed on the superstructure; probably will be completed before Jan. 1, 1903.

State street—Good progress on superstructure at north and south ends; will be open for traffic about Feb. 1, 1903.

Canal street—Ready for traffic, but cannot be used until city gives approaches to the sanitary district.

Main street—Has been ready for use since last June, but opening delayed because street railway company secured injunction to prevent this until tracks have been laid.

Ashland avenue—Almost completed; will be open for traffic in a few days.

Harrison street—Contract has been let for temporary foot bridge, which will be ready within six weeks.

Engineer Randolph said the traction company already has delayed several months in securing the rails for the Main street bridge, and the trustees instructed Attorney Todd to go into court today and try to have the restraining order set aside, that the bridge might be opened.

Business men and property holders have made frequent complaints against the delay in work on the new bridges at State and Randolph streets, and Trustee Braden, chairman of the engineering committee, said yesterday the district would do all in its power to hurry the work along.

YE ART AND ARTISTS CORNER

The municipal council of Paris has ratified the purchase of M. Bolly's picture "Distribution de Vin aux Champs Elysées" for 33,000 francs. The same authorities have accepted the design for the monument to Gavarni by M. Denis Feuch.

The conclusion of peace in south Africa has not changed the purpose of the French sculptor Carles to issue his Kruger medal. On one side of the design is a profile of Oom Paul, and the other shows the Transvaal republic as a woman who sweeps aside a cloud which has taken on the outlines of Great Britain.

The artistic license taken by C. Y. Turner in rendering the historical scenes which have recently been put in place as mural decorations in the Baltimore courthouse has been sharply criticised by local historians. These decorations consist of three panels—one a conference between the colonists and Indians, another a man and a woman watching a departing ship, and a third the showing to Indians of agricultural implements.

At Mr. Montague Fordham's gallery in Maddox street, London, Mr. N. Dacres Adams is represented by some pleasing paintings in oil and water color. The artist has pictures in the Academy and the New gallery, but he is unknown to many people. This exhibition shows us work of much distinction and originality. Mr. Adams thoroughly understands decorative arrangement and his coloring is beautiful. Most of his paintings show us nature in her many phases, but there are two studies of dogs which are particularly striking.

J. MacNeill Whistler has sent a letter to the London Morning Post, which had printed some reminiscent criticisms during his recent illness, in which he thanks the paper for the "flattering attention paid me by your gentlemen of ready wit and quick biography. It is almost with sorrow that I beg you to put the biography back into the pigeon hole." He adds that this will give the critic time to correct some errors. Mr. Whistler meanwhile apologizes for "continuing to wear my own hair and eyebrows after my distinguished confrères and eminent persons have long ceased the habit."

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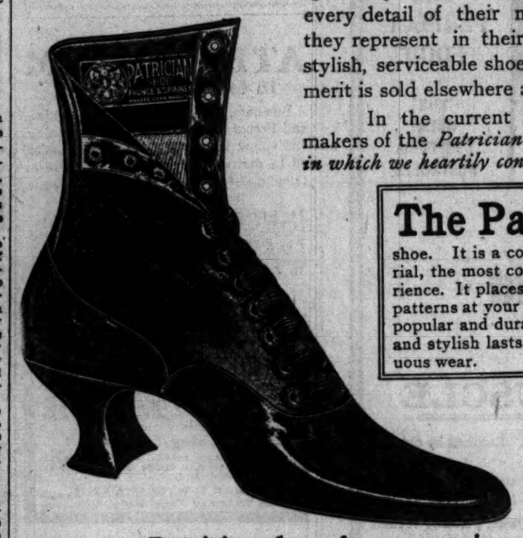
IT is with much satisfaction that we make the announcement that we have become the exclusive selling agents in Chicago of the famous **Patrician Shoes.** For months past we have subjected these shoes to the most exacting tests and comparisons. Our representatives have spent days in the factory where these shoes are made, following every detail of their manufacture, until we are convinced that they represent in their making all that is most desirable in a stylish, serviceable shoe, and, furthermore, that no shoe of equal merit is sold elsewhere at the same price.

In the current issues of several *leading magazines* the makers of the *Patrician Shoes publish the following announcement, in which we heartily concur:*



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The shoe pictured here is an ideal dress boot, and comes in Ideal patent kid lace, Amazon kid top, plain toe, opera last, Louis XV. heel, hand-turned feather edge, eyelets worked in silk, artistic and graceful in every line and curve, perfect in style and faultless in fit—like all other Patrician shoes, it costs..... **$3.50**

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Avail Yourself of This Great Opportunity, for When These Curtains Are Sold These Values Can't Be Duplicated at These Prices.

WE are still selling the two great surplus stocks which we purchased from leading French and Swiss makers at prices that make this sale the lace curtain sensation of the year.

There are in these purchases in all over 100 varieties of real renaissance, real Battenberg, Marie Antoinette and real Arabian curtains.

Over 200 styles of real Irish Point and Brussels curtains, and other popular makes of Swiss curtains.

And in addition to the above we offer several hundred pair of Nottingham curtains of the best foreign and domestic manufacturers at great bargain prices.

Also a variety of ruffled curtains at actually less than the price of material used—per pair, 95c, 75c and..... **45c**

The following table of comparative values will give an idea of the money-saving possibilities of this sale:

$60.00, $50.00, $45.00 curtains.....	$30.00, $27.50, $25.00
$40.00, $37.50, $30.00 curtains.....	$22.50, $20.00, $17.50
$27.50, $25.00, $20.00 curtains.....	$15.00, $12.50, $11.75
$17.50, $15.00, $13.50 curtains.....	$10.00, $8.75, $7.50
$10.00, $7.50, $6.00 curtains.....	$5.75, $3.75, $2.95

We are also selling at this time a surplus stock of curtain muslin in a variety of patterns, dots and stripes at the special sale price of, per yard..... 10c

Carpets and Rugs at Positively Lowest Prices.

Oriental Rugs. When you buy Oriental Rugs from us you are told exactly the character and type of the rug you are buying, and, coming from us, this statement must carry conviction, and then, selling as we do Oriental Rugs at extremely slight advances over import cost, you can always be certain that you are getting full rug value for your money. Be sure and examine our splendid display before buying, which includes:

Antique Silk Rugs, sizes about 3.6x6.6; priced from $85.00 to $125.00 each.

Rare Antique Kermanshah Rugs, about 4.0x6.6—priced from $75.00 to $150.00.

An excellent assortment of Antique Kurdistan, Shiraz, Iran, Tebriz, Khorassan and Serebend Rugs.

Excellent Hall Strips in Persian and Turkish weaves.

Large carpets in all grades of India weaves.

Some excellent rugs in the Sultanabad makes. Also the various grades of Turkish carpets.

An excellent assortment of medium to low grade rugs in the various Turkish and Persian products.

In our oriental show rooms can be seen one of the cleanest and most carefully selected stocks of rugs in this city.

Heavy rugs, about 3x4..... $5.85

Heavy silky Kazak rugs, priced from $18.50 to..... $55.00

Anatolian door mats, worth $4.00—as leaders..... $2.15

A number of large carpet-sized rugs positively reduced 30%.

Very desirable velvet carpets, in greens and reds, sale price, per yard..... 70c

A large and well assorted line of the durable Dobson, Smith and Dunlop Wilton velvet carpets reduced for this sale to, per yard..... 85c

Special prices made to hotels and apartment buildings.

New and good tapestry Brussels priced at, per yard..... 50c

Our new fall patterns of Royal Wiltons and best grade body Brussels, in Bigelows, Whittalls and Lowells, now complete.

Carpet-Made Rugs.

We are easily the leaders in Chicago in these serviceable rugs. We take the entire lot of odd borders and carpets of certain manufacturers and dispose of them in this way:

Rugs about—

6x9	$7.75	9.4x12	$14.75
8.3x10.6	$11.00	10.6x18	$17.50

Odd lots of matting to close the season's stock. New oil cloths and linoleums. Our prices are always the lowest in these goods, which accounts for our exceptionally heavy business in these floor coverings.

American Rugs.

Wilton Rugs.

6x9	$20.00	8.3x10.6	$30.00
9x12	$35.00		

Bromley Smyrna Rugs.

26x54, reduced to	$1.15
30x60, reduced to	$1.30
36x72, reduced to	$2.15

Body Brussels Rugs.

8.3x10.6	$19.00	9x12	$21.50

4 bales of Royal Wilton rugs, worth $3.75, on sale at..... $2.80

Metal Beds, Blankets and Comforts.

ALL the best and most prominent makers represented by their best designs and makes in our splendid stock.

Special round corner scroll design enamel bed, all colors, embellished with gold, a handsome design—always sold at $6.75—special price—only..... $5.00

Special—Extra heavy pillar bed, brass top rods and knobs, fancy scroll design center—only made in full size—a special cot in four colors—a $12.75 bed—price..... $9.25

20 new designs enamel beds in new colors, handsome patterns of scrolls and straight lines—special prices for this sale, $7.35 to..... $15.00

Enamel beds, strong and well made, colors white or olive, any size..... $1.85

Massive all-brass beds, large 2-in. pillars, large mountings and knobs, choice of the 2 sizes—a $37.50 bed for..... $22.50

Blankets and Comforts.

Special fine extra large white wool blankets, in handsome stripe borders, made for wear and good service, usually sold at $6.50—sale price..... $5.00

Fine Ohio lamb's wool fleece blankets, very soft finish, zephyr edged, double bed size, all colors of border, colors in light grey or white, $8.00 value, sale price..... $6.75

Extra large California wool blankets, slight mixture of cotton in warp, each blanket separated—finest fleece finish—sale price..... $7.00

All white wool blankets, 4 lbs. weight, size 60x78, soft, long, fleece finish..... $2.65

Blankets, Sheets.

Fleeced cotton blankets, soft finish, to be used as sheets or coverings, size 80x90, each blanket hemmed ready for use, sold single or in pairs, sale price, each..... $1.00

Comforts.

Five cases of pure white cotton-filled comforts, silkoline covering both sides, figured, double bed size, large selection of colors, sale price..... $1.65

Portieres, Couch Covers and Tapestries.

WE are prepared to execute orders for all branches of interior decoration and furnishing and shall be pleased to submit for approval designs and estimates for this class of work.

Exceedingly low prices on the newest styles of plain rep portieres with handsome tapestry bordered edges in colors to harmonize with every different surrounding—values from $6.00 to $18.00—special sale prices, $15.00, $12.50, $10.00, $7.50, $6.00 and $4.50 per pair.

Tapestry portieres (Bagdad stripes), $5 values, per pair, $3.95.

Damask effects and oriental stripe portieres, splendid variety to choose from—$4.00 values—per pair, $2.50.

Real Damascus curtains, especially priced—each, $1.25.

Striped tapestry portieres, fringed ends—each, $1.00.

Couch covers (exact copies of Kis-Kelim rugs), rich oriental colorings, heavy reversible tapestry—unusual values at $10.00, $7.50, $6.00 and $4.50.

Less expensive couch covers in large sizes, fringed on all edges—Oriental effects—sale prices, $3.00, $1.95 and $1.25

Manufacturers' shortends (from 1 to 6 yards) of silk, wool, and cotton tapestry, brocaded and plain velours, and satin damasks suitable for upholstering at prices that are in many instances less than the cost to manufacture—scale of prices ranges from $5.00 and down to 50c per yard.

Figured china silks for draperies and pillows—sale price, 50c yd

MANDEL BROTHERS DAILY STORE NEWS

Special announcements.

Our new high-class millinery section.

A section devoted exclusively to high-class millinery. The result of a newly-equipped workroom and a new organization—a gathering of master millinery artists, especially qualified to originate exclusive styles particularly adapted to appeal to Chicago's wisest followers of fashion.

If you desire distinctive millinery beauty—something that bespeaks an exclusive style tone never before equaled outside of Paris—you must come to Mandel's—to this new section.

Our trimmed hat section is now replete with all the favored autumn millinery styles—new and captivating ideas that portray the best autumn modes in fine millinery.

Mandel Brothers.

Exclusive tailor-made suits and costumes to order.

With a complete reorganization of our dressmaking and tailoring section and our corps of artists augmented by additional designers of acknowledged reputation, we are prepared to make to your order fine tailor-made suits and exclusive costumes at a special saving.

The very finest workmanship that can be bestowed upon custom-made garments characterizes every Mandel creation.

By choosing your fabrics now, while our stock is complete, you can select from many of the more exclusive patterns that will not be shown later and avoid the rush incident to the height of the season.

Mandel Brothers.

Latest styles in fall raincoats.

Some firms don't pay very much attention to rainy-day attire, but we've always believed that people like to look smart and neat even on the days that are wet and dreary and appreciate efforts to help them do so.

That's why we give so much thought to the style of these raincoats—they're nobby enough garments for the sunniest day.

There's every indication that a wet fall will round out this season's unusually rainy spring and summer, so you'd best prepare yourself by visiting our splendid exhibit of new raincoats.

You'll certainly find the display a very interesting one, and if you had any notion of buying a rain coat this fall our extremely low prices will probably make you a purchaser.

Shapes and materials are equally important factors in this season's raincoat styles. These we are telling you about are made and tailored by men in the newest designs from new English cloth mixtures, both smooth and rough, and are absolutely rain proof. You may make a selection at **$15, $20** and **$25.**

A splendid assortment of absolutely rain-proof ulsters in mixed cloths; new shapes—a sightly garment that others sell for a great deal more money, but we bought them very favorably and give you the benefit—our special price, **$10.**

New styles in distinctively swell hats for men.

The fall lines are here now—made from the best materials in the swell new shapes that correct dressers want.

There's something about these Mandel hats that sets them apart from and above most fall lines. They're all that the critics of men's fashions demand and something more.

The element which gives them these exclusive style features comes from years of close study of correct hat making—it's the result of a lifetime of hat manufacture—the embodiment of characteristic Mandel superiority in hat form.

Come in and see our new fall stock of hats, both soft and stiff.

The "Lednam" is our standard $2 hat; comes both in soft or stiff styles, Dunlap or Knox block, and is as good as most $3 hats—**$2.**

The "Bedford" sold here for $3 is the grade exclusive hatters charge $5 for—either soft or stiff hats in the latest shapes—price **$3.**

Autumn corsets.

We're ready for autumn corset needs with a very complete line of models that conform to the requirements of the new dress modes.

We are supplying the best effects at our characteristically low prices.

As examples of the values you can get in our corset section look at these splendid offers:

The Princess hip corsets, in all the new fall models, from **$1** to **16.50.**

No. 62 Fortescue, low bust, long skirt, medium waist, in white, dove or black, mostly all sizes, regular $3, special **1.98.**

Nemo, self-reducing, the stout woman's corset, in white, dove or black, **2.50** and **$5.**

Hip spring for slender figures, **$2** and **3.50.**

Sample strips Swiss embroideries, 10c.

The biggest bargains of the season in embroidery circles—a chance to buy the finest embroideries at from one-half to one-third what any connoisseur will tell you they're worth.

They came to us from St. Gall, that wonderful center of the embroidery makers' art—were a great manufacturer's advance samples, from which he took orders for next season's business.

It will be many a day before an equally good chance to buy fine Swiss embroideries will occur—so we advise you to buy liberally now, when you can get these at **10c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 39c** and **49c** per yard.

Normandy and point de Paris laces in this season's most pleasing designs—in most cases these have edgings and insertions to match—marvelous bargains, at **7c, 10c, 12½c** and **15c** yard.

Basement: Torchon laces which are exact copies of hand-made Belgium lace at from **2c** to **7c** a yard.

Pillow sets, 50c.

There's nothing nicer for a holiday gift than a handsome sofa pillow and no better time to work one for some friend than during the leisure moments of early fall.

You can save a good bit on purchasing these pillow sets if you will come to our fancy goods section today.

We've 400 sets of the very attractive subject, "Tell Me, Pretty Maiden, Are There Any More at Home Like You?" that we'll sell for **50c** per set.

They're bargains.

Exclusive new French flannels.

Rare and exclusive appliqued flannel waist patterns are here in a greater variety of rich effects than has ever before been offered Chicago shoppers.

The ideas are more clever, the conceits more stunning, the assemblage in general smarter and more elegant than has previously been possible.

Prominent among the new originations that have "taken" with fashion followers are the novel scattered effects, the new lattice patterns, and the new lace effects.

Patterns in these exclusively Mandel designs at **$4, $5, $6, 6.50, $7, 7.50, $8** and **8.50** per pattern.

We are sole Chicago agents for the famous Orlwoola flannels, the only all wool flannel made that can positively be guaranteed not to shrink. A totally new and superior flannel both in quality and design, in 32-inch widths, at, per yard, **$1.**

Mercerized waistings, 40c.

It's going to be a shirt waist winter and the textile designers have for months been studying hard to devise fascinating novelties in cotton waistings.

They've hit on nothing more charming than these mercerized effects, which combine the sheen and luster of silk with the warmth and wear of the heavy cotton.

As soon as we saw the new mercerized novelties we knew that their leadership was assured and ordered very liberally at a decided saving over what we would have had to pay had we waited until now and sent in our orders a little at a time.

Mercerized novelties in heavy cotton waistings, all white and **40c** with small colored effects, exclusive designs—a remarkably complete line of these popular fabrics **40c** for winter wear—also exclusive designs in ruched back piques—prices on these waistings range from **40c** to **1.25** per yard.

Veilings at 50c.

You'll find all the latest Parisian veiling novelties here now. Chiffon made veils, plain hemstitched and chenille embroidered with dots and figures and in the new combinations of red, green, and blue borders, special at, per yard, **50c, 75c, $1** and **1.25.**

Women's hosiery, 25c

The balance left from our latest great sale of hosiery at 35c and 50c, together with hosiery samples just received from a large Chemnitz maker. Fancy lisles and cottons, vertical and cross stripes, lace openwork and plain figured and novelty effects—every pair a bargain—**25c.**

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DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled, in condensed form, to subscribers to the Paris edition of the New York Herald if senders so request, by writing on their notices when handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Andrews, Erskine. Andrews, Virginia. Bauld, Joseph. Beetcher, Marguerite. Bauld, Mary. Dillon, Michael. Dorsey, Peter T. Dorsey, Kathryne. Dorsey, Mary Ellen. Dodge, Edna Jane. Dunn, Charles Edward. Goodnow, H. Hartley, John J. Hill, Everton Bruce. Hinrichs, Michael. Hirsan, John J. Lehner, Katie. Linfoot, Edna Mabel. Mahoney, Margaret. Morris, Daniel J. Miller, Gottlieb. Mulvey, Mary Isabel. Maas, Mrs. Emilie. Mahoney, Mrs. H. D., Myers, James A. Neutsel, Mrs. Martie. Oberg, Frederick B., O'Reilly, Morris P., O'Heren, Mary. Peterson, Jennie H., Reidy, Annie. Richter, Henry. Rice, Mrs. Emily S., Schaer, Ulrich. Tweddle, John. Van der Kolk, John M.,

ANDREWS—Virginia, infant daughter of P. G. and Vinnie Andrews. Funeral Sept. 8 from 269 S. 43d-st. to Oakwoods.

ANDREWS—The funeral of Erskine, eldest son of Martin and Edith Andrews, will be held on Tuesday, Sept. 9, at 3 o'clock, at the Church of the Atonement, Edgewater. Burial private.

BURNS—Joseph, husband of Josephine Burns. Funeral from 3826 Wallace-st., to La Salle, Ill.

BOETTCHER—Sept. 4, Marguerite, beloved daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Henry R. Boettcher, age 1 year. Funeral Sunday, Sept. 7, Mount Hope cemetery.

BAULD—Mary, wife of the late Adam Bauld. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 3218 S. Halsted-st. by carriage to Forest Home.

CALLAHAN—Sept. 7, 1902, at 4843 Ashland-av., Michael, beloved husband of Bridget Callahan, and dear brother of Andrew, Joseph, Corinne, and the late Martin, Mrs. P. J. McGrath, Mrs. F. J. Mahoney, and Mrs. D. Shanahan. Funeral Wednesday 9 a. m. to the Church of St. Rose of Lima, where high mass will be celebrated. Friends by carriages to Mount Olivet.

COLLINS—Peter T., Sept. 7, aged 36 years, husband of Nellie Collins. Funeral today at 9:15 a. m. from 601 Fulton-st., to Forest Home.

CUDNEY—Kathryne Cudney, beloved daughter of Mrs. Nellie Cudney, nee Woods, and her mother's grandchild, 328 Loomis-st., age 7 years 1 month. Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 10, by carriages to Calvary.

DOOLAN—Mary Ellen, wife of William Doolan. Funeral Sept. 10 at 9 a. m. from 1231 W. Madison-st. to Our Lady of Sorrows church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

DODGE—Edna Jane, Sept. 8, at Glen Ellyn, Ill., daughter of Edgar and Nettie Dodge. Funeral Sept. 10 at 2 p. m. at Congregational church.

GOODMAN—H., beloved husband of Sara Goodman, father of Louis, Dunon, Harry, Dora Schwab and the late Eva Goldsmith. Funeral from late residence, 106 23d-pl., at 2 p. m. Tuesday, to Waldheim.

GOSSE—Charles Edward, son of Fred and Emma Gosse. Funeral Sept. 8 from 660 Racine-av. to Rosehill.

GRAY—Peter, Sept. 6, aged 87 years. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 1259 George-st., to St. Josseph's church, thence to Gross Point cemetery.

HANLEY—John J., beloved husband of Margaret (nee Stoney), and son of Michael and Mary Hanley, and brother of Timothy, Nellie and Thomas Hanley. Funeral Wednesday at 8 a. m., from parents' residence, 225 Loomis-st.

HILL—Everton Bruce, husband of Mary J. Hill. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 1481 W. Lake-st., by carriages to Forest Home.

HIPPCHEN—Michael, aged 74 years, husband of Helen Hippchen. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 31 Lewis-st. to St. Theresa's church, Illinois to St. Boniface.

KIERNAN—John J., Sept. 7, husband of the late Minnie Kiernan. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 4011 Cedar-av. to church of the Nativity, thence by carriages to Calvary.

LEHNER—Kate, Sept. 6, wife of Edward Lehner. Funeral from 4213 St. Lawrence-av. to Oakwoods.

LINFOOT—Edna Mabel Linfoot, age 23 years 26 days, beloved daughter of Thomas and Kate and sister of Harry, Arthur, Nell, and Lillian, Sept. 7, 1902. Funeral at 2 p. m. Tuesday from family residence, 4113 Vincennes-av. Morris (Ill.) papers please copy.

MAHONEY—Margaret, dearly beloved wife of Michael Mahoney, nee Lynch, mother of Mary M. and Michael J. Mahoney, aged 58 years. Funeral from her late residence, 48 Cypress-st., Wednesday, Sept. 10, at 9:30 a. m., to St. Charles Borrom church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

MAHONEY—Mrs. Honora D., aged 70 years. Funeral today at 9:30 a. m. from 470 Austin-av., to St. Columbkill's church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

MORRIS—Daniel J., aged 2 months, son of James P. and Mabel Morris. Funeral today at 11 a. m. from 33 N. Center-av., by carriages to Calvary.

MILLER—Gottlieb, Sept. 9, husband of Katherine Miller. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 3304 Leavitt-st., by carriages to Waldheim.

MULVEY—Mary Isabel, Sept. 7, aged 32 years, daughter of Patrick and Annie Broderick, wife of Michael J. Mulvey. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 5745 Union-av. to Visitation church, thence by carriages to Mount Olivet.

MAAS—Mrs. Emilie, Sept. 7, aged 56 years, widowed of Charles Maas. Funeral Sept. 9, at 12 o'clock from 58 Sigel-st., by carriages to Concordia.

NEUTZEL—Mrs. Martin. Funeral Sept. 11 at 11 a. m.

OBERG—Frederick B., Sept. 6, aged 10 weeks, son of Frederick and Amanda Oberg. Funeral Sept. 9 from 445 W. Ohio-st.

O'REILLY—Morris P., Sept. 7. Funeral today from 6324 Carpenter-st. to Joliet.

O'HEREN—Mary, Sept. 7, wife of the late Cornelius O'Heren. Funeral today at 9 a. m. at Libertyville, Ill.

PETERSON—Jennie H., Sept. 5, daughter of Charlotte and the late Andrew Peterson. Funeral Sept. 8 from 702 W. 106d-st. to Mount Greenwood.

REIDY—Annie, aged 7 years, daughter of Michael and Katherine Reidy. Funeral today at 9:30 a. m. from 2016 Archer-av. to St. Bridget's church, thence by carriages to Mount Olivet.

RICHTER—Henry, Sept. 7, aged 49 years, husband of Margie Richter. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 477 Milwaukee-av., by carriages to Graceland.

RICE—Mrs. Emily S., Sept. 6, at Portland, Mich.

SCHAER—Ulrich, Sept. 6. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 2525 Stewart-av. to Oakwoods.

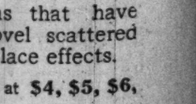
TWEDDLE—John, Sept. 8, age 42 years. Funeral from his late residence, 1050 W. Taylor-st., Wednesday, Sept. 10, at 1 p. m., by carriages to Oak Ridge.

VAN DER KOLK—John Martin, Sept. 6, aged 54 years, husband of Casiena Van der Kolk. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 58 Diversey-ct. to Rosehill.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the health department yesterday:
Reidy, Anna, 7; 2016 Archer-av., Sept. 6.
Bauld, Mary, 55; 3218 S. Halsted-st., Sept. 6.
Beetcher, Albert, 79; 163 W. 23d-st., Sept. 6.
Burns, John; 3826 Wallace-st., Sept. 8.
Chriswell, William, 20; 3652 Dearborn-st., Sept. 5.
Cullen, Annie, 17; 446 S. Clark-st., Sept. 7.
Collins, Peter, 36; 601 Fulton-st., Sept. 8.
Cremin, Dennis, 32; 144 Johnson-st., Sept. 6.
Coffman, Tom A., 42; 342 Wilson-av., Sept. 6.
Dorsey, Mary Ellen, 21; 3745 Union-av., Sept. 6.
Debelman, Mary, 49; 6954 Elizabeth-st., Sept. 6.
Doolin, Mary, 41; 1231 W. Madison-st., Sept. 7.
Dodge, Edna, 2; 1211 Monroe-av., Sept. 8.
Faller, James E., 2; 1211 Monroe-av., Sept. 7.
Grady, Bartholomew, 44; 104 S. Center-av., Sept. 6.
Gosse, Charles Edward, 10 weeks; 660 Racine-av., Sept. 6.
Harkrader, Lena, 23; 1377 W. 15th-pl., Sept. 7.
Hogan, Thomas, 1; 407 Union-pk.-ct., Sept. 5.
Hippchern, Michael, 74; 1711 Normal-av., Sept. 5.
Hanley, John J., 31; 771 14th-pl., Sept. 7.
Hrzanowyzak, Wawenty, 58; 597 Holt-av., Sept. 6.
Kiernan, John J., 29; 3007 Emerald-av., Sept. 7.
Lehner, Katie, 36; 4213 St. Lawrence-av., Sept. 7.
Linder, Anna L., 42; 582 Fulton-st., Sept. 6.
Mahoney, Honora, 72; 800 Austin-av., Sept. 6.
Martin Bridget, 80; 219 Wabansia-av., Sept. 6.
Miller, Gottlieb, 72; 3304 Leavitt-st., Sept. 7.
Mulvey, Mary, 32; 5745 Union-av., Sept. 7.
McDonough, Ellen, 64; 4911 Justine-st., Sept. 6.
Myers, Clarence, 10; 840 W. 63d-st., Sept. 6.
Neutzel, Martin, 43; 580 W. Erie-st., Sept. 7.
Pooler, Jennie, 15; 667 Warren-av., Sept. 6.
Regal, Carolina, 70; 691 W. North-av., Sept. 4.
Pelkey, Maude, 4; 4727 Dorchester-av., Sept. 5.
Roche, Josephine, 26; 464 Hastings-st., Sept. 6.
Reidy, Annie, 7; 2016 Archer-av., Sept. 6.
Richter, Henry, 49; 477 Milwaukee-av., Sept. 7.
Rothstein, Hyman, 22; 47 S. Halsted-st., Sept. 7.
Smith, Ann, 55; 356 N. Ada-st., Sept. 6.
Sparkling, William, 3; 1034 W. 87th-st., Sept. 5
Skinnery, Anna C., 33; 840 Flournoy-st., Sept. 6.
Spear, William E., 24; 233 S. Sangamon-st., Sept. 7.
Thompson, Lars, 64; 723 N. Central Park-av., Sept. 6.
Van der Kolk, John M., 64; 58 Diversey-ct., Sept. 6.
Willard, James R., 57; 4164 Lake-av., Sept. 6.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.



C. H. Harrison crib, bad; Rogers Park, bad.

The Lake View pumping station supplies all territory north of Belmont avenue to Devon avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Belmont avenue and Lake street east of Wells avenue, and is also a supply from the Chicago avenue and the Carter H. Harrison tunnel.

Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Lake street and Forty-seventh street east of Canal street with water from the four mile tunnel.

The territory between Lake street, Canal street, Forty-seventh street, and Western avenue is supplied by a station from Carter H. Harrison, Chicago avenue, and four mile tunnels, by stations at Harrison street and at Twenty-second street.

The territory between Belmont avenue and Forty-seventh street west of Western avenue to the limits, except Austin, is supplied from the Carter H. Harrison tunnel stations at Springfield avenue and at Central Park avenue.

The territory south of Forty-seventh street and west of the lake to three miles in both directions is supplied from the Sixty-eighth street station with water from the Hyde Park tunnel.

The territory south of adjoining areas fluctuate three or four blocks either north and south or east and west, according to the varying pressure from the pumping stations.

The Rogers Park station supplies the district from Devon avenue north to the city limits.

Austin and Norwood Park have artesian well supplies.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854.
C. H. JORDAN & CO.
14 AND 16 E. MADISON-ST., CHICAGO.
135 East 53d-st. HYDE PARK.
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM [20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan], undertaker. 1722 Wabash-av. Tel. So. 953.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Illinois—Showers Tuesday, cooler in south portion. fresh to brisk northwest winds; Wednesday fair.

Ohio—Showers and much cooler Tuesday; Wednesday fair, fresh to brisk south to west winds.

North Dakota, South Dakota and Nebraska—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, warmer Wednesday.

Indiana—Showers Tuesday, cooler in central and southern portions; fresh southwest to northwest winds; Wednesday fair.

Lower Michigan—Showers Tuesday, cooler in east portion, fresh to brisk southwest to northwest winds; Wednesday fair.

Upper Michigan—Fair in west, clearing in east portion Tuesday, fresh west winds; Wednesday fair.

Wisconsin—Fair Tuesday, fresh west winds; Wednesday fair.

Minnesota—Fair Tuesday, fresh west winds; Wednesday fair with rising temperature.

Iowa—Fair Tuesday; Wednesday fair with rising temperature.

Missouri—Fair in west and north, showers in southeast portion Tuesday, cooler in east and south portions; Wednesday fair with rising temperature.

Place of observation.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation in 24 hours.	State of weather at 8 p. m.
Time taken: Sept. 8, 8 p. m.					
Abilene	92	98	S.	....	Fair
Albany	70	78	S.	....	Clear
Alpena	70	78	S.W.	....	Cl'dy
Atlanta	70	84	S.	1.56	Cl'dy
Amarillo	70	82	N.E.	....	Clear
Battleford	54	64	W.	....	Clear
Bismarck	54	70	N.W.	....	Clear
Buffalo	76	82	S.	....	Clear
Boston	70	80	S.W.	....	Clear
Cairo	70	80	S.W.	....	Cl'dy
Calgary	68	70	W.	.14	Clear
Charlotte	70	84	E.	.50	Rain
Cheyenne	62	66	W.	....	Clear
Chicago	68	80	N.	Tr.	Rain
Cincinnati	74	88	S.W.	....	Clear
Cleveland	74	84	S.W.	....	Clear
Concordia	68	70	W.	....	Clear
Davenport	68	74	W.	.24	Cl'dy
Denver	62	68	W.	....	Clear
Des Moines	68	70	W.	Tr.	Fair
Detroit	74	80	S.	....	Clear
Dodge City	72	86	S.	....	Clear
Dubuque	68	74	W.	.17	Cl'dy
Duluth	54	64	S.W.	Tr.	Clear
El Paso	74	90	W.	....	Clear
Edmonton	46	68	Calm	....	Clear
Galveston	84	90	S.	....	Clear
Grand Haven	68	76	N.W.	Tr.	Rain
Green Bay	64	66	S.W.	.40	Cl'dy
Kamra	72	72	N.W.	....	Clear
Helena	52	66	W.	....	Clear
Huron	62	68	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Indianapolis	80	84	S.	....	Fair
Jacksonville	76	84	S.	.20	Rain
Kansas City	62	78	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Lander	68	72	N.E.	....	Clear
Little Rock	74	86	S.	....	Clear
Los Angeles	70	80	W.	....	Fair
Marquette	56	68	S.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Memphis	74	90	S.	....	Clear
Milwaukee	64	82	W.	.38	Rain
Minnedosa	52	60	W.	Tr.	Fair
Montgomery	74	92	S.	....	Clear
Montreal	64	72	W.	....	Clear
Nashville	84	92	S.	....	Clear
New Orleans	84	88	N.W.	....	Clear
New York City	72	78	S.E.	....	Fair
Norfolk	74	86	S.E.	....	Clear
North Platte	64	68	N.W.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	74	90	S.	....	Clear
Omaha	60	64	S.W.	....	Clear
Oswego	70	74	S.	....	Clear
Palestine	82	90	S.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	80	88	S.E.	....	Clear
Philadelphia	74	86	S.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	76	82	S.	....	Clear
Pueblo	70	72	S.E.	....	Clear
Qu' Appelle	46	66	N.W.	.28	Clear
Rapid City	62	66	W.	....	Clear
San Antonio	94	98	S.E.	....	Clear
San Francisco	60	66	W.	....	Cl'dy
St. Louis	80	86	S.W.	....	Fair
St. Paul	58	64	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Salt Lake City	70	80	W.	....	Clear
Ste. Marie	52	70	W.	.00	Rain
Springfield, Ill.	64	82	N.W.	....	Cl'dy
Springfield, Mo.	68	84	S.	....	Cl'dy
Vicksburg	78	88	S.	....	Clear
Washington	78	88	S.	....	Fair
Wichita	64	68	S.W.	....	Clear
Williston	46	66	N.W.	....	Fair
Winnipeg	48	70	N.W.	....	Fair

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE CHICAGO postoffice today, Sept. 9, as follows:
For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Lourenzo Marquez, Roumania, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.
For Cuba, 6 p. m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For Jamaica, West Indies, via Boston, 12 p. m.
For Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, via S. S. St. Louis, 11 a. m.
For the Mexican state of Yucatan, 4:30 p. m.
For British Honduras, Guatemala, and republic of Honduras, 5 p. m.
For Hawaii, via San Francisco, by S. S. Alameda, 9 p. m.
For the Bahama islands; and for Santiago, Cuba, 12 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

Benjamin Lande, Sophia Lipchitz	24—21
Douglas G. Kingsland of St. Louis, Mo.; Layela H. Stone	32—22
Henry Jadlinski, Mary Bern	25—19
Frank Schroeder, Rose Danz	25—21
Edmund Gusteen Jr., Nannette S. Young	26—20
Benjamin Ellis, Carrie Jones	23—18
Stanislaw Woyda, Martha Chihansky	24—19
Christian Jensen, Louise Hansen	27—17
Michal Pierzak, Josephine Jurdzinski	26—22
Joseph Soukup, Mary Turinsky	22—19
Edward J. Harran, Louise May	45—40
Carol Jerabek, Katarina Kubicek	21—22
John Schmeratfeger, Augusta Kroeger	30—21
Marcin Piekarz, Maryanna Solak	28—24
Charles J. Stack, Augusta Lipp	29—24
Michael Neylon, Sarah Conniey	34—32
Frank Moskowski, Agata Jurgelski	26—18
Charles P. Schill, Hattie A. Sternhemeser	25—20
William Emmel, Rose M. Klein	27—20
John Ehardt, Marie Autischer	22—22
Thomas J. Blume, Anna A. McCabe	24—20
Leo Hebel, Elizabeth Trusche	24—20
Walter J. Clifford, Josephine Bergstrom	27—24
Albert Drost, Mary Zmuda	25—20
Julius A. Roesch Jr., Caroline C. Walte	21—20
Anton Mareinek, Bronislawa Deez	28—21
William E. Paguim, Jennie P. Ellis	28—21
Thomas S. Morgan, Gwendolyn M. Cattell	38—31
William Voth, Augusta Zimmerman	24—21
Johan Gabrsch, Anna Kopecki	39—31
Paul Domski, Helen Mazurkiewicz	26—18
Oliver B. Sorgeant, Laura Berkingham	50—35
Mortimer Finch, Addie E. Seaver	40—32
Alfred Paulus, Clara John	30—22
Edward F. Little, Louise E. Beaven	28—22
James E. Murphy, Alice C. Smith	22—21
Ralph Dyson, Della Donithius	26—20
Martin Becker, Mary Bauer	21—19
William Wakefield, Edith Jarns	28—24
Otto Behmer, Martha Kaup	29—20
William Sheehan, Mary Cronin	24—20
John Keefe, Mary Courtney	30—27
William F. Linnen, Katherine A. Bongers	28—26
John P. Pehlen, Priesla Wesphal	21—20
Samuel G. Smith, Sarah A. Haughey	21—20
Charles Miller, Alma C. Bauman	40—40
William J. McLaughlin, Mary E. Walsh	21—20
Jan Koziol, Wiktorija Korszyrowska	23—18
John W. Nowhart, Mary E. Rock	22—20
August Klotz, Emma Hubert	29—20
Herman C. Hupe, Bertha K. Schilling	26—23
Clarence E. Alverson, Mary C. Clarke	24—23
Stanislaw Kauza, Anna Dzik	25—24
David A. Hill, Blanche H. Fish	28—21
Charles H. Rauen of Minneapolis, Minn.; Mary E. Markoe of St. Paul, Minn.	27—39
Daniel J. Parkinson, Mary Schneider	40—39
John Zock, Frances Kozlowski	23—22
George F. Ehlen, Louise M. Henrich	27—27
Harry W. Smith, Nelle P. Fleming	25—22
Ragnar L. Samuelson, Hilma M. Lindquist	24—20
Patrick Quinn, Margaret Hyland	30—30
William A. Heins, Jessie A. Hall	27—22
Anderson M. C. Carroll, Birdie Allen	32—25
Oscar Burg, Hattie Hansen	29—25
Charles H. Carey of Philadelphia, Pa.; Mae T. Johnson	26—21
William A. Druckenmiller, Maggie Warner	21—20
William Marsh of Buffalo, N. Y.; Margaret E. Griffin of Trenton, N. J.	34—26
Frederick A. Stowe, Marion E. Hull	31—22
Fred J. Hagen, Louise Hoffmann	26—27
Franisszk Stanek, Katarzyna Sabisz	24—20
Henry C. Robrahn, Pauline Braungart	24—24
Carl Gobner, Minna Tynold	30—24
George A. Dinsmore, Annie Hansen	25—18
Robert A. Nickerson, Edith Fleming	22—20
Charles Hansen, Ellen Larsen	26—37
Edward J. Gedeman, Lillian Sebastian	22—21
Harry Dabroy, Victoria McNabb	27—27
Robert J. Griest of Pittsburg, Pa.; Minnie C. Coratis of Denver, Colo.	30—21
Hans P. Nielson, Lydia Clemmonts	21—21
Jacob Mayr, Marion Wainwright	26—23
Frank H. Thompson, Lena W. Bromley	25—18
John Hofheinz, Anna Starck	25—22
John Adams, Mary Engler	23—22
Louis A. Lambert, Rose Langlois	22—19
Charles E. Howell, Louise E. McFarlane	32—21
Edward Wells, Alice Johnson	56—37
Daniel Dahlstrom, Ada Salle	29—20
Frank Leonhard, Louise Prestien	21—19
Theodore L. Johnson, Mae E. Lyons	21—20
Richard M. Beirge, Ida M. Carlson	27—25
William Allen, Belle Franklin	27—20
Anthony M. Zipprich, Marie Gehre	24—22
Con Egerer, Nellie Van Bogget	27—22
James A. Shepherd, Lillian M. Wallace	30—26
Adolph A. Novak, Emma Kucera	25—21
Alexander T. Turnbull, Marcia D. Wood	26—21

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord on Monday, Sept. 8, 1902:

N. Clark-st., s w cor Garfield-av., 87¼x irr 125, also known as 818 to 822 N. Park-av. Aug. 22 [Robert A. Bower to Henry Schoellkopf] $50,000

S. 52d-av., 259 s of Fulton-st., e f, 100x 125.7, Aug. 9 [C. Beardsley et al., by M. in C., to Abbie D. Smith] .....

Desplaines-st., 110 s of Grand-av., e f, 46x 150, incumbrance $2,500. June 20 [R. Evenson et al. to Travis Wold] .....

Lincoln-av., 81 s of Roscoe-st., w f, 25x115, incumbrance $1,300 [V. Henry to Leonard Herr] .....

Buena Park-terrace, s w cor Fremont-st., n f, 53.61x100.98, incumbrance $1,000. Sept. 6 [B. Mason Gunn to Wm. Burke] .....

Eggleston-av., n s cor 120th-st., w f, 40x 123½. Aug. 25 [G. H. Carver to Martin H. Nelson] .....

Vincennes-av., 57 n of Givins-ct., s f, 50x125. Aug. 27 [E. O. Langer to Valentine Spuck] .....

Roscoe-st., 264 w of Paulina, n f, 25x125. Sept. 2 [the Deutscher Krieger Verein von Chicago to Friedrich W. Wiltzki] .....

Milwaukee-av., 40 s e of N. 42d-av., s f, 100x100, more or less. Sept. 5 [A. C. Brandecker et al., by M. in C., to Wm. Boldenweck] .....

Francisco-av., 55 n of Dunning-st., w f, 30x125.7, incumbrance $2,800. Sept. 2 [W. M. Hoseth to Jens Nielsen] .....

N. 42d-av., 241 s of Armitage, w f, 25x125, incumbrance $1,000. Aug. 20 [F. M. Keeney to James R. Bradley] .....

Sawyer-av., 291 s of Armitage, e f, 25x 177. Sept. 5 [B. K. Barnes et al., by M. in C., to Agnes K. Shepard] .....

Kedzie-av., 225 s of Bloomingdale, w f, 25x104¾. Sept. 5 [C. Grimm to Ernestine Ray] .....

Oakley-av., 300 s of La Moyne-st., w f, 24x 125. Sept. 4 [J. Schommer to Sr. Paul B. and L. Assn.] .....

Cortez-st., 240 w of Robey, n f, 100x122. July 17 [estate of T. Suffern to Edward Barkes] .....

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Ontario-st., 125 w of N. 49th-av., n f, 25x 125. July 16 [S. M. Snow to Charles Larson] 1,000

Humboldt-st., 66 s of 43d-av., w f, 25x125. Sept. 4 [J. Wirts to Wm. H. Sawyer] .....

Hermitage-av., 56 s of 63d-st., e f, 50x124. Aug. 28 [E. Brophy to Christina S. Peterson] .....

Langley-av., 116 s of 71st-st., w f, 40x125¾. July 19 [C. E. Cloud to Andrew J. Anderson] .....

Kingston-av., n e cor 84th-st., w f, 47x120. March 26, 1901 [H. H. Gage to Edwin A. Casey] .....

Troy-st., 120 s of 29th, w f, 24x125. Aug. 28 [J. Horn to Joseph Plohl] .....

Cottage Grove-av., 341 n of 39th-st., w f, 40 x130. Aug. 9 [Albert H. Morgan & Co. to August Morgenweck] .....

107th-pl., 141 w of Wentworth-av., s f, 25x 125. Sept. 4 [F. Vanderploeg to John Hazekamp] .....

Thomas-st., 204 w of N. 44th-av., n f, 26x 125. Aug. 8 [A. J. Graham to John P. Dorsch] .....

Flournoy-st., 73 w of Springfield-av., n f, 20x124¾, incumb. $3,500. Sept. 2 [J. A. Leslie to Elizabeth C. Robertson] .....

30th-st., n w cor Princeton-av., s f, 24x100. Aug. 12 [Helena Feser to the Standard Brewery] .....

Ashland-av., n w cor 52d-st., e f, 24x125. Aug. 21 [H. Drisiene to Magdalena Tunk] .....

5th-av., 120 n of 53d-av., s f, 24x124. Sept. 6 [Patrick Moran to James Price] .....

Superior-av., s e cor 111th-st., w f, 97x 120. Aug. 16 [Thorn to John Brill] .....

101 and 103 Polk-st., 42x100, Sept. 4 [Sarah Boggs et al., by M. in C., to Kemper K. Knapp] .....

Winchester-av., 248 s of Thomas-st., e f, 25 x123. Sept. 6 [F. Krueger to Richard Bloedorn] .....

Sawyer-av., 166 n of Diversey, w f, 75x125. Aug. — [F. Detler to Ferdinand Meinmeyer] .....

Berwyn-av., 33 w of Winchester, n f, 25x123. Sept. 8 [O. Swanson to Oscar A. Johnson] .....

Chauncey-av., 50 n of 71st-st., e f, 50x125. Aug. 28 [G. W. Davis to Mary E. Davis] .....

Maplewood-av., 214 s of 42d-st., e f, 48x 125. Aug. 28 [O. T. Finnegan to Joseph Loenertz] .....

Homan-av., 50 n of 21st-st., w f, 25x125. Aug. 28 [J. Novak to John Novak] .....

Rokeby-st., s w cor Wayland-av., 66x120, incumb. $6,000. Aug. 13 [James M. McMahon to Kathrun M. Foote] .....

Sheridan road, 203 n of Wilson-av., e f, 48x150. Sept. 24 [R. M. Krause to Albert E. Dacy] .....

Webster-av., s e cor Fremont-st., n f, 40x 125, incumb. $4,000. Aug. 13 [Walter C. Foote to Margaret W. A. O'Shea] 9,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING BUILDING PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the building department:

Charles J. Telt, 3 story brick flat, 1156-58 Byron-st $25,000

Frank Wolff, 1 story frame cottage, 1839 N. Irving-av .....

Simson Brew. Co., 1 story frame hall, Archer-av., 178 feet e. of 48th-av .....

G. Ehrhardt, story frame flat, 1156 Morgan-st .....

A. Peters, 1½ story frame cottage, 951 76th-pl .....

George Burk, 3 story brick flat, 1613 W. North-av .....

K. Juchernski, 2 story brick flat, 1084 S. Albany-av .....

Vastac Salat, 2 story brick flat, 799-801 S. St. Louis-av .....

P. F. Nelson, 2 story brick flat, 989 Melrose-st .....

Haentze & Wheeler, 4 1 story frame cottages, 1736-37-1815-17 N. Monticello-av .....

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SIX PRINCIPAL NOTES FOR $500 EACH and fifty-four interest notes, all dated February 1st, 1902, executed by Sherman Barber and to become part of the purchase price of premises described in trust deed recorded in Book 7,000, Records of Cook Co., Illinois, on page 462. A REWARD of twenty-five dollars ($25) will be paid upon the return of said notes to the undersigned, the owner of the same.

JOHN HEWITT,
N. E. Cor. Clinton and Fulton-sts., Chicago.

LOST—LADY'S GOLD VIOLET ENAMELED pearl pin, diamond in center, in block bounded by Sheridan-rd., Grace-st., N. Halsted-st., and the lake. H. L. WAYNE, 1028 Sheridan-rd.; reward.

LOST—RED ENAMEL CHATELAINE WATCH, pearl case and rim; attached to a red enamel fleur-de-lis pendant. Reward given if returned to 4341 Ellis-av.

LOST—POCKETBOOK CONTAINING ABOUT $20 and Michigan Central tickets, Olean, New York, Nell McMahon. W. B. MITCHELL, 80 Michigan-av.

LOST—SHERIDAN-ROAD, ON LAKE SHORE, small square parcel with name. Finder kindly return to Room 1410 Marquette Building. and get reward.

LOST—DAUGHTERS OF AM. REVOLUTION pin; full name of owner on back; reward. 4959 Lake-av.

LOST—MONDAY NOON, BLACK AND WHITE female setter. Return to 505 Washington-blvd. for $5 reward.

LOST—HAND SACHEL POCKET BOOK, WITH keys and papers. Please return to 2016 Wabash-av. and receive reward.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—WANTED—ADDRESS OF DANIEL Clarke, formerly a native of Navan, Co. Meath, Ireland. Any information as to his whereabouts will be gratefully received by his brother, M. Clarke, Balreask, Navan, Co. Meath, Ireland.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO. GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.
We offer our entire stock DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, CUT GLASS at 25% LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICE. Convince yourself at BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO., 178 STATE-ST. Next to Schlesinger & Mayer.

PERSONAL—
Many families in moderate circumstances do all of their trading with us. Special Credit at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything worn by men, women, and children, or used in furnishing a home completely from "parlor to kitchen."
Established in 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO.,
2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—" GOOD SENSE " BEAUTIFYING, according to Mme. Genevieve Sens, is based on ideas. Facial treatments, scalp treatments, egg shampoos. Creme Marquise, 35 cents; complexion brushes, 75 cents. MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, 30 Washington-st., city.

PERSONAL—BUY A DIAMOND BEFORE THE fall rush. Prices lower now than they will ever be again. Easy monthly payments. You need no help in opening a Charge Account with us. It's easy.
LOFTIS B

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ANY YOUNG WOMAN WHO WOULD LIKE TO correspond for newspapers; good pay; experience unnecessary. Address Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

BILL CLERK—LADY, WITH THOROUGH EXperience and very fine penman, for good position; good salary. 402. 134 Monroe-st.

FILE AND INDEX CLERK—AND GIRL TO DO folding; thoroughly exp.; $5 and $6. 402. 134 Monroe-st.

BOOKKEEPER—COMPETENT LADY BOOKkeeper, must be a good penman; $12-$15. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

BOOKKEEPER—D. E. EXPERIENCED; $10 TO $12. 402 Fort Dearborn Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER—A1 D. E., NO OTHER; $12-$15. PLATT, 324 Dearborn-st.

EXP. DRY GOODS SALESLADIES—BOHEMIAN speaking preferred; good wages; steady work. 2125 W. 12th-st.

NICE, BRIGHT GIRL, YOUNG LADY, FOR OFfice work; $6 or $6. R. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

SALESWOMAN—DRY GOODS GIRL; AMERIcan neighborhood; west side. Address O E 476, Tribune office.

SALESWOMEN—TWO EXPERIENCED JEWELry novelty saleswomen. CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS., 111 State-st.

SALESLADY—FOR SHOE DEPARTMENT FOR good house out of city. 348, Tribune office.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED. P. D. MADIGAN & Co., Dry Goods, 31st-st. and Forest-av.

YOUNG LADY—EXP. IN OFFICE WORK, FILing, indexing, folding circulars, etc.; $5-$6. R. 400, 324 Dearborn-st.

$4 TO $12 WEEKLY COPYING LETTERS AT home; send self-addressed envelope for particulars. King Mfg. Co., 248 Warren-av., Chicago.

5 GIRLS—EXCELLENT WRITERS, FOR ADdressing and entry work; also S. P. stenographer. SCHUB, 506 Fort Dearborn Bldg.

Domestics.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS—SCANDINAVIAN OR German girl; three in family. 5100 Cornell-av.

DOMESTIC—GERMAN OR SCANDINAVIAN; 234 South Winchester-av.; family of three adults; wages $4 a week.

EXPERIENCED SECOND GIRL AND WAITress, small family in Kenilworth; permanent position, wages $4.50. P 491, Tribune office.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — GERMAN GIRL; highest wages to good worker. S. w. cor. Franklin and Ontario-sts., Austin.

GIRL—FOR COOK AND LAUNDRESS; WAGES $5; five in family. P.-O. Box 96, Lake Forest, Ill.

GIRL WAITRESSES—IN TEA ROOM; SHORT hour work. Apply before 10:30 a. m., tea room, MARSHALL FIELD & CO., retail.

HOUSEWORK—YOUNG WOMAN FOR GENERal, at Geneva; high wages; no washing. Apply 191 Sutton-pl.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; wages $5.50; also nurse girl, who will assist second work; wages $5. 2337 Kenmore-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; no washing; good wages. 6521 Harvard-av., Englewood.

HOUSEWORK—RELIABLE GIRL FOR GENERal housework in small family. 2742 Hermitage-av., near Leland. Ravenswood.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL; ALSO nurse girl; references. 151 S. Park-av., Austin.

HOUSEWORK; GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family. 1228 Wrightwood, 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 236 Belden-av., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—GENERAL HOUSEWORK GIRL; $3 week; good home. Call 41 S. Clark-st., R. 30.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 6548 Normal-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL; GOOD wages. Call 6565 Harvard-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. DR. FRANKEL, 306 W. 12th-st.

HOUSEWORK; GENERAL; STEADY GIRL; small family. 3153 Rhodes-av.

SECOND WORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR SECond work; must have references. 45 22d-st., near Prairie-av.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER—A NICE, REFINED YOUNG woman to take full charge of house in country; good home to the right party. Address F. E. MILLER, Princeton, Ill.

HOUSEKEEPER—GOOD; GOOD HOME; GERman preferred. Address P 458, Tribune office.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—AND COOK—5902 Ontario-st. Take Lake-st L. Austin Sta.

Nurses.

COMPETENT NURSE FOR CHILD 2½ YRS.; must be able to sew and have refs. 4511 Grand-blvd.

GIRLS—TO TRAIN FOR SANITARIUM WORK in exchange for work; room and board, but no wages first three months. DR. PIAZZA, 4126 Drexel-blvd. near 40th-st.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS WANTED—LADIES TO INTRODUCE among first class families a superior line or flavoring extracts, perfumes, and toilet articles; permanent situation to right parties. SAWYER Mfg. Co., 41 River-st., Chicago.

Stenographers.

GRAPHOPHONE OPERATOR—WITH EXPERIence; rapid, accurate; $10. 739, 108 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—GOOD, BRIGHT GIRL; must be experienced; $8 to $10. R. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—EXP. AND WITH SOME knowledge of bookkeeping; good permanent position; $8 to start. 402, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—REM., TO WORK AT Franklin Park; $12; hours 9-5. R. 460, Monon Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—FIRST CLASS LADY; SALary $12; Oliver machine. P 469, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED, IN CREDIT dept. work; salary $16. R. 911, 185 Dearborn.

STENOGRAPHER—THOROUGHLY EXP. AND competent; $15. Room 402, 134 Monroe-st.

TYPEWRITER OPERATORS — THOROUGHLY experienced; $6 and $7. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

GIRLS—2, TO WORK ON BOYS' CLOTHING; must be first class. Apply Clothing Section, 3d floor, H. MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

TAILORESS—EXPERIENCED, ON FANCY coats. MME. HORWITZ, 2441 Indiana-av.

Miscellaneous.

ANY YOUNG WOMAN WHO WOULD LIKE TO correspond for newspaper; good pay; experience unnecessary. Address Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

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North Side.

TO RENT — FINELY FURNISHED ROOMS; modern house; 2 porcelain baths, closets, hot and cold water, telephone; single, $2; double, $2.50; short walking distance. 326 E. Indiana-st.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; SINgle and double; bath, gas, etc.; res.; refined family; half block from Lincoln park. 15 Lanepl., near Centre-av.

TO RENT—LARGE, NICELY FURNISHED housekeeping room; electric lights; steam heat; everything modern; $3 per week. 16 Crilly-pl., 1st flat.

TO RENT — 295 HURON-ST., NEAR CASS-ST., large alcove room, smaller room connecting; running water, large closets; suitable for two or four gentlemen.

TO RENT—187 CASS-ST., FLAT 29—BEAUTIfully furnished front rooms; bath, steam, mantels, closet; walking distance; reasonable.

TO RENT — NICELY FURNISHED OUTSIDE room, steam heat, running water, private family. 417 Larrabee-st. 1st flat, cor. DIVISION.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, KITCHEN privileges optional, modern, private family. 65 Pearson-st. EDWARDS.

TO RENT—LARGE ALCOVE ROOM; ALSO room with piano; well furnished; private family. 305 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; HOT and cold water; steam heat. 349 Chicago-av., Flat 12.

ICAL INSTRUMENTS.

EALY'S ALTERATION AND NEW PIANO SALE. The new building ...present warerooms on the south is completion, and in order to combine ...h our present salesrooms, alterations ...ar-reaching character become neces... than move and store a large portion ...tock while heavy walls are being torn ...oms are being erected, etc., we offer ...ck of pianos at SPECIAL CLEAR... PRICES. The following will convey ...e exceptional values obtainable at ...EW PIANOS.

...rany and walnut-finished uprights ... with modern attachments, reduced ...ective and durable, sweet toned up... ...ade action, made to retail at a much ...$135. Beautiful instruments with ...rved panels, Boston rolling fallboard, ...d quartered oak cases, would ornament ...rment, $150. Cabinet grand uprights ...ern make, fully guaranteed, in ar... ...gned mahogany and oak cases, $190, ...e in one of the most popular eastern ...e of the handsomest designs we have ...$225. Upright pianos of celebrated ... very artistic designs, mahogany ...fractions, some even more, $320. ...ano, same make as above, a little ...$290. Also choice of 100 slightly ...nd hand pianos, including Steinway, ...auer, Fischer, Sterling, and other ... Do not delay a visit of inspection. ...MENTS—These pianos may be had ...on very easy terms. No advance is ...aid for by installments. Buyers at a ...id write for special bargain list and ...dule of freight rates on pianos. We ...everywhere. Inexpensive pianos ...us may be exchanged later toward ...e of a Steinway or a Knabe, which ...e are sold only by us.

...EALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st ...ot of Lyon & Healy largely exceeds in ...lue that of any other musical establ... ...ither Europe or America.

PIANO BARGAINS

...have saved ...REDS OF PIANO BUYERS ...a big lot of money.

...LL 'DELL THE REASON WHY. ...various styles, for.....$135 ...legant styles, for.....150 ...ery stylish, for.....172 ...and many other pianos ...RESPONDING REDUCTIONS.

...L CONVINCE the most skeptical.

...t MOTTO: GOOD PIANOS ...t bed-rock prices and ...VEST TERMS.

...WN " PIANO, new styles, finer and ...er.

...REATEST PIANO—the "CROWN."

...OWN " PIANO BARGAINS, ...rned rental and dropped from cata... ...$220, $250, and $275.

...OS TO RENT—fine pianos.

GEO. P. BENT, ...facturer " Crown " Pianos, ...211 Wabash-av., ...e new " Crown " Building.

OPPORTUNITY FOR PIANO BUY...

...ck. Slightly used standard upright ...ow from $175 to $150 on any piano you ... Nothing like it ever heard of in Chi... Nearly all the different makes rep... ...ent one-half of their original price is ...them out at once. We will insisting the many:

...sic cost, price: Sale price. ...s Music Co., piano.....$150 ...s upright piano.....145 ...s upright piano.....165 ...Bauer mahogany upright.....195 ...any upright piano.....245 ...upright.....145 ...walnut upright.....145 ...o Music Co. walnut upright.....145 ...ance, excellent condition.....178 ...cash or on easy monthly payments. ...every piano we sell. Pianos to rent. ...if purchased. Storage for pianos. ...Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

...IANOS.

...IMBALL PIPE ORGANS. ...IMBALL REED ORGANS. ...ELF-PLAYING INSTRUMENTS.

...t parts are made in our own factories.

...ON THE ONE-PRICE PLAN.

...manufacturers, saving all freights, ex... ...and profits to dealers and middlemen.

...STOCK OF SPECIAL BARGAINS ... always on hand.

...SH OR INSTALLMENTS.

...KIMBALL CO. (Established 1857). ...cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.

...SOHMER, AND HAINES BROS. ...erated makes in both new and second ...at greatly reduced prices. Some dis... ...es at a discount of $150.

...ver this list of great bargains:

...upright	90	Reid upright
...right	80	Rintine walnut
...right	125	Lindeman
...mut	120	Lindeman
...mut	135	Chickering
...kintosh	145	Steinway
...e, oak	165	Emerson sash
...inut	175	Sohmer walnut
...ahogany	200	Steinway, $375.
...300 and	225	$400, and
...upright	80	

...hand squares from $20 upwards. ...Cash or easy payments.

J. O. TWICHELL, ...211 Wabash-av.

...ANOS—PIANOS—PIANOS.

...for a first class piano while ...e sale is going. ...make room for our fall stock and are ...pitional bargains in several styles that ...dropped from our catalogues. Also a ...yles returned from renting that must ...e room. Pianos we took in exchange ...wards, including squares and uprights ...kes. Step in and hear the wonderful ...ano Player. Factory open daily 9:2 ...as from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. ...UER & CO., 259-262 WABASH-AV. ...Established 1857.

...SALE—

...pianos that are bound to interest

1 Kimball, 1 Singer, and 1 Hale at ... Reed & Sons, 1 Schaaf, 1 Kroeger ... Knabe at a rare bargain; 1 mahog... ...Kimball, and 1 Hale at $110 each; ...pianos, $140 up; new stock of Clark ...$400; B. $500; K. $550; G. $600; D. ...ntinued styles at a big reduction. ...per day buys a piano. ...STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash-av.

...OS. LUDWIG PIANOS.

...k now in place. Get our prices.

...Bargains in used pianos.

...OSE & SONS PIANO CO.

...ers. 246 WABASH-AV.

...S. HACKLEY, CARLISLE PIANOS. ...looking for a good piano come and ...these from our stock. Also see our ...ins. Pianos for rent. Don't forget ...nd number, CHICKERING-CHASE ...209 Wabash-av.

...TEINWAY PIANOS—BEWARE OF

...ments offered as genuine Steinway ...e stock of used Steinway uprights at ...ices. We have found in LYON & HEA... ...sh-av. and Adams-st., and they are ...orized Steinway agents in Chicago.

...AAE PIANOS—BUY THE ADAM

...LANO; you cannot make a mistake ...h quality; our prices are rea... ...sell on monthly payments; come and ...ell us. Salesrooms, corner W. Madison ...os.

...IANOS — GRAND PRIX, PARIS, ...on pianos—Silver medal, Paris, 1900. ...s' prices; easy terms; inspection so... ...HALDWIN & CO., 207 Wabash-av. ...WING, Mgr. Retail Dept.

...— $135 EACH; NEW EASTERN ...ht piano, walnut, mahogany, and ...ayments $10 cash, $5 monthly, with ...ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...NS CABINET GRAND UPRIGHT ...tly shopworn, $115. ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

A SPECIALTY OF RENTING ...prights from $3 per month upwards. ...e in the city to select from. THE ...CH CO., 259 and 260 Wabash-av.

...HAINES, FOSTER, BRYANT, ...olmes; easy payments; rent cheap! ...$25 and up. ...WALTER, 244 Wabash-av., 2d floor.

...NEW SCALE KIMBALL UPRIGHT ...tically new; fancy light wood case. THOMPSON MUSIC CO., ...209 Wabash-av.

...$5 AND $4 PER MONTH—200 NEW ...nos in one year's time allowed if pur... ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...ND UPRIGHT PIANOS, $76, $90, ...50 each. All makes to select from. ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...FINE TONED MAHOGANY UP... ...e than ½ of original cost 4 months ...furniture. 3521 Ellis-av.

...RE PIANOS, $25, $35, $45, TO $75 ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...PRIGHT PIANO, IN PERFECT ...ndition guaranteed; will sacrifice for ...hird original cost. 261 Ashland-blvd.

...PIANOS, SHONINGER PIANOS, ...Bach pianos. Sold in Chicago by ...MUSIC CO., 209 Wabash-av.

...SMITH, AND BARNES PIANOS; ...ty of styles; easy payments. New ...rerooms, 248 Wabash-av.

...GRAND PIANO, $225. ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...SCHER UPRIGHT PIANO, LATE ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...CABINET GRAND UPRIGHT PI... ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...AMLIN UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...TS PIANO CO., CHICAGO-AV. AND CLARK-ST. ...ENINGS UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

...IGHT PIANO, $135. ADAM SCHAAF. ...9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

...HICKERING AND GABLER PIA... ...as a rule, excellent bargains in 24 ...Clayton F. Summy Co., 220 Wabash.

...EN IN PERFECT CONDITION, ...s; will sell for best cash offer. ...SCHULZ CO., 373 Milwaukee-av.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN; 660x86 ft., C. & N. W. R. R., 43d and 44th-sts; $11,000; suitable for coal, lumber, or side track. E. N. HEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4-FLAT HOUSE, MODERN; PAYS 8 per cent on $9,000; will sell for $4,200; half cash. Address P 81, Tribune office.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—THE VACANT TRACT ON THE lake shore bounded north by 67th-st. and Jackson Park, west by Yates-av., south by 71st-st., and east by Lake Michigan, containing, as surveyed and patented by the government of the United States, 40 nine and fifteen-one hundredths acres. For terms apply to WINSTON & CO., 501 Tacoma Bldg., Chicago, or to E. W. WILLARD, owner, at Newport, R. I.

FOR SALE—GREATEST BARGAIN EVER heard of. 5838 Elliz-av. Elegant stone front 9 room and bath residence; tile bath-room, oak finish, hot water heat, elegant home; $7,200; $60 cash, $60 monthly, including int. Don't wait. Call at once. Agt. on prem.

FOR SALE—10 ROOM STONE FRONT; FINE neighborhood; lot 25x120 to paved alley; property cost $7,000, will sell for $5,500; No. 4447 S. 42d-st.; this is the best bargain for a fine home in city; being near best school, churches, and transportations. See MASSON, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT AUCTION SALE EVERY night this week in tent corner 69th-st. and Western-av. Calcium lights and stereopticon views. Free entertainment. Lots at half price. 2 lots at $5 per month. R. C. GIVINS & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—DREXEL-BLVD., 3 STORY HOUSE, none finer finished on the boulevard, elaborately hand carved woork, costly mantels, hot water heat, light on all sides, choice surroundings; an interview solicited with prospective buyers. HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4011 DREXEL-BLVD., 9 R. BRICK res., lot 20x90; ground alone worth $8,000; house ready for $45 mo. price $6,750. WATSON & BARTLETT, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—3526-28 JEFFERSON-AV., STONE front modern 6 flat bldg., renting for $2,400 per year; first class condition; will sell at an absolute sacrifice for cash; must be quick deal. RICHARD & THRAINER, 218 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAIN; 2 STORY, NEW 8 room modern house; steam heat and first class in every respect; price $6,500; owner forced to sell; close to Washington park and "L" road station. Address R R 222, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MY ELEGANT SIX FLAT BLDG. on Ellis, and convenient to "L" and ill. Cent.; will sacrifice; rents $1,100; price $20,000; part exchange. Address S D 313, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—GARFIELD-BLVD., NEAR ASHland-av., lots 25x160; only $50 per foot; easy terms; cheapest property by far on the boulevard. WARREN F. PITNEY, 175 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SMALL CENTRAL INVESTMENT. 1 block from city hall; 1 tenant pays nearly 6% net; less than $50,000. W. C. KINNEY & CO., 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A HOME IS GUARANTEED WITHin eleven months by taking out a contract with The American Home Assurance Co., 203-204 Manhattan Bldg.

FOR SALE—NEW, MODERN, 6 FLAT BLDG.; detached on all sides; lot 70x167; rented for $1,800 yearly; price $18,000; $2,000 cash; bal., 4 years. OWNER, 7616 Marquette-av.

FOR SALE—WE WILL BUY YOU A HOME in 5 mo. without interest. Guarantee Home Fund Co., 225 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4816 LANGLEY-AV., 10 ROOM modern house; $6,000; only $2,500 cash. L. M. COY, 1417 Unity Bldg.

FOR SALE—NEW HOMES AND VACANT LOTS in DIAMOND, 1718 W. 63d-st., with Milwaukee Drexel land association.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvard or in Kenwood district go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD ATTACHED HOMES, 10 rooms, stone front, thoroughly modern; cheap. TROTTER & KIMBALL, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—59TH-ST., 925, 2 STORY FRAME flat bldg., $5,000; worth $7,000. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BIG APARTMENT BUILDING, $130,000; will accept half value in good clear acres. JOHN WAIN, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-BLVD. RESIDENCE, modern, stone, in fine order; $60,000; want offer. WILLIAM E. MOONEY, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—STANTON-AV. LOTS, NEAR 40TH-st. H. W. CHRISTIAN, 171 La Salle-st.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A MODEL COTTAGE, A MODEL HOME, FOR A MODEL FAMILY.

I am building at Humboldt Park, on 30-foot lots, two beautiful cottages, one for a customer and one for sale. The fronts are of pressed brick and stone, the foundation is of heavy concrete, bay window from end side, basement is 8 ft. high; first floor has 6 large, light rooms, besides bathroom and reception hall, all finished in hardwood; the attic is unusually high and can be divided into 4 large rooms at very small expense. I am prepared to build houses, flats, or cottages to order for customers and sell on easy terms, or will sell 30-foot lots for $900 and upwards and loan money to build if I am proud of these houses and want to show them to 100 people a day.

How to get there—Take Grand-av. car to cor. of Kedzie-av., walk north one block, or take any east and west line, transfer to Kedzie-av. line, get off at Schedule and Chicago-ave., walk north two blocks to my branch office, 3000 Chicago-av. Augusta-st. Open every day and Sundays.

J. F. McINTOSH, 207 Madison-st. Tel. M. 275.

FOR SALE — CORNER ON MONROE-ST. AND Colorado-av., 39 feet front; new Roman pressed brick and stone dwelling; plate glass windows, oak floors and trim, furnace, hot and cold water, rooms in cement floor basement; price $4,850; easy terms; monthly payments. See owner any day or evening, at 1230 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—WEST HARRISON-ST., NEAR ST. Louis-av., 3 story stone front residence, $5,000. W. Congress-st., near St. Louis, 2 story stone front flat bldg.; to block; $4,500. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FINEST COTTAGE ON WEST Side; No. 2070 Harvard, near blvd.; hardwood finish, mod. plumbing, cement cellar, asphalt street; open every afternoon. DAVIS & HALL, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE — NEW STONE FRONT FLAT buildings, nr. Garfield and Douglas Parks, 6 and 7 and 8 and 9 rooms; $1,000 to $1,700 for other property. JOHN T. O'CONNELL, 88 Washington-st.

FOR SALE — MILWAUKEE-AV. BUSINESS property, improved, 50 feet front, between Chicago and Center-avs.; 10 years' lease; will subdivide. Address K 272, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAIN—$5,000 BUYS 10 R. BRICK HOUSE ON LOT 37X100, NEAR OGDEN-AV. BETA MET. "L." C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—JACKSON-BLVD. CORNER; 6 MODern 2 story houses; w. of Ashland-blvd.; rents $2,220. Easy terms. H. G. WELLS & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ADAMS-ST., CORNER ST. LOUIS-av., half or all of 55 foot corner lot. HARRY GREENEBAUM, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON-BLVD., NEAR Union Park, bargain in stone front house; 16 rooms. F. A. HENSHAW, 97 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL STONE FRONT TWO flat building; positively the best constructed and most modern in Lake View.

SIX AND SEVEN ROOMS.

Oak finish, open plumbing, ice boxes, gas ranges, two furnaces, Alhambra tiling in bathrooms and vestibules; 8 foot basement, with pantries; will bear thorough inspection.

LOT 54X166.

Perfect light in every room; two blocks to N. W. R. R.; 20 minutes to Chicago depot; also convenient connection with N. W. elevated.

LOCATION—N. Paulina-st., near Edgewater-pl., the highest point in Lake View; take N. Clark-st. electric car [5c fare] to Thome-av., walk one block west.

WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO., 92 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER—EASY TERMS; NEW 7 room houses at corner Cornelia and Robey. ELMER KIMBALL, Unity Bldg.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE NORTH SHORE property, joining Edgewater Golf Links. 1000 ft. on La Salle, and n. w. cor. Foster and Clark sts. Apply to ADAM SCHAAF, 9 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

FOR SALE—12 ROOM HOUSE ON NORTH shore, between Sheridan-road and lake shore and one-half block from each. Inquire of Owner, 804 Bedford Bldg.

FOR SALE—NEW 9-ROOM HOUSE, 2 BATHS, modern; 203 Winthrop-av.; 2 blocks from terminus elevated

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—MUST SACRIFICE 2 LOTS ON Armitage-av., near Western-av., at once. Inquire 1139 Milwaukee-av.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — LARGE CORNER QUARTER BLOCKS at MAYWOOD, $1,000 upwards; easy terms. Take Metropolitan "L" and Aurora, Elgin and Chicago electric and buy a lot before prices go up. F. E. BALLARD & CO., 34 Clark-st., R. 215, office located on property.

FOR SALE—NORTH SHORE CORNER, 82X217; fine residence site; handsome home near oversook Sheridan-rd. and Lake Michigan; just north of Evanston at Wilmette; streets improved and paid; price $4,000; make offer; transportation to 100 people a day.

How to get there—Take Grand-av. car to cor. of Kedzie-av., walk north one block, or take any east and west line, transfer to Kedzie-av. line, get off at Schedule and Chicago-ave., walk north two blocks to my branch office, 3000 Chicago-av. Augusta-st. Open every day and Sundays.

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COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

	Out They Go!
	Out They Go!
	Out They Go!
	Out They Go!
	Out They Go!

To North Dakota for rich farm lands: $3.50 to $9.50 per acre; excellent for stock and grain; big crops; low carfare; at our Chicago office, 206 Tacoma Bldg., Madison and La Salle-sts., and Mandan, N. Dak. Excursions Sept. 9, 15, 16, and 23. Crowds are going for the last of the FREE HOMESTEADS and to buy our lands adjoining. Our lands at your prices. WM. H. BROWN & CO.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—IF YOU HAVE REAL ESTATE ON which you wish to realize quickly consult auction department. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—FOR CASH—BARGAIN IN 50 FEET along Alley "L" road, inside or corner, ripe for immediate improvement; quick deal; give location and price. Address S D 301, Tribune office.

WANTED—FOR CASH CUSTOMER, 2 OR 3 flat building north of Belmont-av., east of Clybourn; state particulars at once. CALLAN & FLINT, 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED — IMPROVED CHICAGO REAL ESTATE in exchange for old stock in a good, legitimate company that is now producing and selling oil. Address R F 345, Tribune office.

WANTED—CHOICE VACANT OR IMP. FOR $14,000 EQUITY FINE 8 FLAT BLDG., NEAR 43D-ST. ELEVATED STA.; RENTS $1,400; MTG. $15,000. 5%. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—WE PAY CASH FOR WILD LAND in central North and South Dakota. WM. H. BROWN & CO., Mandan, N. Dakota.

WANTED — VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—50 FEET VACANT, BETWEEN RIVer and Sangamon-st.; cheap for cash. Address S 138, Tribune office.

WANTED—$500, $300, $150 TO BUY EQUITIES; decided bargains only; describe. V 145, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

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TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1902.

AN INGLORIOUS ENCOUNTER.

The fight between the Panther and the Crete-a-Pierrot will not go ringing down the corridors of time. Consider the combatants and their equipment.

The Panther: Tons, 977; guns, eight three-quarter inch, six one-quarter inch, two machine.

The Crete-a-Pierrot: Tons, 950; guns, one 6.2 inch, one 4.7 inch, four 3.9 inch, six machine.

Would this statement of comparative strength prepare one to believe that when the Crete-a-Pierrot was summoned by the Panther its crew set fire to it and rowed away, leaving it to the shells of its antagonist? That little English cockle shell, the Revenge, once engaged a fleet of fifty-three Spanish galleons. If Sir Richard Grenville, who commanded the Revenge, had been on the quarter deck of the Crete-a-Pierrot the battle might have lasted some few minutes longer. Compare, also, the encounter between the British Leopard and the American Chesapeake. The Chesapeake had no ammunition that fitted its guns. Nevertheless it stood seventy discharges and the loss of all its masts before its flag came down. What happened? Were the American people proud of the commander of the Chesapeake? Not exceedingly. They court martialed him. One trembles to think of what would happen to the commander of the Crete-a-Pierrot if he had been a native of this country. His desertion of his ship would not go unnoticed.

However, since Admiral Killick is not an American, but a Haytian, his only reflection, probably, is that it is exceedingly inconvenient to be a citizen of one of the small states of the earth. Might does not make right, but if a small boy runs off with one's hat, one stops the small boy, if possible, and resolutely takes the hat away from him. But introduce a variation of the scene. Suppose that the person who ran away with the hat was not a small boy, but a large man. Does one continue to be resolute? Not always. Coercion becomes a relic of barbarism. What one wants is argument and arbitration. That is, although might does not make right, still, when right and might are on the same side, the former will use the latter without compunction, and it is only right without might that appeals to the golden rule. Which means that the safest place for one to be nowadays is within the limits of one of the great "empires." Here is a hint.

The only thing one can really regret about the Panther and Crete-a-Pierrot incident, or fiasco, is that it became necessary for the German vessel to go into action. Every time the United States allows a Latin-American government to get into a situation where European intervention is necessary a point is lost. Our cue is to show Europe that it need never give the Latin-American governments a thought.

MR. HOPKINS FOR SENATOR.

Senator Cullom says that Representative Hopkins will be elected senator. That is an opinion in which most republicans will concur openly and many democrats privately. If a majority of the legislature is republican the matter will be speedily settled. There will be no effective opposition to Mr. Hopkins in the republican caucus. Probably there will be no opposition at all and he will be nominated by acclamation.

The only question as to which there can be a doubt is whether there will be a republican majority in the legislature. As the situation is at present there is a decided probability of a republican majority. There is no harmony in the democratic party. It has no definite program to present to the people of the state which is attractive or appeals to any considerable number of independent voters. The dissension between the different wings of the party is as marked as ever. There is no particular degree of enthusiasm among democrats in Chicago as to the city administration. The democrats outside Cook county have no issue to urge that holds out much promise to them.

It is true that there has been some mismanagement of state institutions. The people are profoundly dissatisfied with the assessment system. But there is no assurance that the democrats, if in power, will reform the management of state institutions. Probably matters would be worse under them than at present. They are reformers only when out of office.

There are no indications anywhere of such a degree of discontent with the administration of affairs in this state by the republican party as to make it likely that there will be an impairment of republican majorities, nor are there at present signs of a movement in that direction in any of the middle western states. General prosperity perhaps has something to do with it. The people are contented. There is a promise of good crops. Every industry is active. While prices are high, the means of purchasing the necessities and even the luxuries of life are more widely diffused than for many years past.

What the people of Chicago and the state of Illinois particularly want is to have the present state of business continued. They fear a change in conditions will be a change for the worse. The great good they are enjoying far outweighs in their estimation the petty evils that accompany it.

The election of Mr. Hopkins to the senate will be peculiarly gratifying to the republicans whom he has represented so long and well in the house. It will be acceptable to republicans with whom he has been less closely associated. He is an able man. He has had abundant experience. He will make a useful, efficient, capable senator. He has earned the promotion which is to be given him. The people of Illinois, without distinction of politics, will have no reason to be dissatisfied with his election.

CHEAP TALK!

At a public meeting on Sunday Mr. Clarence S. Darrow said: "If President "Roosevelt would say the word he could "end the anthracite coal strike tomorrow." At the same meeting Judge Dunne said: "President Roosevelt could convene congress and legislation would be enacted which would make the end of the strike easy."

The lawyer and the judge have the reputation of being sincere men. One of them is an experienced and able advocate and the other a learned judge. It does not seem unfair under the circumstances to ask the one for the magic word which spoken by the president will settle the strike and the other what is the legislation which, if enacted, will put an end to it.

If congress were to be called together in extra session, what recommendations touching legislation to end the coal strike would Judge Dunne have the president make? Judge Dunne and Mr. Darrow must have given much thought to a question concerning which they speak so positively. To their fertile and studious minds expedients may have occurred which never have suggested themselves to other lawyers or other citizens. Hence it is desirable that they should be more specific. Will not Judge Dunne outline a program of constitutional legislation under which the fiat of the president will end the coal strike, and also explain how the opposition to that legislation of a powerful element in congress is to be overcome?

If the president should call congress in special session it is probable, humanly speaking, that the coal strike would be settled before congress could convene. Certainly, before any positive action could be taken the strike would have passed into the limbo of forgotten things.

Congressmen are now widely scattered. They could not be brought together in less than sixty days. No bill of so radical a nature as any that would be needed to control strikes in the United States could be decently debated and disposed of in less than three months. Men who have experience in congressional methods will probably say it could not be debated and enacted at all. But admitting that there should be a disposition on the part of republican and democratic senators to take some action of the kind proposed, is it reasonable to believe that a measure which would fundamentally alter the character of our institutions could be got out of the way in less than ninety days after congress should convene?

The constitutional objections to such legislation will appear to the average man to be insurmountable. When, where, or how has it ever been conceived that the national government under the constitution of the United States is authorized to interfere in the domestic affairs of a state, except when on the application of the legislature or the executive its aid is invoked to put down "domestic violence."

There is another phase of the case which deserves consideration. Judge Dunne is not unaware of the probable action of southern senators and representatives — men who are wedded to the ideas of state sovereignty and state supremacy—with reference to any legislation that may be proposed in congress looking towards interference by the general government with the domestic affairs of the state of Pennsylvania. It is a remarkable fact that almost all legislation proposed for the control of trusts or which may be proposed for the termination of strikes is sure to meet with the solid opposition of the democratic party. The democratic party is against trusts and also against any concrete anti-trust measure presented. The constitutional amendment to give to the national government the control of corporations, suggested by President Roosevelt, probably will not have the support of a single senator or representative from the southern states.

Before Judge Dunne and others talk glibly of national legislation on a subject like the trusts or strikes, they might do well to obtain a pledge of support from their southern friends. As for the "word" which, according to Mr. Darrow, when spoken by the president, will make miners and mine owners drop their weapons and clasp hands, is it a "word" which under the constitution and the laws the president can properly speak?

A Louisiana Cane Sugar Trust.

In ten years the number of sugar refineries and sugar houses in Louisiana has been reduced from 1,400 to 120. The decrease is not due to a decline of the sugar industry but to the consolidation of plants. Thanks to that consolidation, the sugar producers have been able to buy improved machinery and in many ways to cut down the cost of production. Efforts are being made now to carry consolidation still further. The Louisiana sugar planters have about come to the conclusion that Cuban reciprocity is inevitable. They assume that that reciprocity will reduce slightly the price of sugar, and create a competition which they will have to overcome if they are to live. There is no reason to believe that the admission of Cuban sugar on terms more favorable even than have been suggested will lower the price of sugar. The Louisiana planters think it will have that effect and they believe they see relief in an organization, which will be to all intents and purposes a trust, by means of which they will be enabled to reduce still more the cost of production. In this they are probably correct. Louisiana has laws against trusts, but they will not be enforced against a sugar planters' trust. Sugar has been the pet industry of Louisiana for more than a century. It is an industry which has always been taken care of by the general government. Anything the planters may do for the professed purpose of guarding that industry from injury will meet with the approval of the democrats who govern Louisiana. Democratic national platforms may denounce protection and trusts, but Louisiana democrats will be a unit for the protection of sugar and for any trust or combine which the sugar planters may deem it expedient to organize.

THE BARTHOLIN CASE.

The denouement of the Bartholin tragedy has been reached in the discovery of the body of the wretched murderer, slain by his own hand, unquestionably, in a moment of remorse. His own letter of confession bears testimony to this remorse in the words: "Such a drop in life in so short a time. Two months ago traveling in the best of company, today leading the life of hobos—a murderer!" The statements of those who met him while going from place to place seeking work, and who only knew him as "George Edwards," are all to the same effect. He was restless, morose, depressed, and shunned rather than sought company.

Bartholin virtually discovered himself and revealed his own deed. Up to the time of the finding of his body the police authorities had no knowledge of his whereabouts. He got away from Chicago without any difficulty, and even after the discovery of the double murder, when the entire detective force of Chicago was looking for him and the police of the entire west were stimulated to alertness by the rewards offered, he went from place to place without arousing suspicion or attracting attention. By mixing in with traveling gangs of harvest workers he could have eluded arrest during the entire autumn and made good his escape when winter came and police vigilance had relaxed and public interest had died away.

Evidently Bartholin had a companion with him whom he could not shake off and who was continually goading him with the accusation of murder. Go where he might, this companion kept closest company with him by night and by day, and at last made a coward of him. His only escape from its accusing torture was to follow his victims. It was with him as with Milton's fallen angel—

Now conscience wakes despair
That slumbered—wakes the bitter memory
Of what he was, what is, and what must be worse.

The wretched man could not have suffered more than he did had he been apprehended at the time and expiated his crime upon the gallows. Probably he suffered more. It would have saved much time, and trouble, and expense, as well as gratifying of morbid curiosity, and would certainly have greatly relieved the police had he ended his wretched career in the reeds by the side of the poor girl whom he killed.

LET me settle the country's strikes and I care not who is elected president.—Mark Hanna.

THE Hon. Tom Johnson has the republican party of Ohio *whipped to a standstill.

*Constructively.

TURNERS in St. Joseph, Mo., are preparing to hold a sauerkraut picnic and ball. This does not mean, we trust, that they will dance with bare feet.

NOBODY who has ever walked around Tom L. Johnson of Ohio will attempt to deny that he is a "growing man."—Kansas City Star. Hasn't he got his growth yet?

THOSE portraits of William J. Bartholin could not have looked much like George Edwards, the Iowa tramp and fugitive.

WHILE you have been busy with the mimic war, the Venezuelan revolution, and the Bartholin case, Hayti has sneaked in with a real first page sensation.

SENATOR TELLER is giving an excellent imitation of a politician without a party.

STATE'S ATTORNEY DENEEN was seen a day or two ago taking a quiet spin through the suburbs on his wheel, and was probably thinking about Luke Wheeler.

DOWIE says he is the J. Pierpont Morgan of religion. But this doesn't make Morgan the John Alexander Dowie of business.

ONCE in awhile the foolkiller neglects his business and somebody goes through the whirlpool rapids below Niagara falls and escapes alive.

IF the Moros reject Uncle Sam's friendship he will be reluctantly compelled to force it upon them.

PERHAPS Luke Wheeler is working on some Iowa farm under the name of John Smith.

MR. BRYAN will be making a sad mistake if he allows himself to think the Hon. Tom Johnson is working for second place on the democratic presidential ticket of 1904.

THEN, too, Bartholin may have been moved by the laudable desire to save the people of Illinois the trouble and expense of a murder trial.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Does Seem Possible.

"Speaking of Mr. Bryan's $450 heifer," said Uncle Allen Sparks, "hasn't the animal been before the public long enough to have grown into a $900 cow by this time?"

Unexpected Frankness.

"This is a French novel, isn't it?" asked the customer.

"No," said the bookseller. "It's an American imitation of one. It isn't bright. It is merely nasty."

As a Substitute.

Raynor—"Don't you think automobiles will supersede the horse entirely some day?"

Shyne—"Sure. I dream about 'em now when I'm asleep. They have superseded my old nightmare."

The Principle Applied.

"The reason why I quit shaving," said Rivers, "was that I figured up one day the amount of time it took. I used to spend a little over fifteen minutes every day of my life shaving myself. I found that this used up ten or twelve working days every year, and I decided I simply couldn't afford the time."

"Well," responded Brooks, "you spend at least half and hour three times a day eating your meals. That makes ten and a half hours a week. There are fifty-two weeks in a year. Ten and a half times fifty-two is—let me see—is 546. Allowing eight hours to a working day you spend sixty-eight days, or over two months, every year at your meals. Why don't you quit eating?"

Not This Winter.

Mrs. Billus was dissatisfied with the new addition to the house.

"You said you were going to have a grate in this room, John," she complained, "and it isn't here. Can't we afford it?"

"Yes," he said, "we can afford the grate easily enough, Maria, but what's the use of putting it in? We can't afford to use it."

How to Pronounce "Rosevelt."

[From the New York Times.]

Just how to pronounce the name of our president is a matter that puzzles a great many people. His name has given rise to a greater variety of pronunciation than that of any statesman who has ever occupied the front rank.

The English people shied at "D'Israeli" when they first saw it in print, and Americans when they first saw "Thiers" were given pause. Bonaparte changed the spelling of his name, and there are some purists who excite amusement by still spelling it "Buonaparte" and pronouncing it accordingly.

But for a man of world wide fame, as the president of the United States must necessarily be in these days, there has never before been a case like that of "Roosevelt" to puzzle mankind. Even "Goethe" and "Pepys" were not so mystifying.

Elsewhere than in New York and in Holland and south Africa, where Dutch names are common, the greatest variations of the president's name are to be met with. People in England are at sea about it. On the continent almost every man has his own opinion on the subject. Here are a few of the vagaries:

ROSA-FELT,	RUZY-VELD,
ROSEN-FELT,	ROOZE-VELL,
ROOZE-VELT,	ROSE-VELT,
RUZY-VELL,	ROSEN-VELT,
ROOSA-VELT,	ROOSA-VELL,
RUZY-FELT,	ROOSE-FELT,
RUZE-FELT,	RUZA-FELT.

A few million people in England think the president is a Boer. Others say: "There's another one of those queer American names." In Germany people believe him to be a Jew descended from one of those families which took their names from objects in nature, such as "Rosendale" and "Rosenstein." Many Frenchmen think he is a German, especially since he talked fluently in that language with Prince Henry, but spoke with Count Rochambeau in language which one of the French delegates described as "bizarre."

Chances Getting Less.

There are nearly 20,000 newspapers and periodicals in the United States. The chances of democratic success are growing beautifully less all the time.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright, 1902, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.

AS Prince Victor Dhuleep Singh has two American sisters-in-law, the one a Miss Bonynge of New York and San Francisco, married to Viscount Deerhurst, and the other Miss Whitehouse of New York, married to the Hon. Charles Coventry of Jameson raid celebrity, and as, moreover, the prince has not only spent some time in this country but has actually written an unfriendly book about the United States, the news of his being gazetted as a bankrupt in London, which entails the loss of his commission in the English army and of the membership of his London clubs, is one of some interest on this side of the Atlantic.

His bankruptcy may possibly lead once more to complications in connection with the great Kohinoor diamond, which figured on the crown of Queen Alexandra at the coronation, and which now forms the most valuable and important of all the crown jewels of Great Britain, formerly belonging to the reigning Indian house of the Punjab of which the prince is now the chief. At the time when England annexed the Punjab in 1849—the late maharajah, father of Prince Victor, was then about 11 years old—the Kohinoor was turned over to Queen Victoria as her perquisite. All his estates were confiscated by the British government, and a certain sum of money was set aside for the maintenance of the maharajah, of the members of his family, and of his principal servants.

The ex-maharajah spent the major part of his life in England, ran heavily into debt, and when, after being repeatedly extricated therefrom by the government, the latter refused to do anything more for him, he not only disavowed his allegiance to England but went on to raise the question about the legality of the confiscation of the Kohinoor, and of the estates of the reigning house of Punjab, taking the ground that as a child he was not responsible for the acts of those of his guardians, who had conducted the affairs of his kingdom in such a manner as to bring about British intervention and annexation.

The matter was never settled thoroughly, and it is quite possible that some of the angry creditors of Prince Victor Dhuleep Singh, the eldest son of the late maharajah, may, in the hope of compelling the English government to come forward financially in behalf of the prince's liabilities, take legal steps to obtain from the courts a definite ruling as to whether the Kohinoor is in reality the property of King Edward or of Prince Victor Dhuleep Singh.

Prince Victor deserves little sympathy in his misfortunes. For in spite of the example before his eyes of his father's insane extravagance and its unhappy results he has persistently declined to keep within the handsome allowance made to him by the British government, and which amounts to $60,000 or more, constituting the revenue of a quantity of Indian government bonds invested in his behalf, in that of his brother Frederick, and of his two sisters, one of whom was in this country a short time ago studying medicine at Chicago.

Moreover his marriage with Lady Ann Coventry served to estrange many people from him. Marriages of English women to orientals and Africans are not regarded with any more favor in England than in this country. For a white woman in India or anywhere else in Asia to become the wife of a native, no matter how exalted his rank, is sufficient to cause her to be regarded with contempt by all other white people, and subjected to the most drastic kind of ostracism. The marriage, therefore, of Prince Victor Dhuleep Singh to the daughter of Lord and Lady Coventry not only met with many objections but created an unpleasant impression to the detriment alike of the prince and of his bride.

Until that time the prince had enjoyed a certain amount of popularity. But his marriage led to questions being raised about his lineage, and it was ascertained on the authority of the principal experts in Indian lore that his father instead of being actually the son of the famous Punjab monarch, Runjeet Singh, was in reality an adopted child, whose recognition as Runjeet's heir on the part of the English had taken place for the purpose of furthering the latter's political views.

Then, too, attention was called to the fact that Prince Victor's mother, Miss Bemba Muller, was the daughter of an Anglo-German missionary at Cairo, and of a sopt girl, whom he had had in his house as a domestic servant before making her his wife.

The fact remains that the pretensions of the late Maharajah Dhuleep Singh and of Prince Victor, his son, to Punjab royalty, and to be of the same stock as the celebrated monarch Runjeet Singh, are ridiculed by the leading Indian rulers and princes of the present day. Nor would any of those who attended King Edward's coronation have dreamed of recognizing Prince Victor as one of themselves.

Prince Victor was brought up as a Christian, and was christened at Windsor castle, Queen Victoria officiating as his godmother and holding him at the font. He was educated at Eton, at Cambridge, and at Sandhurst, at all of which places he used to go by the nickname of "Tulip," a play, of course, on his name of "Dhuleep." He is short and stout of build, retaining no trace of the oriental about him either in dress or manner, excepting the olive complexion of the Indian races. He is a captain of the First Dragoon guards, and was A. D. C. to Gen. Ross when the latter commanded the British troops in Canada.

It is difficult to see what will be the future of the prince, for the British government cannot go on forever paying the debts of the Dhuleep Singh family, and Lord Coventry, the father of the princess, is a poor man.

Lord Desart, whose daughter, Lady Sybil, is married to W. Bayard Cutting of New York, is being violently assailed by the press in England for refraining in his capacity of director general of public prosecutions from instituting criminal proceedings against those more or less distinguished personages—that is to say, members of the aristocracy who, in their associations with the Whitaker-Wright companies scandals—have been shown in the bankruptcy and liquidation proceedings in court to have violated all sorts of laws.

Lord Desart in excusing his failure to take any action declares that he is following in the matter the instructions of the attorney general, and this, of course, has led to a great outcry, of which we are likely to hear a good deal more when parliament meets.

For until now it has always been supposed that the director of public prosecutions—namely: Lord Desart—was, as a judicial personage, quite as independent of party and factional politics as the judges of the High court and that he took action on his own initiative whenever, during the course of civil or criminal proceedings, violations of the law not at the time before the court were brought to light. That is to say, if, in a bankruptcy case, the bankrupt was shown to have been guilty of fraud, it was his duty to institute criminal proceedings against him, and likewise against any witness who had been guilty of perjury in any divorce suit.

If, however, Lord Desart only takes action when directed by the attorney general, the nature of his office is altogether changed, for the attorney generalship is a political office, the holder of which changes with each new administration, and who, unlike judges and permanent judicial officials, is bound to consider the political views and necessities of his party rather than the strict requirements of justice.

It is well known that the present government is not in favor of criminal proceedings against the titled personages mixed up in the London and Globe scandal, many of those implicated being its friends.

She Did the Same.

"Where did you spend the summer?" asked the front row chorus girl.

"I toured Switzerland in an auto," said the little girl with the saucy kick.

"I took the waters at Aix-les-Bains," said the girl with the diamond buckles on her slippers.

"I summered at Newport," said the dreamy blonde in the pink slippers.

"I studied Shakspeare while in the White mountains," said the auburn haired one who led the grand marches.

"I worried with my modiste in dear Paree," gurgled the girl who never could catch step.

"And what did you do this summer?" they all asked of the first chorus girl.

"I?" she murmured. "O, I washed dishes, too."—Judge.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

WE KNEW ALL THE WHILE.

A toodle-doo is a tiddle-de-wig
From the sands of Timbuctoo.
It feeds on snails
And little dogs' tails
And howls like a wild yahoo—
It do.
It howls like a wild yahoo.

MR. HARRISON says that Mr. Johnson is not looking for anything that Mr. Harrison is looking for. There is a prevailing impression that they are both looking for trouble and likely to connect.

OTHER Bartholin dentists please write.

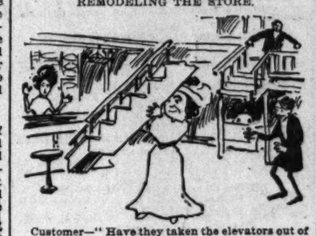
IT seems that we can't lose President Sabin of the telephone company. He refuses to ring off.

RETURNS STILL COMING IN.

This office received one day this week two cigars from some unknown friend in Porto Rico.—Olin (Ia.) Recorder.

WE wish it understood that we mean no aggression with our Monroe doctrine, but by jingo— Well!

REMODELING THE STORE.



Customer—"Have they taken the elevators out of this side?"

Floorwalker—"Yes, madam; but you can get one across the store."

Customer—"Never mind; I'll take the stairs down."

THAT COLORADO METEOR.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Some correspondent here has been stringing the eastern press about a bright blue meteor falling ten miles north of Buena Vista. In the first place, it struck near Elizabeth; in the second place, it wasn't a meteor at all. It was my blue bathtub. It was brought in today on the morning train from Elizabeth, and, as my name was on it, was promptly delivered. How it fell or was shot out here I have no idea. Have you? If it's too much trouble to find out, never mind.

I leave here tonight for Frisco, and will sail immediately for Manila.

Please wire your correspondent at Frisco to purchase me a supply of blue toilet soap. None in Denver. JOSH SLINGER.

MORE gold in the treasury yesterday than ever before—$573,936,194.

GOLFERS, ATTENTION!

Mr. Wright's novel game of golf through the streets of Newport was pretty fair, but—

We've arranged a game that will beat it both ways from the bogey.

We have laid out a nine hole course from the roof of the Auditorium tower to the roof of the Masonic temple, as follows:

Auditorium tower; Monadnock chimney; Marquette chimney; Hartford chimney; Reliance chimney; Edison chimney; Boyce chimney; Montgomery Ward chimney; Masonic temple.

Details will be published tomorrow.

THE mayor says he is still a 100 to 1 shot. Under the new rules he may not be able to get away with the bunch.

SIGN IN OAK PARK.

UNDERTAKER

FIREPROOF STORAGE.

SEPARATE ROOMS.

Queries and Criticisms

JOHN R. GENTRY.

Dear Sir: To decide a bet, will you inform me where John R. Gentry made his record? ED.

[Pitching for the Pittsburgs.]

A SCOTCH HIGHBALL.

Dear Line-o'-Type: You ought to "get a line" on what a Scotch highball really is. I lived in Scotland (until they got on to me) and I ought to know something about the subject. "Whisky and water?" Hoot, mon! A Scotch highball is just what it says—a ball or dance given in the highlands of Scotland and attended by the highest society of the neighborhood. SANDY MACGREGOR.

McGregor, Ia. (Clan MacTough.)

HIGH ART.

Munsey's Magazine has a picture of the top of the Dewey monument in San Francisco. It represents a girl in a chemise and barefooted dancing on a derby hat, and holding up a stable fork and a pretzel—or perhaps one of your hand-made doughnuts. And yet there are people in Europe (and China) that say "Americans do not appreciate art." B. N.

Thurston, N. M.

GOING TO COLLEGE.

Sir: I am going to college next week, and should like to know what steps are necessary to join a frat, and what kind of a pipe is proper. Is a meerschaum sporty, or is it better to smoke a wooden one? I shall write again when I get to school. PILASTER McNUTT.

Evansville, Ind.

[To join a frat you must make application to the head frater, whom you will find in the frate office. The Akron pipe is the favorite college pipe this year. They come from Ohio. Be sure to write us when you get to school.]

MOUNT VESUVIUS is also erupting a few. You can't keep a good volcano down.

SAME HERE.

Another show in town last week. The different shows that have been here this season have taken money away that may be needed the coming winter. —Alton (Ill.) Sentinel-Democrat.

AN amendment to the Monroe doctrine? Never! Sink or swim, live or die, survive or perish, foot or horseback, we'll stand by the original!

INDIANA AUTHORS' REUNION.

The annual reunion of the McCutchan family will take place on Wednesday next at Coot's grove, near Igleheart station. It is expected over 700 people will be present.—Evansville (Ind.) Courier.

MICHIGAN peach trees are afflicted with "the litties." But, O my!

SAVE YOUR BANDS!

Valuable real estate given away as prizes in our Band contest. Lots from 200 to 500 feet deep. These lots are abundantly supplied with pure fresh water. No boiling required. Plenty of good sailing and fishing close at hand. These beautiful lots will in the near future be in the city limits, and will be very valuable.

The property is located in what will be the east side; now about eight miles east of the Fine Arts building.

NO SMOKE—NO NOISE—NO DUST.

SAVE YOUR BANDS!

CANDIDATE ROSE of Wisconsin may be relied on to use the loud petal. He's a democrat.

AFFAIRS in the Philippines are Moro less serious.

AT last the midsummer dullness is to be broken. Another woman's club campaign has been launched.

THE Hon. Jaykayjones has bobbed up again. He says the democrats are going to win.

BUT, really, is any club woman a logical candidate?

TEN to one Mr. Roosevelt snores strenuously. He can't do anything quietly.

BETTER buy your next year's peaches this year. Next year's crop is ruined.

THE kaiser's mailed fist is a fine thing to crack peanuts with.

TO Andy Rohan: Try tennis. That will take it off.

FINE day yesterday for panamahats.

B. L. T.

Laughter and Tears To Order.

"WE haven't yet reached the point in Chicago where theatrical managers can depend on a regularly organized claque to bolster up a poor show," said the local manager, "but in New York the claque has come to be a recognized institution—at least recognized by the shrewdest of metropolitan managers. A good many regular first nighters in New York have noted the presence, night after night, of the same people in prominent seats, and have noticed, also, that they invariably show tremendous enthusiasm at various points throughout the play.

"But to find the claque in its fullest and finest development one must still go to Paris, where it has been in existence for nearly a hundred years. But not even the Parisians are the inventors of the claque. You must go back to the times of the ancient Romans to find the first recorded appearance of hired applauders. Nero had a lot of them, and even before his day the 'laudocoeni' were well known in Rome. Their work then was the same as it is now. A theatrical manager could hire as many people as he thought necessary to attend his opening performances and to show all kinds of enthusiasm and emotion at stated points throughout the performance.

"The New York managers have a long ways to go before they catch up with their colleagues in Paris. It was in 1820 that a certain M. Sauton established there a regular claque office, where managers might apply when they needed the services of hired appreciators. This office has been in existence ever since and gradually the business

THE SANGLOTEUERE.

has been amplified and developed until it has reached a stage which to the average American is positively farcical.

"In the Paris of today, for instance, the manager may send to the office of the claque for as many 'claquers' as he wants. On a single day's notice as many as 500 people can be supplied, and if a little longer time is given the head claquer will agree to practically fill the house with his assistants.

"The claquers of Paris are divided into many different kinds and classes, so that a manager can have any kind of emotion shown by as many people as he may wish to pay for. And it is an expensive business to boost a play along by the aid of some of these artists. One class of claquers, for instance, call themselves 'sangloteueres.' A sangloteuere must be a good deal of an actress herself, and her services come correspondingly high. She is only employed when the play is one which is supposed to contain extremely tragic and heart rending situations. On such occasions she sits well down towards the front, well dressed and stylish looking. When the climax of the play is reached she bursts out into hysterical sobs, which she has in vain tried to control, and attracts the attention of the whole audience. To add the last possible touch to a display of this kind a 'pameuse' or two may be employed. It is her duty when the other woman is sobbing to utterly break down, and, after rising in her seat, to drop over in a simulated faint, after which she is carried out of the house by employés of the theater, who are in waiting. Surely no actor or actress could ask for a stronger testimonial to his or her emotional powers than this.

"A masculine foil to this hysterical female is also provided, at a high rate, by the

THE PAMEUSE.

claque offices. He is called a 'moucheur,' dresses in black, and wears a solemn, sad, and sympathetic countenance. As a rule, he is seated close to the woman who faints, and, preparatory to her performance, at the most affecting points, he pulls out his handkerchief and blows his nose in a tender and tactful manner, as if to hide the emotion which almost overpowers him.

"Some of the members of the claque who undertake these more artistic and difficult rôles are amateur actors and actresses, who are glad to get free admission to the theaters, leaving their earnings to the managers of the claque, while others are worn out performers, who are no longer able to get engagements on the stage and are glad to earn a few francs an evening for this work in front of the curtain.

"The most common and largest class of claquers are called 'commissaires.' It is their duty to practically commit a new piece to memory and to make themselves conspicuous in the house and in the lobby on the opening night in pointing out its merits and strong points. They are always present to make a background for the more difficult and artistic work of their higher paid colleagues, who faint and throw fits of various kinds.

"Comedies and comic operas depend for the spread of their fame in Paris chiefly on the so called 'rieurs,' who are selected for their ability to laugh loudly or musically at will. A lot of them are scattered through the house on first nights of humorous productions, with instructions to laugh loud and

THE MOUCHEUR.

long as each pun or 'gag' is reached in the performance. In order to insure that they will recognize each joke and will not laugh at the wrong times they are required to carefully study marked copies of the play in which the place for each outburst of uncontrollable laughter is plainly indicated. It is said that competent feminine 'rieurs' are harder to get than any other class of claquers, and their pay is consequently high.

"Tragedies and 'heart dramas' make large demands on the services of the 'pleureurs,' chiefly women, who sit about the house and, as the affecting bits are reached, deftly dab their eyes or cover them for a moment with little lace handkerchiefs. As the French are such an emotional people, it is even possible to hire masculine weepers, who can give way to similar attacks of emotion without arousing the risibilities of the remainder of the audience.

"Quite as large and as important a class of claquers as the people who point out the good points of the play to their neighbors are those who start the applause and who cry out 'encore' at the proper places in the progress of the play.

"Hardly a play has been produced in Paris for the last fifty years which has not had the assistance of some of these different classes, the number and kind varying, of course, with the kind of play.

"While there is no such thing as an organized claque in Chicago, a volunteer claque often makes its presence felt in the local houses, especially on first nights. On such occasions, when the play produced is the work of a Chicago author, his or her friends are likely to gather in great numbers to emphasize what they think are the strong points of his play and assure him of at least

THE RIEUR.

a success of esteem, as the French would not say. A claque of this kind does not, of course, persist in its attendance and amounts to nothing after the first night or two.

"At the vaudeville houses something of the same kind is occasionally seen. Most newcomers on the vaudeville stage are encouraged in their efforts to break into the profession by the flattery of foolish friends, who worry the lives out of managers by their demands that so and so be given a chance—that is always all he needs to burn up the stage and make the old timers look like tallow candles in the blaze of an arc light.

"Occasionally a shrewd manager will make up his mind that some aspirant for vaudeville honors has a sufficiently large circle of friends to make it worth while to put him on solely from a box office standpoint. In such cases a trial engagement for a single week may be made, and then the friends of the performer, it must be said, usually back their opinion with their money. Sometimes the friends of a popular local amateur will practically buy out the entire house and will pay the salary of their idol several times over in the money spent for seats. But such engagements rarely last for more than a single week, at the close of which the amateur goes back to the church sociable or the lodge meeting. Some of these packed houses are much more amusing than the performers they have assembled to honor. They will sit in solemn silence and allow the stars of the vaudeville stage to go off unnoticed in order to emphasize their welcome of their friend. When the card announcing his name is put up they start to applaud, and occasionally the noise they make is so overpowering that the amateur gets rattled and is not able even to do himself justice.

"In the stock companies, which keep most of their players year after year, each of the prominent members is certain to acquire a large circle of friends and admirers, who, in a way, form a claque devoted solely to the applause of their particular idol. Especially on nights when he or she is to appear in a new part they are prominent and do their best to emphasize the success of the object of their admiration."

Mule as a Pensioner.

[From the New York Tribune.]

There is or was an army mule a pensioner of the United States—tradition says that army mules are immortal, hence the doubt as to the tense. But this mule, Mexique, was ordered to be sold at Mount Vernon barracks, Ala., in 1883. He had been at the post a long time, and had grown gray in the service, having an honorable record in the Mexican war, and the officers at Mount Vernon asked the quartermaster general to retain him till the end of his days. This application, signed by William A. Knobbe, then an artillery lieutenant, and indorsed by a dozen proper military authorities, including Gen. Hancock and Gen. Sherman, is on record at Washington. How the white mule's record grew in honor with successive indorsements may be seen from the commanding general's letter:

"I have seen that mule, and, whether true or false, the soldiers believe it was left at the Big Spring, where Mount Vernon barracks now are, at the time Gen. Jackson's army camped there, about 1819-20. Tradition says it was once a sorrel, but now it is white from age.

"The quartermaster's department will be chargeable with ingratitude if that mule is sold or the care and maintenance of it thrown on the charitable officers of the post. I advise that it be kept in the department, fed, and maintained until death. "W. T. SHERMAN.

"P. S.—I think that mule was at Fort Morgan, Mobile Point, when I was there in 1842. "W. T. S."

The secretary of war finally directed "that this mule be kept and well cared for, at public expense, as long as he lives."

WOMEN IN NEW CAMPAIGN

"NO PERSONALITIES" AND "LOGICAL CANDIDATE" FEATURES.

Mrs. Eugenie M. Bacon of Decatur Is Launched as Aspirant for State Federation Presidency in a Unique Document—Geographical Reasons for Her Election and Her Officeholding Record Are Given—Anonymous Letter May Cut a Figure Again.

Another woman's club campaign is on. It is a state campaign this time, and is to be fought out, women declare, along logical lines and without personalities. The first gun was fired yesterday when the Decatur Woman's club mailed circulars to the presidents of the various woman's clubs in the state announcing the candidacy of Mrs. Eugenie M. Bacon for the office of president of the state federation.

Mrs. Bacon is announced as the "logical candidate." The circular in which she is thus described is the first formal issue of campaign literature by an Illinois woman's club.

Some Campaign Arguments Given.

Besides being the "logical candidate," Mrs. Bacon is supported for the following reasons, according to the circular:

"The central part of the state has never had the honor of the state presidency, which the southern part had for two years and the northern part for six.

"The candidate should possess the following qualifications: Ability to do the work, experience in state work, leisure for the work, and the personal friendship and indorsement of her coworkers."

As a further qualification Mrs. Bacon's record as an officeholder is given. It is:

"For eight and one-half years she served the Decatur club in various offices; three years as its president.

"She has served as state chairman of correspondence for the general federation for four years and has been pronounced by the corresponding secretary 'the best state chairman in the general federation.'

"In addition to this, she has served the Illinois federation board, in rendering assistance to two corresponding secretaries, which both have recognized."

What Chicago Women Say.

The letter caused a stir in club circles in Chicago. Some of the important questions which confront the club woman as a result of the circular are:

"What constitutes a logical candidate?"

"To what extent should geographical residence govern the selection of officers of the federation?"

"How much office holding should disbar a woman from becoming president of the federation?"

These questions were all asked yesterday by different Chicago club women, and the last question was asked by a member of the Chicago Woman's club, who holds that the fact that Mrs. Bacon has held so many offices should disqualify instead of qualify her for the presidency.

"We are glad that the document carries something more than personalities with it," said Dr. Frances Dickinson. "It asserts that Mrs. Bacon is the logical candidate, but gives no proof. The document tells us just what the qualifications for the office of president are. If it will lead to the adoption of entrance requirements for the office the Northwestern university may open a new department to prepare women for holding office."

"The circular was a surprise to me," said Mrs. D. W. Graham, president of the West End Woman's club. "It's woman's logic, you know, to say that Mrs. Bacon is a logical candidate without qualifying the statement with any reasons whatever to show that she is."

Ghost That Will Not Down.

There is a movement being started by certain Chicago club women to bury all the issues growing out of the anonymous letter controversy by preventing the election to office of any women who took sides either with or against Mrs. Wiles or in any way was actively engaged in the fight. These women are opposed to the election of Mrs. Bacon. The Decatur candidate, they declare, was nominated at the Denver meeting of the general federation for the office of state chairman of correspondence by Mrs. Bourland of Peoria. They declare that Mrs. Bourland is opposed and always has been opposed to Mrs. Wiles, and for that reason they profess to believe the candidacy of Mrs. Bacon would reopen the anonymous letter controversy.

It is not known how many candidates for the presidency of the federation will appear before the October election, but it is felt that there will be a large number in the field and that Chicago will endeavor to carry the election.

WAR ON TUG WHISTLES WILL BE TO A FINISH.

James B. Clow & Sons Propose to Follow Up Pending Suit Against Lydon & Drews with Other Similar Actions.

The war commenced by James B. Clow & Sons against the noisy whistling of steam craft on the river in an action for $10,000 damages against Lydon & Drews will be prosecuted, says W. E. Clow, until the annoyance is ended. Another suit is in preparation, and other actions may be commenced against owners of other tugs and lake steamers.

"Our first suit was an intimation that we mean business," said Mr. Clow yesterday. "We are getting evidence more in detail for a second suit similar to the first against Lydon & Drews. This action will be commenced as soon as we have secured the data regarding the names of the craft, the frequency and duration of the whistling, and the amount of time lost daily by our employés while they are prevented from work by these noises."

One tug in particular, which Mr. Clow says has three whistles of different pitch, and uses all three at once, is the terror of the young women employed in the place.

"I refer to Lydon & Drews about this particular tug," said Mr. Clow, "and they replied that this whistle was considered the most mellow toned and harmonious of any on the river."

The basis of the second suit which will be filed by Attorney R. Osburn shortly will be the loss of time to the employés of the Clow concern by reason of the din made by the tugs. Attorney Osburn says that he is prepared to file a new suit each month until the din is ended.

YE FASHION CORNER

Six inch pompadour ribbon with a white border is good style for sashes.

High colored oriental embroideries are likely to be continued on cloth costumes.

Flowers and feathers are not in it with foliage and Alsatian bows for coiffure bows.

Though cheap green and blue effects are done for, the handsome ones still hold their own.

There are new stuffs in plenty in the market—some soft wools, in rich, enamel-like blues, among the importations—but no made up things as yet distinctly original. The influences of old beauties are seen everywhere, many skirts still showing the horizontal tucks and circular flounces of the summer. Sleeves are only a shade more picturesque, and taffeta and plain cloth bands are still conspicuous trimmings.

The top part of the latest petticoats is cut in widening circles, each separated by a narrow beading, the top circle fitting perfectly round the hips, on the umbrella system. This, of course, obviates all darts and gathers, which is a great consideration in these days of perfectly molded skirts. Another novel idea to do away with an additional fullness round the hips is to make the top part of the petticoat of a lattice work of ribbons—an appreciable boon to a stout figure.

Some of the French corset covers are charming. They are chiefly made of lace, a wide lace edge at the top, with broad bands of insertion below, some with lace straps over the shoulders and others with a ruffle of lace over the shoulder. There is also a ruffle of the lace at the lower edge of the corset cover, which is short, reaching just to the waist. The two edges of the front are also finished with edges of lace, these turned back, with the scallop upon the outside of the waist, making a good effect, while inside these two edges the buttons are set and fastened with loops instead of buttonholes. In one waist there is a figure on either side below the insertion and edging. It is made of the insertion curled into the exact shape of pingpong racket and handle.

CURATIVE PROPERTIES OF LITERATURE.

No powders, no pills, no medicine bottles, no druggist bills, just an armful of your pet books—that is the new way to get well.

The doctors know the new novels as they know materia medica. The nurses know them still better and make inventories of their contents as precisely as they bandage aching forehead, or measure half teaspoonfuls of ipecac.

"A book is medicine for the soul," erudite travelers report, is the inscription above the door of the library at Thebes; very good, the moderns say it is medicine for the body. Th trained nurses and the trained doctors prescribe them as the ancients prescribed salts, save that there being more sorts of books at their command than there were salts at the command of the oldentimers, they can and do prescribe books with greater discrimination.

It is this funny book for this melancholy convalescent, that thrilling book for that listless convalescent, the other peaceful tale for the other serene convalescent, always a convalescent to be sure. Books have not thus far pierced the mysteries of tuberculosis nor acquired the therapeutic strength needed to combat typhoid fever germs. They are contented to dedicate their medical efforts to the prosperous progress of the invalid, who has been diagnosed by the doctors, pilled and powdered out of peril, and given into the keeping of a trained nurse in a striped blue and white frock and white cap to stay out of danger and hurry to recovery.

Dr. Eckels of the Cook County hospital is a firm believer in the assistance given the physician by good books. He places them, when properly selected, in the same category as music, which, by common consent, has long been reputed a potent influence with patients susceptible to suggestion.

"So far as I know," he says, "there has never been any systematic attempt to determine the value of books as a therapeutic agent. Hence we have no statistics to draw upon. Indeed, it would be difficult to carry out such a line of investigation on this subject in a way that would make our results conclusive. Still we may fairly conclude that there have been numerous instances in which judiciously selected books read aloud by a companionable nurse or friend have materially hastened convalescence. Especially does this seem true of those patients who, by temperament, are highly susceptible to suggestion."

One of the head nurses at the Illinois training school for nurses says that the subject of reading to the sick is always of supreme interest to her profession, and that the choice of valuable literature receives constant attention from the trained nurses. In their professional journals lists of new books found to be helpful are published from time to time as guides to those on the alert for such assistance.

In the hospitals, where patients are treated largely en masse and opportunity for the inspection of individual idiosyncrasies is slight, there is not the fine discrimination to special adaptation as there is in private families, where one nurse has but a single case to study and work for. The hospitals look for cheery, light, wholesome literature, which predisposes the patient to gladsomeness of thought and thereby to healthful functioning throughout the body. "Elizabeth and Her German Garden" was cited as a typically valuable book, which would suit many cases where the chief aim is to divert attention from ailments.

In a recently published autobiography of a nurse the author relates her experience with "Three Men in a Boat." She says that she went to the physician in charge of a patient who was improving, if at all, with discouraging slowness, and told him that she was going to try Jerome K. Jerome's "Three Men in a Boat"; that she knew that if that would not cure him nothing would. The experiment was successful, the patient convalesced with rapidity under the hilarious nutriment of the comic volume.

Nearer home was the Kansas farmer who was a dyspeptic, hence a growler. Every expedient thought of was experimented by physician and family to induce him to assume a peaceable frame of mind toward his associates, and a peaceable frame of body toward his food. In despair a trained nurse was sent for who should devote her entire time to his recovery. She tried without avail the ordinary methods for curing. When she turned to the family religious weekly for cheery reading and to the daily news for lively gossip she found a deaf listener.

She was extremely fond of fairy tales. One evening she took a cozy seat besides him near the stove, and, in most subtle fashion, launched herself into a story of "Alice's Adventures in Wonderland." Her white-pated patient did not believe in the right of fairy tales to exist, much less did he ever read them. He knew nothing about the wonderful Alice. Not knowing her to be a "fairy tale" he was fascinated with her and her hare and duchess quite unaware. The stories were continued. From Alice they went to Grimm and Hans Andersen. The old man was eating, sleeping, and in his right mind before the fairy tale series had been exhausted.

A young boy lay in a small Chicago hospital attempting to recover from the effects of an operation. His chief peril came from the fact that he did not attempt enough. He was listless, with absolutely not a vestige of his pristine ambition in life. He refused food, did not care whether he got well or not, and gave himself up to melancholia. His nurse was reading him the Henty books. "I believe," she remarked one afternoon to the doctor, as that gentleman looked with some concern at the patient's daily report, "I believe we're not giving him the right reading. Tomorrow I am going to try 'Sherlock Holmes.'"

Hers was a happy thought. The deeds of the renowned detective were an inspiration to the laddie. There was sufficient excitement in them to keep his mind in a turmoil of expectancy and wonder. "Gee whizz, but that's fine!" he exclaimed one day, his first day with several propping pillows rendering his posture erect. He could scarcely wait from day to day for the reading hour to arrive. He said nothing about dying in early youth, nor about recovery either, but he had received the invigoration which stimulated his system to recovery.

An intelligent young girl who suffered from nervous prostration lived in the country, lonely, with few congenial associates. She had for a friend a Chicago trained nurse, who wisely advised her that since she had not the means to make extended tours for her health she should do as much as possible in the way of reading jolly books by way of supplementing the out of door life she was cultivating.

"Helen's Babies" was the first book. "Eben Holden" followed. Mark Twain, tome after tome, came next. She subscribed for several funny papers. When at last improvement developed she declared it was not exercise in the open air but jokes that made her well.

"I couldn't be thinking about the queer feeling in the upper right hand corner of the middle of the back of my head when I was laughing at 'zee great Columbus,' could I?" she reported in a letter to her friend. "I'm sending with this mail for one of Sara Jeanette Duncan's books, and I have a great idea that with that I'll have the finishing touch."

"Them picture books did me a heap sight of good," was the declaration of a smudgy faced descendant of Erin to his nurse, as he made his departure from one of the city's hospitals. It was all he remembered of the three weeks of painstaking care which had been tendered him.

TOO THIN FOR FAT BABY SHOW.

Fifty-four Infants Ruled Out of a Contest in Evanston and No Prize Awarded.

Fifty-four babies were ruled out of a "fat baby" show in Evanston yesterday because they did not tip the beam to the proper point to be eligible. That was the total number entered, and consequently no prize was awarded, much to the indignation of fifty-four proud fathers and an equal number of confident mothers.

Dr. Frank Edwards, Charles Aiken, and C. E. Smith were the men who as judges of the contest invited the wrath of a large part of the suburb by their decision. Dr. Edwards thinks forty pounds is a fair average weight for a child 3 years old to be eligible in a fat baby show.

The contest was a feature of a fair conducted by St. Mary's church. The entertainment will close tonight, when the exhibits will be sold at auction. It is estimated the receipts will be $5,500, which will be used to found a charitable school in the parish.

IN THE WORLD OF SOCIETY.

Miss Caroline Morton to Wed Mr. William Chapman Potter Oct. 11—Other Events.

At the wedding of Miss Caroline Morton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Morton, to Mr. William Chapman Potter, which will take place on Saturday, Oct. 11, Miss Pauline Morton, the young sister of the bride, will be her maid of honor, and the bridemaids will be Miss Jean Morton, a cousin, who is now visiting in Minneapolis; Miss Gertrude Potter, the sister of the groom, who returns this week from a trip to Europe; Miss Ethel Parks, and Miss Madeline Hyde, the two latter of Bath, Me. Miss Mary Canby will be the flower girl.

The men of the bridal party are not yet all chosen. Mr. and Mrs. Potter will be at home after Dec. 1 at 5049 Washington avenue.

The tournament crowd will be at Wheaton this week, and the opening today will be enthusiastic. Besides the luncheon and dinner parties, tea will be served on the veranda at 4 o'clock each afternoon. The Wheaton colony has been rather quiet all summer, which will make the tournament festivities the more welcome.

The members of the ladies' auxiliary committee of the Germania Männerchor for the coming season are Mrs. William Greiner, Mrs. Charles V. Wohlhueter, Mrs. Edward A. Fuerst, Mrs. Robert G. Calder, Mrs. William F. Juergens, Mrs. Edward J. Mosser, and Mrs. John H. Glade.

The wedding of Miss Louise Neel to Mr. William Luther Sill will take place on Sept. 16 at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. S. R. Neel, at Encampment, Wyo.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Krause of 2024 Madison avenue, New York, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rufka Matilde Krause, to Mr. Joseph G. Schoen.

Miss Edith Key, whose wedding to Mr. John Allen Haines will take place on Oct. 22, returned yesterday from her summer outing at Hull, Mass.

Mrs. Richard Bissell is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Truesdale, at their summer home at Greenwich, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. James Derby and their daughter, Miss Daisy Derby, will reside in New York. Mrs. Derby and Miss Derby spent the summer in Switzerland.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Castberg have returned to the city after a summer spent in Paris and Norway.

Miss Kathryn Kidder of Evanston is visiting at the country home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder in Massachusetts.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gunsaulus have returned from their wedding trip in Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Lockwood Honoré will return to the city today. They will live at 135 Lincoln Park baulevard.

Miss Bertha Goodrich of State Center, Ia., is the guest of Miss Nina Estabrook Nation of 5220 Madison avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Hildreth of 2022 Indiana avenue are at Atlantic City.

COUPLE PARTED FOR MONTHS REUNITED BY WIFE'S ILLNESS.

Frank and Kate Lamont Figure in a Romance of the County Hospital—Doctors Say Woman May Die.

A reconciliation between a wife thought to be hopelessly ill of typhoid fever and her husband was brought about at the bedside of the stricken woman in the county hospital yesterday. After a separation of several months man and wife vowed nothing should again come between them if death spared her.

When Frank Lamont left his home at 149 North Carpenter street last spring he did not tell where he was going. Once he was heard from when he sent his family some money from South Dakota. After that no trace of him was found by the wife. As best she could she worked and toiled and managed to support herself and boy, Frank, aged 9 years.

The woman fell ill two weeks ago and was removed to the hospital. The doctors pronounced her case typhoid fever and declared she had little chance of recovery. Then her relatives inserted the following advertisement in the newspapers:

FRANK LAMONT: KATE IS DYING AT THE county hospital. For Frankie's sake come and see her. NELLIE.

When and where Frank Lamont first read the news of the illness of his wife is not known. No one in the hospital cared. It was enough for them to know that the man who called yesterday was the one the sick woman had been calling for in her delirium.

COMPELLING STREET REPAIR IN THE SOUTH DIVISION.

Property Owners and Business Men's Association to Meet Tonight—Tells of Work Already Accomplished.

The South Side Property Owners and Business Men's association, in sending out notice of a meeting this evening at 2505 Cottage Grove avenue, tells what it has accomplished.

Following are some of the matters mentioned in the circular:

Mr. Marks of 177 Twenty-second street, complained Aug. 12 of the bad conditon of the asphalt pavement, and within four days thereafter the street was thoroughly repaired.

Mr. Hallen, Mr. Bolander, and Mr. Kamm complained of the bad condition of their alleys, and within three days sixteen loads of cinders were dumped into the bad parts of said alleys.

Complaint was made relative to the Illinois Central dump on South Park avenue, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, and within ten days said dump was thoroughly disinfected.

Aug. 26, H. G. Naber complained of the bad condition of the garbage boxes in the alley in the rear of his store. Two days afterward they were thoroughly cleaned.

Dr. Stubbs complained at the last meeting of the excessive use of water by the street sprinklers, and in one week the street department revoked the license of two street sprinklers.

At the same meeting Mr. Tebbetts complained of the bad condition of the alleys between Twentieth and Twenty-second streets. Since then several loads of crushed stone have been placed in the bad parts.

Come and register your kick and see what we can do for you.

At the meeting this evening Ald. Dixon and Alling and others will speak on clean streets and smoke nuisance.

CHURCH IS TOO UNSOCIABLE, SAYS METHODIST CLERGYMAN

Dr. Thomas Neeley Declares More Cordial Greetings Would Mean Larger Attendance of Men at Service.

"Methodists, declared one of their ministers yesterday, are too unsociable at church. Dr. Thomas Neeley, general secretary of the tract society, made the charge at the ministers' meeting.

"We speak of our church as a sociable organization," said he. "It may have been, but I doubt if it could be classed as such today. My wife went two Sundays to the same church in New York recently, and no one even spoke to her. Lots of men go to church and they are not welcomed. No one speaks to them; they are not asked to return and they go away because we have not treated them as they should be treated. If men were treated more kindly when they attend church they might go oftener, and there would not be the urgent cry all the time for more men."

Dr. M. M. Parkhurst, superintendent of the Citizens' league, spoke also. The ministers decided to give the Citizens' league the money collected on what is known as temperance Sunday, the last Sunday of October.

ENGINEERS TO READ PAPERS.

Tenth Annual Convention of Railway Men to Open Today at Stratford Hotel.

The tenth annual convention of the Traveling Engineers' association will be held at the Hotel Stratford today, tomorrow, and Thursday. The address of welcome will be made by Mayor Harrison, after which technical papers will be read.

Tourist Sleeping Cars to Colorado

Leave Chicago daily from Aug. 23 to Sept. 10 on 11:30 p. m. train, Chicago and Northwestern railway. Only $2.50 double berth Chicago to Denver. Best of service. Two daily trains. Very low rates now in effect. Tickets. 212 Clark street.

TRAIN GUNS ON HATCH.

CHICAGO LAWN CITIZENS TESTIFY AGAINST THE PRINCIPAL.

Present Evidence to Substantiate Charges of "Indiscreet Conduct" and Say They Will Appeal to Other Agencies to Effect Removal if the Board of Education Reinstates the Teacher—Accused Man Asks Time to Prepare His Case.

Henry D. Hatch, principal of the Chicago Lawn school against whom charges of "indiscreet conduct" have been filed with the secretary of the board of education by residents of Chicago Lawn, has been given until next Monday by the special committee appointed to hear the evidence to file his defense. The testimony of twenty witnesses was heard yesterday afternoon. The citizens of Chicago Lawn declare that they do not want Mr. Hatch as principal and that if he is reinstated by the board of education they will appeal to other agencies to bring about his removal from the school.

The citizens who testified against Mr. Hatch welcomed the continuance so that they could get additional testimony to add strength to their charges.

Mr. Hatch explained to the committee that he did not receive a copy of the charges against him until Saturday afternoon.

Makes a Plea for Time.

"Since that time," he said, "I have not had time to get my witnesses together, and I think it is only just that I be given sufficient time to get all the witnesses I desire."

Trustee Loesch, who explained the charges to the two contesting parties, said that it was the disposition of the committee to give Mr. Hatch every possible opportunity to prove his innocence.

The opponents of Mr. Hatch had twenty-five witnesses at the rooms of the board.

Trustee Keating, who acted as chairman of the subcommittee, decided that any former trouble in which Mr. Hatch is said to have been connected would not be investigated by the committee. This action excluded a number of witnesses, and limited the inquiry to acts of Mr. Hatch while principal of the Chicago Lawn school.

Until four years ago Henry D. Hatch was principal of the Gladstone school at a salary of $2,400 a year. He was transferred at that time to the Chicago Lawn school, at an annual salary of $1,600. He has been divorced from his wife, and since that time is said to have changed his home from the west side to the south side, near his school.

Ten years ago Mr. Hatch, before coming to Chicago, was connected with the schools at Woodstock, Ill. It is from the former places where he has taught that it is understood that he wishes to bring witnesses. He refused to talk about the matter yesterday after the hearing was continued. During the hearing he conducted the cross-examination, and acted as his own messenger in calling witnesses from the hall. The examination of the witnesses on the other side was conducted by Ald. W. M. Butterworth. The prosecution presented twenty witnesses and Mr. Hatch presented four.

Evidence Said to Be Hearsay.

Most of the evidence is said to have been of a hearsay character. One of the members of the board declared that he would require the prosecutors to furnish more satisfactory evidence before he would make a recommendation unfavorable to Mr. Hatch.

Another declared that they had done nothing during the afternoon except reach an understanding regarding what the charges meant and what each side was expected to show to secure the desired recommendation.

"It was an afternoon wasted," said another trustee.

One of the members of the prosecuting party defended the evidence they had presented by saying they did not wish to bring prominent people in Chicago Lawn into the matter unless it was unavoidable.

"We see that we will have to fight, and some startling testimony will be given next Monday," one of the prosecutors declared.

Trustee Kuflewski took Trustee Cameron's place upon the subcommittee. District Superintendent Lane was not present, and Supt. Cooley remained in the room but a few minutes.

Among the witnesses heard yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Fowler, Walter Packer, Charles Brown, Ald. W. M. Butterworth, Mrs. G. E. Stolp, Mrs. R. A. Dunsmore, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Seward, W. D. Shoupe, W. Arthur Jones, John F. Eberhart and Mrs. John F. Eberhart, George M. Tobey, Daniel Winkle, W. C. Collins, A. L. Hayes, Miller Purvis, A. W. Hewett, Roy Cropper, George T. Anderson, M. J. Doig, and Mrs. Clara Finfrock.

MRS. CRAVEN AGAIN ACCUSED.

San Francisco Attorney Says Woman Who Claimed Fair Millions Is Guilty of Perjury.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—District Attorney Byington has requested the police to find Mrs. Nettie R. Craven, plaintiff in the Fair divorce case, as he desires to bring suit against her for perjury. Mrs. Craven is now in Portland, Ore. Since she received $50,000 from the Fair heirs two months ago the California Supreme court has passed upon the perjury charge in her case and has held that an action for perjury will lie against her. The interest of the Fair heirs—Mrs. Herman Oelrichs and Mrs. W. G. Vanderbilt Jr.—in this prosecution is that they wish to clear their father's name of what they regard as false statements made by Mrs. Craven.

The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair, who were killed in an automobile accident near Paris recently, passed through Chicago last night on the way to San Francisco. The special funeral car Ben Wyzlis came in over the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern road from New York, and at 9:45 was switched to the Northwestern tracks at Wood street. From there it was taken to the Chicago and Northwestern station and attached to the regular California train that left the city at 11:38 o'clock to complete its long journey. When the bodies reach San Francisco they will have been carried nearly 8,000 miles.

WIFE GONE: DIVORCE WANTED.

Michele Morelli Says That She Fled with a Young and Handsome Man.

Michele Morelli, whose wife, Maria Giorno, is alleged to have left a few days ago with the young and handsome Cresta Chiappetta, yesterday began divorce proceedings in the Circuit court. The bill alleges that Morelli and his wife were married in 1892, and lived happily until Aug. 26 of this year, when, he avers, without warning, she deserted him and their four children.

$33, CALIFORNIA, OREGON & WASHINGTON

Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

Very low rates daily during September and October to Helena, Butte, Spokane, Ogden, Salt Lake. Only $33 to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle, and Tacoma. Low round trip rates also. Tourist sleeping cars daily. Personally conducted excursions Tuesdays and Thursdays. Ticket office, 212 Clark-st. (Tel. Cent. 721) and Wells-St. Sta.

You Wont Need a Pail

or any sor of a contrivance to catch the ink if you use the Swan Fountain Pen. The only fountain pen constructed on strictly scientific principles—that has a free circulation of air passing in and out of the barrel, thus insuring a steady, even flow of ink at all times.

The SWAN Fountain Pen

is fully guaranteed both for wear of the pen and feeding quality of the fountain—a guarantee that is good and a complete protection to the buyer.

MABIE, TODD & BARD,
96 State St., Steward Building, Chicago.

"Force"

The Ready-to-Serve Cereal

Jim Dumps once had "Force" analyzed.
"That food," the Chemist criticised,
"Whole wheat and barley-malt contains;
They strengthen muscles, nerves and brains;
Bring Health's own glow, renew life's vim.
That's why 'Force' made you 'Sunny Jim.'"

is all food—there's no waste.

Sweet, crisp flakes of wheat and malt—eaten cold.

Most Wholesome Food.

"I believe pure wheat to be one of the most wholesome foods to be taken into the system. It may be prepared in many forms, and used in connection with vegetables and fruits, it contains all the sustenance man needs in any toil."—Dr. FRANK N. DOWD, Chicago.

24

There Is Only One

American Family Soap. Imitations are poor substitutes for the original.

Do not be deceived by other so-called "Family" soap. Get

American Family Soap

Millions of homes now use it, and no woman who tries it ever abandons it willingly. But some have grocers who—to make a trifle more—urge a cheap soap in place of it.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

Our "giants' causeway" of new fall styles in Derby and Alpine hats at $2, $3, and $4 will take you triumphantly over the hat-crisis.

Our hat dept. is now a popular rendezvous for new hat-styles and old hat-customers.

Out of hundreds of swell and quiet fall o'coats, here is surely the very one you want to wear this season, $15 to $30.

F. M. ATWOOD,

THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING

"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Clark and Madison Sts. We fill orders by mail.

The man who pays for the painting wants results: looks, durability, preservation of the wood; and not to cost too much.

Whether he gets what he wants and pays for depends on the man who makes the paint: a little on the man who puts it on.

You may be sure you'll not get out of the paint-pot what the man who makes the paint doesn't put there: a good many of them don't put there what you want to get out.

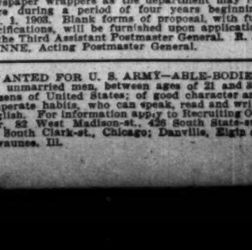
A good painter could put in what ought to be there: it would be good paint if he could mix it right: nobody can by hand.

On the whole better use Devoe ready paint and get what you want and ought to have.

Buy it of most any good dealer; get a good painter to put it on.

GOOD-PAINT DEVOE: CHICAGO.

Eyes Tested Free. OPTICIAN L. MANASSE. 88 MADISON-ST. TRIBUNE BLDG. Spectacles & Eyeglasses Artificial Eyes. Kodaks, Cameras, and Supplies.



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THE PARENT INSTITUTE, DWIGHT, ILL.
For Drunkenness and Drug Using
Chicago Office, Room 402, 249 Dearborn-st.
City references to cured men and women. Correspondence confidential. Tel. Harrison 2345.
Private Colonial cottage for ladies

PROPOSALS FOR BUILDINGS NEW MILITARY Post, Chickamauga Park, Ga.—Constructing Quartermaster's Office, Custom House and Post Office Building, Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 8, 1902. Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received here until 12 noon, Wednesday, Oct. 8, 1902, and then publicly opened, for Construction, Plumbing, Heating and Gas Piping of about sixty-five frame builings, constituting new Military Post to be built in Chickamauga Park, near Chattanooga, Tenn. Plans, specifications and instructions to bidders may be be seen here, or at Room 390, War Department, Washington, D. C.; Depot Quartermaster's Office, Army Building, New York, N. Y.; Chief Quartermaster's Office, Pullman Building, Chicago, Ill.; and Depot Quartermaster's Office, St. Louis, Mo. BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED ONLY AT THIS OFFICE. They should be plainly marked: "Bids for buildings at Chickamauga Park," and addressed H. J. SLOCUM, Capt. Cav., Q. M.

PROPOSALS FOR DRIED FRUIT FOR THE Indian service, Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, August 28, 1902—SEALED PROPOSALS, indorsed "Proposals for Dried Fruit" and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m. of Tuesday, September 30, 1902, for furnishing 145,000 pounds of dried apples, 137,000 pounds of dried peaches and 175,000 pounds of dried prunes, more or less, for the Indian service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903. Blank forms for bidding, giving the conditions (which will be made a part for the contract) to be observed by bidders, time and place of delivery, and all necessary instructions will be furnished upon application to the Indian Office, Washington, D. C., the Indian warehouses, 815 Howard-st., Omaha, Neb., 285 South Canal-st., Chicago, Ill., 1009 South 7th-st., St. Louis, Mo., 22 Washington-st., San Francisco, Calif., or 119-121 Wooster-st., New York. Bids upon the blanks furnished are not, however, absolutely essential. They may be in other forms provided the proper conditions are observed. W. A. JONES, Commissioner.

WANTED—RECRUITS FOR THE UNITED States Marine Corps, able bodied men of good character between the ages of 21 and 35 years, not less than 5 feet 4 inches and not over 6 feet 1 inch in height, of good character and not addicted to the use of liquor. Must be citizens of the United States or persons who have legally declared their intention to become citizens, able to read and write English properly as well as speak it. No minors or married men will be accepted. This important branch of the Naval Service offers SPECIAL INDUCEMENT TO RECRUITS, as the law PROVIDES for the PROMOTION of WORTHY NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS to SECOND LIEUTENANTS. Marines are enlisted for a period of four years, and are generally stationed in large cities, and are now serving in Cuba, Porto Rico, Manila and Guam, and when sent to sea have a fine opportunity to see all parts of the world. Pay from $13.00 to $44.00 per month. Clothing, board and medical attendance are provided, in addition to pay. Apply at U. S. Marine Corps Recruiting Office, Room 25, Howland Block, S. W. Corner Dearborn and Monroe-sts.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO BUILDING, Washington, D. C., September 3, 1902.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m., October 8th, 1902, and then opened, for the Drainage, Plumbing, and Gas Fitting of the Postoffice, Courthouse, etc., at Chicago, Illinois, in accordance with the drawings and specifications, copies of which may be had on application at this office. No proposal for separate departments of the work will be considered. Certified check for one hundred dollars, payable to the Treasurer of the United States, or order, must accompany request for plans, as the price of said plans, which will be remitted on return of all drawings, plans, etc.

Address HENRY IVES COBB, Architect U. S. Govt. Bldg., at Chicago, Ill. Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12, 1902.—Sealed proposals are invited, and will be received from envelope manufacturers until 2 p. m. on Tuesday, Sept. 16, 1902, for furnishing such stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers as the department may require during a period of four years beginning Jan. 1, 1903. Blank forms of proposal, with full specifications, will be furnished upon application to the Third Assistant Postmaster General. R. J. WYNNE, Acting Postmaster General.

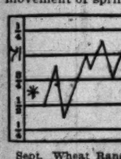
WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—ABLE-BODIED unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States; of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 82 West Madison-st., 428 South State-st., 194 South Clark-st., Chicago; Danville, Elgin or Kewanuee, Ill.

WAIT FOR WHEAT TO MOVE

SPECULATORS NOT YET CERTAIN WHAT TO EXPECT.

Fine Weather and Bearish Foreign Statistics Early, but Small Receipts and Large Export Sales Cause Partial Rally—Larger Country Sales of Corn Make Cash and September Weak, but December Makes Gains on Good Buying.

Continued talk of a certain increase in the movement of spring wheat to the northwestern markets, although it was not yet apparent in the figures, large world shipments, and weak foreign markets were the chief contributing causes to a declining tendency in wheat. At the outset slightly better quotations than those of Saturday's close were established on the frost prediction sent out from Washington the night before, but the morning forecast did not bear out the earlier one, and there was some heavy commission selling, apparently for New York account, which caused a break of ½c to 1c.



Sept. Wheat Range.

Later reports of a large cash business at the seaboard for export, 544,000 bu, and some covering by local traders who had been too enthusiastic in playing for a break, caused a reaction finally, and December, which had ranged from 68c to 67⅝c, closed with a net loss of a split only at 67¾c. September lost some of its premium, closing at 71⅛c. The weather map for Sunday and the forecast for fair and cooler weather were favorable, but shorts had an uneasy moment on the strength of a late dispatch from Winnipeg reporting heavy rains. Still later contradictions diminished these rains to light showers.

Some Bearish Statistics.

Heavy world's shipments of 11,276,000 bu for the week, compared with 7,478,000 bu a year ago, attracted attention. The output from Russia and Danubian countries alone was nearly 5,000,000 bu. There was an increase in the amount on passage of 3,304,000 bu to 31,216,000 bu. These figures from the other side accounted for a break of ⅞d to 1d at Liverpool and of 1¼c at Antwerp, but were lost sight of after the first half of the session here in the greater importance attached to the domestic movement. Duluth had only 180 cars of the 500 promised, but is slated for over 700 today. The two northwest points had 617 cars, to 1,244 last year, and there were some contradictions from Minneapolis of the predictions of an increased movement. Cash wheat there was relatively firmer at 2¼c over September.

There were 286 cars here, with only one contract, but 73,000 bu and 25 cars new No. 2 red were turned out of private houses. Primary receipts were relatively small, 1,278,635 bu, compared with 1,931,639 bu last year. Clearances were fair at 431,227 bu. The visible supply increased 455,000 bu, while the English visible supply decreased 611,000 bu.

Broomhall reported considerable rain in Argentina. There were free offerings of September in round lots by Armour, depressing the current delivery, but there was evidence of December buying for the same interest. There was selling for New York and for St. Louis through McIntyre-Marshall, Bartlett-Frazier, Love, Logan, and Wrenn, with buying of December on the break by Cudahy brokers, Milmine-Bodman, McReynolds, and pit traders.

December Corn Rallies.

Increasing receipts and increasing offerings of old corn by the country made a weak cash market and depressed September, but the confidence of the bear element that deferred deliveries should also decline in consequence suffered something of a shock before the close. September sold from 57¾c to 57c, and after several sharp breaks and a sudden rally closed at 57¼c, a net loss of 1½c. December sold down to 42c, but was held firmly there by a general though scattered demand, and toward the close rallied sharply to 42¾c, largely on the efforts of pit traders to cover earlier sales. The close at 42¾c showed a net gain of ⅛@⅜c, and May gained ⅛c. Reports of feeding new corn in Kentucky and the southwest furnished a bull argument. The depressing factor was the reports of heavy sales of old corn in the country to arrive, purchases on Saturday's bids estimated as high as 500,000 bu. The cash market was weak, as much as 2½c lower, but on the break there were sales of 275,000 bu, which contributed to the closing rally. There were export sales of 48,000 bu at the seaboard. The weather map and late forecast were not unfavorable to maturing and moving. Receipts were not startlingly large at 175 cars, while 290 are estimated for today. Primary receipts were 246,825 bu, compared with 542,127 bu a year ago, and clearances were 44,897 bu. There was a further decrease of 554,000 bu in the small visible supply. The amount on passage decreased 1,280,000 bu, to 7,920,000 bu. Liverpool was ⅝@1d lower.

Early Oats Sellers Turn Buyers.

There was no special weakness in oats, though both December and May showed a fractional reaction from Saturday's figure. The September was down early to 33¼c, but picked up to 34⅛c, the closing being at even 34c. This was a fraction over the Saturday price. The December picked up from 30½c to 30¾c, and the May from 30¾c to 31⅛c. The December was broken ½@⅝c early by Counselman, who was a heavy seller. Carrington-Patten came into the market late on an extensive scale and bought the December. The visible was something of a surprise in that it was not expected to show an increase as large as 1,159,000 bu, the increase the previous week having been but 861,000 bu. A year ago it was 477,000 bu. Local stocks increased 85,000 bu and are now 526,000 bu. Seaboard clearances were reported at 63,000 bu. Local receipts were slightly larger, 400 cars. Of them 25 were standard. Clearing houses turned out 15 cars of this grade. The trade is generally looking for larger receipts the coming week. Estimated for today is 520 cars.

Provisions Extremely Dull.

Prices in the provision list were little changed from Saturday, and trade during the day was of an unimportant character. At times all product prices were at a slight discount under the previous close, but finally recovered to about Saturday's figures on the September delivery of pork, though the long futures were from 7½@17½c lower at the close. The September lard also sold up, while January and May were 5@7½c lower. Easier grain markets were in part responsible. There were 28,000 hogs at the yards with prices 5c lower. Western packing points reported 40,800 head, against 49,600 a year ago. Shipments of cured meats were 1,893,000 lbs, against 3,134,000 lbs last year, and of lard 1,382,000 lbs, compared with 1,458,000 lbs.

Rye was moderately firm at an advance of about ½c. September selling at 49c. There were 45 cars inspected. The visible decreased 80,000 bu, local stocks falling off 46,000 bu.

Barley was generally firm, prices covering a total range from 38@63c. The under figure was on heating and otherwise out of condition barley. Low grade malting ranged from 40@48c, fair to good 50@58c, and choice to about 62c.

Clover was a shade easier, October, $8.75@9.00, owing to more general thrashing and good returns. September timothy sold at $4.45.

Easier prices were established on flaxseed, heavy receipts depressing the market. There were 39 cars here, 122 at Minneapolis and 21 at Duluth. No. 1 northwestern sold at $1.39, southwestern $1.35; September the same, and October from $1.33 down to $1.31, the inside figure being the closing.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Closed Sept. 6.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Sept. 9, 1901.
Sept ...	71⅛	71⅛	70⅝	71⅛	68⅝
Dec	67⅞ @ ⅝	68	67⅛	67¾	71
May	69½ @ ⅝	69⅝	69⅛	69⅝	74½

CORN.

Sept ...	58½	57⅜	56	57¼	53¾
Dec	43⅝ @ ½	43⅝	42	42⅝	57⅛
May	39¼ @ ⅜	39¾ @ ½	39	39⅝ @ ½	59½

OATS.

*Sept ..	26¼			26	33⅜
†Sept ..	34⅛	34⅜	33¼	34	
†Dec ...	31⅞	31	30½	30¾ @ ⅝	35
†May ..	31⅛ @ ¼	31¼	30⅝	31	37¼

*Old. †New.

MESS PORK.

Sept ..	16.80			16.80	14.70
Oct	16.97½	16.97½	16.92½	16.95	14.80
Jan	14.97½	14.95 @ 7½	14.90	14.90	15.85
May ...	14.17½	14.07½	14.00	14.00	.....

LARD.

Sept ...	10.67½	10.70	10.65	10.70	9.42½
Oct	9.80	9.77½	9.70	9.72½	9.42½
Jan	8.40	8.37½ @ 40	8.35	8.35	9.30
May ...	8.02½ @ 5	8.00	7.95	7.97½	.....

SHORT RIBS.

Sept ...	10.55	10.52½	10.47½	10.50	8.65
Oct	10.00	10.07½	9.95	10.00	8.67½
Jan	7.90	8.70 @ 2½	7.85	7.87½	8.17½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	..	..	126	137	263
Spring wheat	19	..	9	11	39
Corn	12	..	76	30	125
Oats	43	22	123	248	436
Rye	15	..	11	19	45
Barley	..	..	19	40	59
Totals	79	22	364	485	950

Inspected out: 102,100 bu winter and 6,000 bu spring wheat, 8,900 bu corn, 16,750 bu oats, 600 bu rye. From unlicensed elevators: 36 cars and 73,100 bu winter wheat, 2 cars spring wheat, 6 cars and 124,200 bu corn, 36 cars oats, 8 cars rye.

The secretary of the Chicago board of trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain [bu]:

	Sept. 6, 1902.	Aug. 30, 1902.	Aug. 23, 1902.	Sept. 7, 1901.
Wheat	21,421,000	20,966,000	20,689,000	28,440,000
Corn	2,523,000	3,077,000	3,423,000	13,123,000
Oats	4,092,000	2,935,000	2,672,000	7,378,000
Rye	577,000	666,000	891,000	1,645,000
Barley	323,000	193,000	125,000	683,000

Changes from the previous week are shown below:

	Increase.	Decrease.
Wheat	455,000	.....
Corn	.....	554,000
Oats	1,159,000	.....
Rye	.....	89,000
Barley	130,000	.....

The following are the amounts of grain in store and afloat in the city on the dates named [bu]:

	Sept. 6, 1902.	Aug. 30, 1902.	Aug. 23, 1902.	Sept. 7, 1901.
Wheat	2,942,000	2,913,000	2,637,000	4,852,000
Corn	1,626,000	1,816,000	2,005,000	6,969,000
Oats	526,000	441,000	464,000	1,610,000
Rye	21,000	77,000	104,000	260,000
Barley	.....	.....	.....	1,000

World's shipments of wheat and flour for the week from different exporting countries, with comparisons, were as follows:

	Sept. 6, 1902. Bu.	Aug. 30, 1902. Bu.	Sept. 7, 1901. Bu.
America	6,276,000	5,437,000	4,466,000
Russia	2,416,000	1,880,000	1,872,000
Danubian ports	2,512,000	2,016,000	930,000
Argentina	72,000	72,000	144,000
India	.....	400,000	280,000
Australia	.....	.....	86,000
Total	11,276,000	9,805,000	7,478,000

The following table shows the exports of corn from the leading countries for the weeks ending on the dates named:

	Sept. 6, 1902. Bu.	Aug. 30, 1902. Bu.	Sept. 7, 1901. Bu.
America	5,678,275	$3,117,298	$ 560,977
From July 1	7,138,120	5,796,806	1,341,284
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN.			
4th week August	158,568	183,635	*25,067
Month	529,505	561,093	*31,590
From July 1	1,057,372	1,068,918	*11,546
CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS			
4th week August	624,375	532,059	92,316
Month	1,744,269	1,722,192	19,077
From July 1	3,313,300	3,325,387	*12,081
MEXICAN CENTRAL.			
4th week August	369,854	431,823	138,031
Month	1,366,666	1,299,419	336,637
From July 1	3,202,858	2,675,724	527,134
PEORIA AND EASTERN.			
4th week August	89,194	70,385	18,809
Month	230,846	225,748	2,098
From July 1	436,628	433,302	2,326

*Decrease.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Steady. Winter patents, in wood, southern, $3.50@3.60; straights, in wood, $3.35@3.45; clears, in wood, $2.80@3.25; spring, special brands, $4.20; straight, export bags, $3.10@3.25; winter rye, bris, $2.60@2.80.

WINTER WHEAT—Trifle easier. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 red, 67@67½c; No. 4 red, 63@65c; no grade red, 55c; No. 4 hard, 63c. On track: No. 3 red, 69½c. Free on board: No grade red, 45@60c; no grade hard, 52c; No. 4 red, 60@66c; No. 3 red, 66½@69c; No. 4 hard, 62@64c; No. 3 hard, 64½@68c; No. 4 white, 60@63c.

SPRING WHEAT—In good demand, especially for high grades. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 spring, 67c; No. 4, 60c. On track: No grade, 57c. Free on board: No. 4, 61@65c; No. 3, 69@71½c; No. 2 white, 71c. Billed through: No. 3, 69c; No. 2 northern, 70½c.

CORN—Offerings large and prices 2½c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 59c, 25,000 bu partly 1c over September; No. 2 yellow, 60c; No. 3, 250,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3 yellow, 59¾c; No. 4, 59½c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4, 58½@60c; No. 3, 59@60c; No. 3 yellow, 59¾@60c; No. 2, 59@59½c; No. 2 yellow, 60@60½c; No. 3 white, 59@61c. Billed through: No. 4, 57@58c; No. 3, 57@58c; No. 3 yellow, 57¾@59¾c; No. 2, 58c; No. 2 yellow, 59¼c; No. 3 white, 57½@58½c.

OATS—Choice samples in good demand, but poor lots easy and ¼@1c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 26¼c; standard, 33¾c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 24@27c; No. 4, 25¾@26½c; No. 4 white, 26½@30½c; No. 3, 26½@31c; No. 3 white, 28½@34½c; No. 2, 28½@28¾c; standard, 35@38½c. Billed through: No grade, 24@25c; No. 4, 25½@26½c; No. 4 white, 27¼@29c; No. 3, 26½c; No. 3 white, 32@33½c. At the river: No grade, 22@26½c; No. 4, 25c; No. 4 white, 25½@28c; No. 3 white, 28@32½c.

RYE—Quiet. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 49c. On track: No. 3, 49c. Free on board: No. 2, 51c; No. 3, 48½c; No. 4, 47c; no grade, 31@44c.

PROVISIONS—Not greatly changed; easier, if anything. Cash lots mess pork, $16.80@16.85; lots, $16.60@16.62½; ribs, $10.40@10.50, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Fairly active. Ash pork brls, 85@87½c; oak, 87½@90c; lard tcs, $1.10@1.12½.

WHISKY—Steady. Basis finished goods, $1.32.

HAY—Steady—Receipts, 382 tons; shipments, 30 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $11.50@11.75; No. 1 timothy, $10.50@11.00; No. 2 timothy, $9.50@10.00; not graded timothy, $9.00@9.50; choice prairie, Kansas, $9.50; No. 1 prairie, Kansas, $9.00; No. 3 prairie, state, $7.50; not graded prairie, Kansas, $8.00. Free on board and switched—Choice timothy, $11.50; No. 1 timothy, $10.00.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts for today are: Wheat, 400 cars; corn, 290 cars; oats, 520 cars; hogs, 17,000.

Reports from several sections of Nebraska are that the corn crop in that state is practically saved, such claims coming from Falls City and Hastings.

St. Louis reported the receipt of a car of No. 2 white corn from Indian Territory.

Southwestern advices are of considerable damage to wheat in stack from wet weather.

Members learned with regret of the death on Sunday of James R. Willard, who had been a familiar figure on the floor for sixteen years and at times a large operator. He was on the board as late as last Thursday. Mr. Willard's intimate knowledge of important statistics of the grain trade and his unfailing cheerfulness in sharing his knowledge with those who desired the benefits of it made him deservedly popular with a large circle of friends.

There was no question yesterday of more liberal offerings of old corn from the country, an intimation that the farmers in tributary sections of the country consider the new crop out of danger. The market responded with sharp breaks in cash and September prices, but some short selling of December and May on the theory that they were not already low enough was met by good supporting orders, and they closed with slight gains. There is a strong feeling that with the improbability of getting new corn of contract grade in December the price is already low enough, if not too low, unless more old corn comes forward than the trade generally expects.

Once more the proposition to make No. 1 and No. 2 hard winter wheat deliverable has been "thrown down," being defeated yesterday by a vote of 432 to 257. There was a good deal of "hustling" done by friends of the measure, but it did not avail. The proposition in one form or another has been before the board a number of times, and it is generally believed yesterday's vote sounds its death knell. The directors have never been unanimous on the question, though some of them engaged in the cash trade have championed it, on the theory that increasing quantities of hard wheat are being raised west of the Missouri river and that this hedging is all done in western markets where the wheat is deliverable. The claim is also made that Chicago is no more naturally a spring wheat than a winter wheat market, and that the change in the rules would bring back a good share of the western business the market has lost.

A circular signed by Secretary Stone for the directors, setting forth their opposition to the measure, doubtless contributed to its support and carried some feeling among its supporters who held such a pronouncement was unusual.

Reported yields in some sections of the spring wheat country are not encouraging. One South Dakota farmer yesterday reported an average of 5 bu where he had expected 15 to 20 bu.

In the Mining Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Mining stocks:

Adams Con	20	Little Chief	11
Alice	80	Ontario	350
Breece	50	Ophir	100
Brunswick Con	08	Phoenix	6
Comstock Tunnel	05½	Potosi	13
Con. Cal. & Va.	115	Savage	7
Horn Silver	100	Sierra Nevada	6
Iron Silver	70	Small Hopes	30
Leadville Con	03	Standard	345

GOOD PROFIT ON MONON.

EARNINGS SHOW A LARGE SURPLUS OVER INTEREST.

Gain of J. P. Morgan and Friends Equal to 6.51 Per Cent on the Retired Common Stock—Local Money Market Is Firm, with Old Loans Being Marked Up—Boxboard Company Issues Announcement Relative to Exchange of Receipts for Shares.

From the preliminary figures of the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, it would appear that Mr. Morgan and his friends made a good bargain when they secured the Monon, paying $75 a share for the common and $90 a share for the preferred in 4 per cent bonds. They paid 60 per cent of the purchase price in cash and the remainder in bonds.

But on the theory that all the stock was turned in and 4 per cent bonds issued, the net earnings for the fiscal year show returns of 7.96 per cent on the bonds required to secure the property. At the same time the earnings were equal to 6.51 per cent on the common stock which has been turned in. The earnings of the previous year applicable to the common were 4.31 per cent. While the stockholders received a fair price on the present basis of earnings, it may be doubted whether a great deal more could not have been secured at the end of another fiscal year.

The comparative figures for the last two fiscal years follow:

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Gross	$4,581,150	$4,150,461	$430,698
Op. expenses	2,852,133	2,653,542	199,591
Net	$1,728,025	$1,496,928	$231,097

The Monon had outstanding $5,000,000 4 per cent preferred stock and $10,500,000 common. At the rate of 90 for the preferred and 78 for the common there were required bonds of the par value of $12,690,000 to purchase the stock. These bonds bear 4 per cent, and this new fixed charge therefore is $507,600.

The preliminary statement does not contain details of other income, but this amounted in the previous fiscal year to $135,776. Old outstanding bonds occasioned a fixed interest charge of $970,930 per annum. The figures may be summarized as follows:

Net income, 1902	$1,728,025
Other income	135,776
Total net income	$1,863,801
Interest on old bonds	979,930
Leaving for new bonds	$ 883,871
4 per cent on $12,690,000	507,600
Surplus	$ 376,271

The $883,871, after deducting old fixed charges, is equal to 4 per cent on the preferred stock issue of $5,000,000 and 6.51 per cent on the common stock issue of $10,500,000 common, and is equal to 7.96 per cent on the bonds exchanged for the two classes of stock.

Local Money Grows Firmer.

The local money market continued firm yesterday. Some old call loans standing at 4 per cent were advanced to 4½ per cent. New business at the old banks was generally at 5 per cent for both call and time loans.

New York bid 6 per cent for two and three months' loans, but was unable to secure accommodation. Doubtless local banks could readily secure 5½ per cent from Chicago customers if it were desired to do so.

May Exchange for Boxboard.

The following notice concerning Boxboard stock was posted on the local exchange yesterday morning:

"Shares of Merchants' Loan and Trust company receipts for American Strawboard, if issued prior to May 29, may be exchanged for Boxboard stock, if done at once.

"The company will allow stockholders now standing on the books with 25 shares or less to exchange their stock for Boxboard upon old terms. Amounts larger can be exchanged, provided they all deposit stock and sign agreement of the company, a copy of which is in the office of the secretary of the exchange."

Dividends Declared.

The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway company declared its regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent, payable Nov. 1. Books close Sept. 12 and reopen Oct. 6.

The Royal Baking Powder company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on preferred stock, payable to stock of record Sept. 30.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad company declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on its preferred stock, payable Oct. 1. Books close Sept. 10 and reopen Sept. 15.

The New Haven Iron and Steel company has declared a dividend of 25c a share, payable Sept. 25 to stock of record Sept. 15.

Pursuant to authority conferred by the directors, the treasurer of the Bessemer and Lake Erie company will pay Oct. 1 a semi-annual dividend of 1½ per cent to holders of common stock of the Pittsburg, Bessemer and Lake Erie as of record Sept. 15.

Railway Earnings.

GREAT NORTHERN.

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Month August	$3,673,275	$3,117,298	$ 560,977
From July 1	7,138,120	5,796,806	1,341,284

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN.

4th week August	158,568	183,635	*25,067
Month	529,505	561,093	*31,590
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Month	1,366,666	1,299,419	336,637
From July 1	3,202,858	2,675,724	527,134

PEORIA AND EASTERN.

4th week August	89,194	70,385	18,809
Month	230,846	225,748	2,098
From July 1	436,628	433,302	2,326

*Decrease.

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were the closing quotations in the New York curb market:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	14	14¼
Do pfd	53⅝	54⅛
American Hide and Leather	8½	8⅝
Do pfd	39	40½
Bay State Gas	1½	1⅝
British Columbia Copper	4⅞	5
Compressed Air	5	7
Electric Boat	25	29
Do pfd	55	60¼
Electric Vehicle	5½	6
Do pfd	15½	16
Electro-Pneumatic	1⅜	1⅝
Illinois Vehicle	⅞	1
Manhattan Transit	7⅛	7⅛
Nat. Enameling and Stamp Co	37¾	39
Do pfd	95	100
N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Trans	11½	12
Northern Securities Co	117⅞	117⅞
Otis Elevator Co	44	45
Do pfd	102	104
Pitts. Bessemer and L. E	36	37
Royal Baking Powder pfd	105	105½
Seaboard Air Line	32	32½
Do pfd	51⅞	52½
Standard Oil	685	690
St. Louis Transit	30½	31½
United Rys. of St. Louis pfd	84	85
Do 4s	87½	87⅝
National City Bank	300	310
Oregon Short Line 4s	95½	95¾
Rock Island, new	53⅝	54
Do pfd	82¾	82⅝
Do 4s	88½	88½
United Boxboard	14½	15½
Do pfd	60½	63
U. S. Realty	36¾	37
Do pfd	79½	80

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange was steady at the following figures:

SELLING.

Checks, Paris	5.18¾
Cables, London	4.86⅞
Checks, London	4.86⅝
Checks, Berlin	94 15-16

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers'	4.83⅜
60 days, London, documentary	4.83⅛
3 days, Hamburg	94 13-16
3 days, Antwerp	5.19⅝–1-16
60 days, France	5.22½
3 days, Holland	40
60 days, Holland	39⅝

Foreign Exchange Situation.

Foreign exchange continues easy and the import point has nearly been reached. C. Schumacher & Co. say of the market:

"The most notable feature of the week was the ease with which the market rebounded after every little spell of weakness and the comparative steadiness of the market while money on call brought 6, 7, and 8 per cent, as was the case in New York in the last three or four days.

"The supply of grain and cotton bills was good for this season of the year and exceeded the supply of last week and probably also that of the corresponding week of last year. It is a question, however, if our exports can be maintained on their present basis, since the grain crops were good in every part of Europe except England while the demand for cotton can be but moderate with the European spinning industry as dull and depressed as at present.

"While the prospects for exports are thus discouraging, our imports from abroad are still steadily increasing, and the position of exchange growing stronger and stronger. Some of our bankers are trying to talk the market down, but none is willing to sell for delivery during the remainder of the year, nor could any prime bankers' demand sterling be bought here for that delivery under 487."

General Financial News.

It is announced from Cincinnati that a syndicate has been formed in the Cast Iron Pipe securities and over 6,000 shares have been accumulated with a view of advancing the price for the two classes of stock.

Earnings of the American Cotton Oil company for the fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 1902, are estimated at $1,500,000, applicable to the common stock, being equal to approximately 7¼ per cent.

The subtreasury statement shows that since Friday it has gained $1,341,000 in its operations with the banks.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oregon Short Line railway company will be held in Salt Lake City Oct. 8. For the purpose of this meeting books will close Sept. 20 and reopen Oct. 10.

The buying of Amalgamated Copper, according to New York authorities, has been based on the report of Dr. Ledoux, published last week, making an extremely low estimate of available supplies of copper. The strength of the metal in both New York and London has been utilized by the bulls.

Of the Rock Island stock to be issued to stockholders in the proportion of 12½ per cent, at par, subscriptions to the amount of $8,136,525 have been made, to be paid Oct. 15, 1902, and the balance unsubscribed can be taken up by the company at any time. This also applies to the balance of $11,740, which are the rights unsubscribed given to stockholders in July, 1901.

It is announced that a new patent ton catcher has been invented by Manager Maskrey of the American Tinplat company, which will save the company 4c per box on its output. As 7,000,000 boxes are turned out annually, the saving should be nearly $300,000.

Chicago Stocks.

Business on the local exchange was moderately active and prices steady. Traction common sold at 18, and the preferred touched 51½, as against between 47 and 48 last week. No developments are announced.

Boxboard was active and firm. American Can shares were largely dealt in at steady to firm prices.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

Description.	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	1,345	14¾	13⅞	14
Do pfd	335	54⅝	53	54¼
American Shipbuilding	150	60¾	60	60¾
American Strawboard	10	45	45	45
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	300	101½	101¼	101¼
Chicago City Railway	97	216	215	216
Chicago Union Traction	200	18	18	18
Do pfd	200	51¼	50	51⅛
Diamond Match	60	139½	139½	139½
Lake Street Elevated	100	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
Metropolitan Elevated	200	39	39	39
Do pfd	50	89¾	89½	89½
National Biscuit	1,006	48¾	48	48
Do pfd	100	104¾	104¾	104¾
National Carbon pfd	42	102	101¾	101¾
North Chicago	15	185	185	185
Quaker Oats pfd	100	92¾	92¾	92¼
Swift & Co	217	155	154	154
United Boxboard	420	15¼	14¼	15¼
Do pfd	541	64½	64	64½
Street's Stable Car	25	91¾	91¾	91¾
West Chicago	111	95	94¼	94¼

BONDS.

$10000 N W L 4s	67¼	$20000 Met L 4s	101¼
2000 M C cons 5s	109	4000 Lake 1st 5s	102
5000 Met L 4s	101¼		

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday were:

	Sept. 8, 1902.
New York	$122,481,984
Chicago	25,841,291
Boston	16,400,699
Philadelphia	15,954,110
St. Louis	8,964,996
Baltimore	3,366,602

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 20c discount before clearing, 15c discount after; St. Louis, 25c discount.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: With the beginning of the settlement here today the stocks were quiet and irregular. Home securities continued heavy, while Americans, after beginning dull, under the influence of Saturday's bank return in New York, hardened later, especially when American support came in for Reading and Union Pacific issues. The other shares in this department were comparatively listless. In the street the Reading shares spurted, and the market closed with a cheerful tone. Copper was up to 53¼. Tintos advancing as much, to 45¼. The metal market now takes a bullish view of the copper outlook, believing that American stocks are small.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Closing stocks:

Consols for money	93 9-16	New York Central	167
Consols for acct	93 11-16	Norfolk & Western	73½
Anaconda	5½	Do pfd	96
Atchison	97¼	Ontario & Western	33½
Do pfd	107½	Pennsylvania	65½
Baltimore & Ohio	111¼	Rand Mines	4
Canadian Pacific	147¾	Reading	38¼
Ches. & Ohio	53¼	Do 1st pfd	85
Chi. Great Western	26	Do 2d pfd	75½
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	196	Southern Railway	40¾
Deliers def	22½	Do pfd	99½
Den. & Rio Grande	50¾	Southern Pacific	81¼
Do pfd	97¼	Union Pacific	113¾
Erie	43	Do pfd	94½
Do 1st pfd	72¾	United States Steel	43¾
Do 2d pfd	58½	Do pfd	93¾
Illinois Central	176	Wabash	37
Louis. & Nash	137	Do pfd	70
Mo., Kan. & Texas	34¼	Spanish 4s	84½
Do pfd	66		

Bar silver quiet, 23 15-16d per ounce. Money 2½@2¾ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2⅜@2 13-16 per cent; the rate of discount in the open market for three months bills is 2 13-16 per cent.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—Business opened animated on the bourse today, with prices firm. Foreigners, especially Spanish 4s, Argentines, Brazilians, and Servians, were in good demand. Rentes were inactive. Tramways and tractions were firm. Omnibus shares were in steady demand. Russians made substantial progress. Rio Tintos recovered on the rise in the price of copper. Kaffirs were heavier. Toward the end of the day realizations depressed a portion of the list. At the close prices were irregular. The private rate of discount was 1 13-16 per cent.

BERLIN, Sept. 8.—Prices were firm on the bourse today. Internationals advanced. Mines were higher on the statement made at the monthly meeting of the coal syndicate that the situation had improved since 1901. Banks were firm.

DAY IN THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

Duties Paid on Imported Goods Amount to $41,913—Articles Entered for Immediate Consumption.

Duties paid at the custom house yesterday amounted to $41,913.35, imposts furnishing $31,139.74 and warehouse withdrawals $10,773.61.

The following imported goods arrived in Chicago: 7,646 pkgs herring, 118 cases crockery, 1,550 brls cement, 348 cases tea, 1 case vaccine virus, 1 case essential oil, 1 case watch cases, 1 case dyes, 4 cases personal effects, 1 case medical apparatus, 63 rails, 150 cases wine, 30 bales cocoa butter, 83 bags coffee, 7 cases china ware, 9 casks salted guts, 179 bales tobacco, 125 cases earthenware, 65 casks formaldehyde, 41 cases clocks, 700 sacks salt, 43 cases dry goods, 130 cases oilmen's stores, 21 cases cheese, 2 cases rubber, 3 cases brandy, 4 cases brushes, 80 cases, bulbs, 5 cases shellac, 5 cases cottons, 9 bales carpets, 7 cases hosiery, 6 cases smokers' articles, 2 casks silk, 9 cases furniture, 4 cases whisky, 1 case molding, 3 cases cigars, 5 cases musical instruments, 3 cases marble, 3 cases metalware, 1 case glassware, 1 case trimmings, 5 cases bronzes, 1 case copper, 1 case pictures, 3 cases millinery, 1 case engravings, 1 case opals, 1 case printed matter.

Entries for immediate consumption were made on the following: 2 cases clocks, 100 bales burlaps, 1 case opals, 9 cases paper, 137 cases dry goods, 3 brls salted guts, 85 cases earthenware, 2 cases embroidery, 1 case papier maché, 1 case millinery, 1 case gelatine, 2 cases balloons, 2 cases books, 10 cases curios, 9 cases woodenware, 20 cases cheese, 130 cases herring, 253 cases bulbs, 1 case gold leaf, 7 cases furniture, 65 cases clay, etc., 2 cases personal effects, 130 casks vinegar, 1 case goatskins, 250 carboys formaldehyde, 150 cases wine, 5 cases metalware, 1 case vaccine virus, 6 cases smokers' articles, 1 keg chemical compound, 4 cases whisky, 6 cases plate glass.

Good Roads Train at St. Cloud.

St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 8.—The government good roads train arrived here today over the Great Northern railway, and was received with enthusiasm by a large crowd. The government experts will give a demonstration of good road building by commencing at once the construction of one mile of model road.

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANG

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PHILADELPHIA

SECURITIES GO UPWARD.

STOCKS ADVANCE IN SPITE OF BANK STATEMENT.

General Impression Is That Imports of Gold from Europe Will Be Arriving Soon — Operations in So-Called Gould-Rockefeller Properties Give Strength to Entire List—Trading in Industrials Brought Better Prices on Small Dealings.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Notwithstanding Saturday's unfavorable bank statement and further large losses sustained by the banks to the subtreasury which were reflected in an extreme high rate of 10, and an average figure of 7, per cent for call money, the securities markets made further decided progress upward today on a large volume of dealings. The hight rates for money were to an extent counterbalanced by a sharp decline in foreign exchange, due to a large accumulation of wheat and cotton bills over Sunday, sterling touching 486.20.

The general impression in financial circles seems to be that imports of gold to this country from Europe in the near future are assured, owing to our high credit, the phenomenal crop prospects in this country and European need of our cereals.

The strength of the stock market today was partly attributable to further aggressive operations on the long side, particularly in some of the principal so-called Gould-Rockefeller properties, notably, Missouri Pacific and St. Paul, and persistent reports of an impending "settlement" of the anthracite coal strike. These rumors were accompanied by pronounced strength in Reading common and to a lesser extent in Erie issues, Reading preference issues, Pennsylvania, and Ontario and Western.

Missouri Pacific accounted for one-sixth of the total transactions, amounting to about 900,000 shares, and retained about all of an extreme advance of 3 per cent. St. Paul was considerably less active and at a reaction of nearly a point from the highest price finished 1¼ per cent above Saturday's final figure. The other strong features in the usual active railway list included Wabash preferred, Union Pacific, Texas and Pacific, Southern Pacific, and Atchison common, at net improvements ranging from substantial fractions to 2 per cent or thereabouts. Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Baltimore and Ohio were fairly active, but left off practically unchanged. Detroit Southern issues were favorably influenced by reports of the probable acquisition of the property by the Pennsylvania railroad.

A feature of the market was the number of material improvements that occurred in many railroad issues upon limited trading. These included Rock Island and Chicago and Eastern Illinois, which gained 4¼ per cent each, Evansville and Terre Haute, Kansas City Southern preferred, St. Louis and San Francisco common, Minneapolis and St. Louis common, Soo common, and Chesapeake and Ohio.

In the industrial list a number of issues were conspicuously strong. Amalgamated Copper on dealings in excess of 41,000 shares scored a net improvement of 2 per cent and final gains of 1 to 2 per cent and over were established in Sugar Refining, American Smelting common, General Electric, Press Steel Car issues, Railway Steel Spring issues, Republic Iron, and Steel common, Rubber Goods issues, United States Rubber preferred, and United tates Reduction and Refining issues.

The railway bond market was well up to the recent average of activity and displayed almost general strength. Prominent features were Wabash B debentures, which made a new high record and enjoyed a net gain of nearly 2¼ per cent, Union Pacific convertible 4s, Colorado Midland 4s, Pennsylvania 3½ per cent convertibles, and Consolidated Tobacco 4s, Detroit, Marquette and Mackinac land grants rose an extreme 4 points.

In the curb market Northern Securities led in activity, and, after considerable irregularity, closed at a net gain of 1½ per cent.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railway Shares, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Persistent strength in the face of continued high money, which at one time ruled at 10 per cent, and a further draining of local resources was the most striking feature of today's stock market. New high records were again the order of the day, St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie, Pacific Coast common and second preferred, American Car and Foundry, Pressed Steel Car preferred, Republican Iron and Steel common and preferred, Cast Iron Pipe, and Railway Steel Springs selling higher than at any previous time.

Further indications of the disintegration of the soft coal strike were at hand, but no news bearing on the anthracite situation was heard.

The bank market was active and firm, with a 3 point rise in the Wabash debenture B's on enormous dealings. Total sales, par value, $4,550,000. United States old 4s declined ½ per cent and the new 4s registered ½ per cent and the do common 1¾ per cent on the last call.

Close: Money on call firm at 6@10 per cent, closing offered at 7; prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent; sterling exchange, steadier at the decline, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488.25 for demand and 483.50@483.67 for 60 days; posted rates, 484½@485 and 487@487½; commercial bills, 482.75@483.25; bar silver, 51⅜; Mexican dollars, 40½; government bonds, irregular; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, firm.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Sep 8.	Sep. 6.
Amn. Sugar	5,800	129¾	128½	129¾	128¾
Amn. Locomotive	1,600	35¾	35¼	35¾	35¼
Do pfd	600	96	95½	95½	95½
Amn. Cotton Oil	400	53⅝	53½	53⅝	53¼
Do pfd	100	97	97	97	...
Amn. Smelting	17,100	48	45¾	47¾	45¾
Do pfd	1,200	97½	97	97½	97
Amn. Steel Hoop	1,000	2	2	2	2
Amn. Snuff	200	99¾	99¾	99¾	...
Amn. Linseed	400	24	24	24	24
Amn. Woolen	600	37	36	37	37¼
Do pfd	900	28	27	27	27½
Amn. Car Foun	4,700	35½	35	35¼	35
Do pfd	1,700	118	117	118	117¾
Do pfd	1,700	40	37½	37½	37½
Amn. Woolen	200	14¾	14¾	14¾	...
Anchor	2,600	95¾	95¼	95¾	95
Do pfd	7,100	105¾	104½	105¾	105
Anaconda	100	107	107	107	...
Amalga. Copper	40,000	70¾	69	70¾	68¾
Am. Grass Twine	500	61¾	61¼	61¼	61¼
Ann Arbor Ry	100	45	45	45	...
Atch. Top. & S. Fe	3,100	171	167	171	167
Brook. Rap. Tran	12,100	71¾	70¼	70¾	70¾
Butterick	1,100	53	51⅝	52⅝	...
Balt. & Ohio	20,000	115¾	114¼	114¾	114¾
Do pfd	400	96	96	96	95
Chi. Un. Trac	2,300	18¼	17⅞	18	17½
Con. Gas	5,200	186½	184	186¼	185¾
Do pfd	300	88	87¾	87¾	88
Chi. & Alton	2,300	42¼	41¾	42	42¼
Do pfd	1,000	71	70½	71	71½
C., M. & St. P	22,700	192	189¾	191¾	190
Do pfd	1,400	197¼	196	196¾	196
C. & Alton	1,500	240	240	240	240
C. R. I. & P	1,300	197¼	193	196¼	192
Chicago Terminal	4,900	24	22½	23¾	...
Do pfd	4,600	47¾	41¾	42	56¼
Ches. & Ohio	4,700	57¼	56¾	57¼	...
Cent. R. R. N. J.	100	183½	183½	183½	...
Canadian Pacific	7,100	141¾	140	140¾	141¾
C. C. C. & St. L.	300	106	106	106	106
Can. Pac. Sub.	100	140¾	140¾	140¾	140¾
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	5,000	224¾	222¾	223¾	223¾
Colo. & Southern	3,000	35¾	33¾	35¾	33¼
Do 1st pfd	500	78¾	78¾	78¾	...
Do 2d pfd	1,000	52¼	52¼	52¼	52
C. & E. I.	1,100	210¼	206	210¼	...
Do pfd	100	141	141	141	...
Colo. Fuel & Iron	700	81½	81	81½	81
Chi. Gt. Western	4,700	33¾	33	33¾	33½
Do pfd. B	200	49¼	49	49¼	49¼
Do 4% deb.	200	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾
Del. & Hud.	800	174	173	174	173½
Do pfd	18,000	45¾	44¼	45¼	45
Del. & Hudson	200	180½	180½	180½	180
Den. & Rio G	2,100	49¼	48¾	49	49
Do pfd	800	95	94¼	95	94¾
Dist. of America	600	4	4	5	...
Do pfd	200	37¾	37¼	37¼	37¼
D., S. S. & A.	900	21¾	21	21¾	21
Do pfd	100	35½	...	...	33
Det. Un. Railway	900	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
Erie	22,200	42¾	41¾	42¾	41½
Do 1st pfd	2,800	71½	70¾	71	70¾
Do 2d pfd	1,900	57¾	56¾	57¼	56¾
E. & T. H.	200	68¼	68¼	68¼	68¼
Gen. Electric	400	194½	193¾	194½	193¾
Gt. Northern pfd	1,200	290	290	290	...
Hocking Valley	300	101¾	101	101	...
Do pfd	100	93½	93¼	93¾	93½
Int. Pump	100	38¾	37¾	38¾	...
Int. Cent	3,200	172	171¼	172	172
Iowa Central	500	49¾	49¾	49½	49¼
Do pfd	400	83	83	83	...
Interna. Paper	1,200	20¼	20	20	19¾
Do pfd	200	75	75	75	...
Int. Silver pfd	100	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼
K. C., Ft. S. & M. pfd	900	86	85	85¾	85½
K. C. & Mich	50	49¼	49¼	49¼	49
Kas. City So	1,900	32¾	32¼	32¾	32¼
Do pfd	1,500	61¾	59¾	61¾	60¼
Louis. & Nash	3,500	152½	151¼	152½	152
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	1,800	82	80¼	81¾	79¾
Do pfd	200	136	136	136	137
Manhattan	8,400	137¾	137	137¾	137¼
M. K. & T.	5,300	33¾	33	33¾	33¾
Do pfd	1,100	67½	66¾	67¾	67¾
Mex. Cent. [Ltd.]	4,900	19¼	18¾	19¼	18¾
Missouri Pacific	181,400	122¾	116¾	122¾	119¾
Minn. & St. Louis	1,300	114¾	114	114¾	...
New Cent. Coal	500	45	45	45	...
National Biscuit	800	48¾	48¼	48¾	...
Nat. R. R. of Mex	1,700	21¾	20¾	21¾	20¾
National Lead	900	24	23¾	24	23¾
N. Y. Central	5,200	165	164	164¾	164½
Norfolk & W	17,500	76¾	75¾	76¾	76¼
Do pfd	100	93	93	93	94¼
North Amn. Co	400	129	128½	129	93
N. Y., Ont. & W	32,400	37¾	36¾	37¾	36¾
N. Y. Dock	500	28	27	27	27
Ont. Silver	100	8¾	8¾	8¾	...
People's Gas	6,300	108¾	107¾	108¼	108¼
Pa. R. R	22,100	168	166¾	167¾	167
Pacific Mail	1,400	47¾	46¾	46¾	46
Pressed Steel Car	7,500	84¾	83¾	84¾	84¼
Do pfd	3,800	91¼	89¾	91¼	88¾
P. C. C. & St. L.	400	103	102½	103	...
Pere Marquette	100	79¼	79¼	79¼	...
Do pfd	100	93	93	93	...
Pacific Coast	4,000	80¾	80	80¾	77¼
Do 2d pfd	2,400	84¾	82½	84½	...
Quicksilver	900	3	3	3	2
Reading	57,900	75¼	73¼	75	73
Do 1st pfd	3,800	89¼	88½	89	88¾
Do 2d pfd	5,700	78¼	77¼	78	77¾
Rubber Goods	2,800	22¾	21¾	22¾	21
Do pfd	400	70¾	70¾	70¾	...
Rep. Iron & Steel	3,600	24¾	23¾	23¾	23¼
Do pfd	2,300	83¼	82	82¾	82¼
Ry. Steel Spring	4,200	34¾	32¾	34¾	32½
Southern Ry	7,700	38¾	37¾	38¾	38¼
Do pfd	700	90¾	88¾	89¾	90½
St. J. & G. I.	100	22¾	22¾	22¾	...
Southern Pacific	48,900	80	78¾	80	79
St. L. S. W.	1,300	36½	35¾	36¼	36
Do pfd	1,500	78¼	77¾	78	78
St. L. & San Fran.	2,500	82	80	81¾	80
Do 2d pfd	2,100	77	76¼	77	76¾
Sloss., S. S. & I.	2,500	80¾	78	78¾	80
Do pfd	100	93	93	93	95
Texas Pacific	35,000	53¾	51¾	53¾	52½
Twin City	500	127¾	127½	127¾	127¼
T., St. L. & W.	1,100	31¾	31¼	31¼	31¼
Do pfd	1,100	48¾	47¼	48¾	47¾
Tenn. Coal & I.	5,100	71	70	70¾	70½
U. S. Cast Iron P.	5,900	16¾	16	16¾	16
Do pfd	2,600	57	56	56	57
Union Pacific	35,000	111¾	110¼	111¾	110¾
Do pfd	800	92	91¾	91¾	91¾
Union Bag & Pa.	800	15¾	15¾	15¾	15½
Do pfd	200	82¾	82¼	82¼	82¼
U. S. Rubber	1,400	17½	16¾	17	16
Do pfd	1,400	58¾	55¾	58¾	57¾
U. S. Leather	4,500	14¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Do pfd	500	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼
U. S. Steel	6,600	41¾	41¼	41¼	41¼
Do pfd	2,900	91	90¾	91	90¾
U. S. Express	600	150	148	150	...
U. S. Reduction	3,600	36½	34½	36½	34¼
Va. Caro. Chem.	7,500	72¾	71¾	72¼	72¼
Wheeling & L. E.	4,100	29¼	28½	29¾	28¾
Do 1st pfd	100	63	63	63	...
Do 2d pfd	100	41	41	41	40½
Wabash	7,400	37¾	36	37¾	36½
Do pfd	23,200	51¾	49¾	51¾	49¾
Wis. Cent	1,200	29½	26	29¾	29½
Do pfd	700	55¾	55	55¾	55¾
Western Union	5,800	95¾	95¾	95¾	94¾

Total sales of stocks, 902,100 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	210	United States	150
American	255	Fargo	245

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg	108¼	U. S. old 4s, reg	109¾
U. S. ref. 2s, coup	108¾	U. S. old 4s, coup	110¾
U. S. 3s, reg	106¼	U. S. 5s, reg	105
U. S. 3s, coup	106¾	U. S. 5s, coup	105
U. S. new 4s, reg	136½		

NEW YORK BOND TRANSACTIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

12000 Atch gen 4s	94¼	3½s	94¼
		1000 P Sou 4s	96¾
15000 B-O 3½s	94¼	6000 N Y N H-H	67¾
11000 do S W 3½s	85¾	con deb 4s	228
	90¼@¼	20000 N P 3s	74½
4000 do 4s	105	8000 do 4s	104¾@¾
5000 Bklyn R 4s	103¾	1000 N Y O & W 4s	102
10000 Cent Ga 2d inc. 4s	80	10000 O S L 4s	110
16000 C Pac 3½s	89	in stpd	95¾@¼
10000 do 4s	101	1000 do reg	95¾
74000 C B-Q joint 4s	100¾	45000 P-E 1st inc	77½
10000 C-A 3½s	84½@85¾	85000 Penna 3½s 50 %	
1000 C I-L 5s	117	paid	111@¼
8000 C C C-St L gen		5000 St L-I M ref	
4s	102¼	4s	94
5000 C-E I gen 5s	123¾	7000 St L S W 1st	
180000 Col Mid 4s		4s	90@¾
	83@ 84	5000 So Ry 5s	120¾
341000 Con Tob 4s		1000 Seaboard A L	
	87¼@¾	5s	104¾
85000 D M-M L G		87000 do 4s	88¾
3½s	82@86	35000 So P 4s	94½@¾
15000 Det Sou 4s	80	6000 S R 5s	80
12000 Erie gen lien		3000 T St L-W 4s	84
4s	87¼@¾	13000 U P 4s	104¼@¾
5000 G H-H 1st	105¾	536000 do conv 4s	
15000 G B-W B	23		112¾@113¼
2000 K C Ft S-M 4s	91¾	5000 U S Red 6s	85
5000 L-V 5s	103¾	1000 Wab 1st 5s	120½
10000 L-N unf 4s	102¼	3000 do 2d	109¼@¾
3000 Mo P 5s	101¾	2508000 do deb B	
5000 Man con 4s	104¾		83¼@ 83¾
8000 Met St Ry 5s	120	7000 Wis C 4s	93@¾
1000 Nat R R Mex		1000 W S gtd 4s	
4s	80	reg	113¾
17000 N Y C L S			

Total sales of bonds, $4,588,000.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, Metals, and Other Special Lines.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Dry goods—Week opens with a good general demand for both staple and fancy cottons, both at first hands and with the jobbing trade. Prices of heavy brown sheetings and most coarse colored cottons are being gradually advanced. Print cloths are firm. Prints are getting scarce and the tone is firm. Silks and ribbons firm, with a fair demand.

Copper, Tin, and Metals.

Copper—There were sales of 600,000 lbs reported, including 100,000 lbs of electrolytic for October delivery, 250,000 lbs for November delivery, the former at $11.75 and the latter at $11.80; also 250,000 lbs for October delivery at $11.80. The market here closed firm, with standard spot at $11.50@11.75; lake, $12.00@12.12½; electrolytic at $11.75@11.85; and casting at $11.75@11.85. London market, spot advancing 17s 6d to £53 5s, and futures the same at £53 12s 6d. Tin at $27.00@27.12½; in London, spot £123 2s 6d, and futures at £117 15s. Lead—Spot here $4.12½, and in London at £10 8s 9d. Spelter $5.50; in London £18 7s 6d. Iron at Glasgow closed at 57s 6d, and at Middlesboro at 53s 4½d. Warrants continue nominal. No. 1 foundry, northern, is quoted at $23.00@25.00; No. 2 foundry, northern, $22.00@23.00; No. 1 foundry, southern, $22.00@23.00; and No. 1 foundry, southern, soft, $22.00@23.00.

Coffee—Spot and Future.

Coffee—Nearly one-half of today's business in coffee futures was transacted at the opening of the market this morning. The trading started with prices 10@15 points higher and sales on the call of 5,750 bags. The spot market was quiet but steady, with quotations on the basis of 5⅝c for Rio No. 7. Total warehouse deliveries in the United States for the week were 66,602 bags, against 58,135 bags last week and 112,793 bags for the same week last year. Of the former amount New York reported 60,842 bags. Coffee cables: Rio—Coffee market firm; No. 7 Rio, 4, $700; exchange, 11 31-32d; receipts, 12,000 bags; cleared for the United States, 16,000 bags; cleared for Europe, 8,000 bags; stock, 674,000 bags. Santos—Coffee market firm; good average Santos 4, $800; receipts, 43,000 bags; stock, 1,310,000 bags. Hamburg—Coffee market opened steady ½@¾ pfg higher; at 2:30 p. m. was net ½@¾ pfg higher; sales, 11,000 bags. Havre—Coffee market opened steady, ¾@1f higher; at 12 m. advanced ¼f; at 3 p. m. quiet, unchanged to ¼f lower; at 5:30 p. m. declined ¼f; total sales, 72,000 bags.

Poultry—Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive—Spring chickens, western, large, per lb, 14c; do southern and southwestern, small, 13½@14c; fowls, per lb, 13c; roosters, 9c; turkeys, 11@12c; ducks, western, per pair, 60@80c; do southern and southwestern, 40@60c; geese, western, $1.02@1.37; do southern and southwestern, $1.00; live pigeons, 20@25c. Dressed—Spring turkeys, dry picked, fancy, 19@20c; do average grades, 16@18c; turkeys, old, average best, 15c; spring chickens, western, dry picked, average best, 13@13½c; do Ohio and Michigan, scalded, fancy, 13½c; other western, scalded, average best, 12½@13c; do ordinary, 11@12c; fowls, western, 12½c; do southwestern, 12@12½c.

Butter in All Grades.

Butter—Creamery, extras, per lb, 20½c; do, firsts, 19@20c; do, seconds, 17½@18½c; do, thirds, 15½@16½c; state dairy, tubs, fancy, 19@19½c; do firsts, 17½@18½c; do seconds, 16@17c; do, thirds, 15@15½c; western imitation creamery, fancy, to good, 15½@16½c; do, lower grades, 14½@15c; renovated, fancy, 16¼@17c; do, common to prime, 15@16c; western factory, June make, 15½@16½c; do, current make, firsts, 15@16½c; do, seconds, 14½@14¾c; do, thirds, 13½@14c; packing stock, 13@14c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Heavy Receipts of Range Cattle Force Unfavorable Conditions—Hogs and Sheep Lower.

Receipts of cattle yesterday were estimated at 20,000, barely one-half of which were natives. There was a marked scarcity of good corn fed beeves. The best grades were steady to firm, while others were slow. The heavy run of rangers forced bad market conditions. Native butcher cows and heifers held about steady. The stocker trade was slow but without material change in prices.

The estimated receipts of hogs were 30,000 and with the increased offerings the market opened 5c to 10c lower. The decline was nearly regained later and trade closed firm. The top price was $7.92½.

With a run of 35,000 sheep the market was somewhat congested and prices were mostly lower. Best lambs sold at $5.75.

The Live Stock World's special cablegram quotes American cattle ½c higher, averaging 14½c at London and 14c at Liverpool. American sheep steady at 12c.

The following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures. Receipts and shipments are estimated:

Receipts.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Sept. 8	20,000	500	30,000	35,000
Official last week	60,438	6,490	86,283	87,639
Official 1901	69,002	3,723	125,309	101,240
Shipments—				
Week ago	3,635		3,804	2,022
Saturday	709	9	1,560	340
Yesterday	3,500		4,000	4,000
Official last week	22,073	516	17,380	18,826
Official year ago	26,403	574	32,590	30,750

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year to date, with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1902	1,907,503	5,439,904	2,250,761	77,523	182,293
1901	2,023,328	5,371,060	2,522,813	85,810	194,468
Inc	68,814	28,448			
Dec	156,025		6,289	12,117	

Yesterday's hog purchases were:

Armour	7,500	Lipton	1,400
Anglo-American	1,000	S. & S.	778
Boyd & L.	100	Butchers	1,000
Continental	311	Shippers	5,000
Hammond	1,197		
Morris	1,442	Total	26,228
Swift	4,500	Left	2,000

Cattle.

Supplies of range cattle were larger than expected. The receipts of 20,000 cattle included about 11,000 rangers, cutting the supply of natives considerably below normal. Buyers of the choice grades were out early with liberal orders, but, being unable to find strictly prime stock, were compelled to execute their orders from medium to good grades that sell from $7.50 to $8.25, with a few loads here and there good enough to bring $8.50.

The market for these kinds was active and steady, but for the bulk of the offerings, which were of the kinds that sell at $7.50 down, a slow and unsatisfactory market was found, with prices weak and unevenly lower. Some of the grades that sell at $5.00@6.00 were forced into competition with rangers, and as a consequence had to go lower than last week. The useful grades of natives were closely bought up, while others were neglected.

Trade was close to steady in the butcher line, though the supply was fairly liberal compared with other natives. Calves were steady on a small supply, with a few fancy veals selling up to $7.25. Stocker trade was slow, but prices about steady on last week's closing basis.

Prime beeves, 1,250 lbs and up | $8.00@8.85
Good to choice, 1,250 lbs and up | 7.70@8.00
Medium to good, 1,250 lbs and up | 6.25@7.40
Poor to medium, 1,250 lbs and up | 5.00@6.00
Good to prime steers, 900@1,250 lbs | 6.75@7.90
Medium to good steers, 900@1,250 lbs | 5.00@6.75
Poor to medium steers, 900@1,250 lbs | 4.35@5.10
Medium to choice feeders | 4.50@5.00
Medium to choice stockers | 3.40@4.20
Superior to medium stockers | 2.50@3.40
Medium to choice heifers | 3.00@4.00
Inferior to medium heifers | 2.50@3.75
Medium to choice cows | 3.90@5.40
Cutters | 2.75@3.10
Canners | 2.00@2.60
Good to choice bulls | 4.25@5.50
Bologna bulls | 2.75@3.20
Stock bulls | 2.40@3.25
Veal calves | 6.50@7.25
Stock calves | 3.00@5.00
Texas steers, grassers | 3.50@4.50
Western range steers | 3.50@5.50

Hogs.

The hog run was much larger than was expected, and as a result the market opened at a decline of 5@10c from the start. There were a few lots of good to prime hogs, but in the main the quality was not good and included rather more lightweights than on late days of last week.

Early in the morning there was a small amount of selling at close to Saturday prices, but this was on light mixed and exclusively of a speculative character. The regular dealers started out bidding mostly 10c under Saturday prices, and the market finally settled to a basis of a decline of 5@10c lower than the closing prices of last week. At this decline the bulk of the trading in ordinary to good grades of mixed packing hogs was on a basis of $7.30@7.45, with good strong weights at $7.50@7.60.

The most popular weights with packers is an average of around and under 250 lbs, which sell at a range of $7.30@7.50. Bacon sorts sold at $7.60 and up to $7.75. Prime tops sold at $7.92½, with good to choice medium weights at $7.75@7.85. The market closed firm.

Good to prime, 245@400 lbs | $7.65@7.92½
Common to good, 245@400 lbs | 7.20@7.65
Good to prime, 160@245 lbs | 7.50@7.85
Assorted light, 160@180 lbs | 7.45@7.80
Common to good, 130@160 lbs | 7.10@7.65
Mixed, 200@250 lbs | 7.40@7.85
Light mixed, 160@200 lbs | 7.10@7.50
Pigs | 5.60@7.10

Sheep.

The presence of a score of Ohio and Michigan feeder buyers was the backbone of yesterday's sheep market. The run was heavy, but under the circumstances was well taken care of. Sheep that had the killing demand for an outlet declined 10c to 15c, and medium to common lambs were lower, but choice lambs and handy weights were steady. Choice native lambs made a top of $5.75, with a lot of pretty good ones selling around 5c, and trade ruled steady, with last week's close. Everything selling around 4c was slow and draggy. Bulk of the run was range stock. Range lambs sold steady, with a top of $5.25.

Good to choice wethers | $3.70@4.00
Good to choice ewes | 3.20@3.65
Poor to medium ewes | 2.75@3.00
Lambs | 4.00@5.75
Rams | 2.50@3.00
Range wethers | 3.50@4.00

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Beeves—Receipts, 3,488 head; steers 5@10c higher; steers, $4.60@4.80. Calves—Receipts, 2,769 head; veals firm to 25c higher. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 13,185 head; sheep firm to 15c higher; lambs opened 25@35c higher, closed about 10c lower. Hogs—Receipts, 6,092 head; higher at $7.00@7.75.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 12,195 natives, 5,805 Texans. Calves —252 Texans, 1,471 natives. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $6.20@8.00; calves, $2.00@5.50. Hogs—Receipts, 2,408 head; market opened weak to 5c lower, closing firm; top, $7.55; bulk of sales, $7.45@7.55. Sheep—Receipts, 13,000 head; steady to 15c lower; native lambs, $3.25@5.60.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,500 head; market slow to 10c lower; native steers, $4.75@8.25; calves, $3.50 @6.00. Hogs—Receipts, 18,000 head; market steady to strong; heavy, $7.40@7.65. Sheep—Receipts, 29,000 head; market 10@15c lower.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,300; steady to weak; natives, $4.25@8.35. Hogs—Receipts, 11,670; 5c lower; light and light mixed, $7.45@7.50. Sheep—Receipts, 8,040; lambs, steady to weak; sheep, 10c to 15c lower.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000, including 7,500 Texans; native shipping and export steers, $5.00@7.50; calves, $4.30@7.00. Hogs—Receipts, 3,000; market 10c lower. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; native muttons, $3.00@4.00; lambs, $4.00@5.80.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,500; good export and shipping steers, steady to strong. Veals—Receipts, 850; steady; tops, $7.75@8.00. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; active; heavy, $8.10@8.20; a few at $8.25; pigs, $7.50@7.65. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 11,700; sheep steady; top lambs, $5.75@5.90.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 8.—Wheat—Spot No. 1 northern spring, firm, 6s 4d; No. 2 western winter, dull, 5s 11½d; No. 1 California, steady, 6s 4½d; futures dull; September, 5s 11d; December, 5s 9¾d. Sorn—Spot quiet; American mixed, 5s 11d; futures dull; October, 5s 3d; November nominal; January, 4s 4d.

Cotton—Spot, moderate business; prices 1-16c lower; American middling fair, 5 11-32d; good middling, 5¾d; middling, 5d; low middling, 4 29-32d; good ordinary, 4 25-32d; ordinary, 4 21-32d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 6,500 American. Receipts, 200 bales, all American. Futures opened easy and closed quiet.

Hams—Short cuts, steady, 55s 6d. Bacon—Cumberland cut, firm, 60s 6d; long clear middles, light, firm, 58s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, firm, 59s; clear bellies, firm, 63s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, in tcs, firm, 52s 9d; American refined, in pails, strong, 53s 6d.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General

KANKAKEE FAIR GREATEST OF ALL

Business and Politics Dropped for a Week While Len Small's Circus Is On.

NOT MERE 'PUNKIN SHOW.'

Midways, Cairo Streets, Vaudeville, and Serpentine Dances Amuse Crowds.

Kankakee, Ill., Sept. 8.—[Special.] — All roads lead to the Kankakee district fair this week. Farmers have left their work in the fields, business men are taking what they call a "much needed rest," professional men are hob-nobbing with horny handed sons of toil, and politicians have transferred their field of operation to the racetrack, the cattle pens and the "midway" of the biggest show Kankakee county has ever seen.

Senator Len Small says this is the largest and best fair in the state. He ought to know, for, in addition to running the Kankakee fair and acting as ringmaster for Kankakee county's political circus, "Len," as every one familiarly calls him here, is the secretary of the district fair and nearly "the whole thing" with the association. It is his show and Kankakee is satisfied with it.

What the big amusement parks are to Chicago people the district fair is to residents of Kankakee county and neighborhood. It is something in which every one takes pride. Even Mr. Small's political enemies declare an armistice till after the fair is over. It attracts people from a large section of the state, exhibitors, members of the leisure class, as well as those who work hard for their daily bread, sporting men, politicians, officeseekers, and officeholders. Every country newspaper for a radius of fifty miles has been plugging for the fair, and the editors and their families will be here, for not to use a pass is counted a sin among pressmen from the tall grass.

Circus Before the Grand Stand.

"Len Small's fair" is said to be the only one in the state where circus performances are given in front of the grand stand. Chicago people would call them vaudeville shows, but the fair directors and the people here insist they are circuses. Disdaining superstition the fair this season has thirteen vaudeville attractions, not counting the man who goes up in a balloon.

In addition to the attractions that appear before the grand stand there is a midway at the south end of the grounds, lined with canvas houses containing all kinds of shows—interesting, though "strictly moral."

There is an Indian village, diving horses, a company that manages a series of thrilling races of the hippodrome sort, with chariots and Roman tunics and steeplechasing; a performance by a dozen trained horses, a "palace of illusions," several moving picture shows, a snake eater warranted to make any one sick, "streets of Cairo," the largest ox in the world—"big as an elephant," three fortune tellers, and Coney Island sandwich men.

"And I had to turn down thirty-two shows," says Senator Small regretfully.

Evolution in County Fairs.

The Kankakee fair, in fact, marks an evolution in exhibitions, primarily designed for an agricultural community. It takes more than large ears of corn, fat cattle, and mammoth pumpkins to interest the up to date farmer. He wants something of the Coney Island order, and the Kankakee fair directors seem to have been the first to realise this. Gaudily painted agricultural machinery and Poland China hogs have their admirers as of yore, but the agriculturist that has a telephone and lives on a rural mail route, and reads a daily Chicago paper wants to shoot the chutes when he comes to town, and his boys and hired men require something a little swifter than a pounding machine or a cane rack. Hence the vaudeville.

Exhibits Not Neglected.

Not that the exhibits have been neglected. Each year they are increasing in size and importance. The construction of a mammoth industrial art hall last year was something of an experiment, but local merchants have leased the spaces for the next five years, and every available inch is occupied. Upstairs in the art hall is a museum of antiquities and other interesting objects and the fine art department.

The stock pens indicate a prosperous condition among the farming community, not less than the agricultural hall, where there are watermelons so big that it is doubtful if they could be carried away in a bushel basket, rosy cheeked apples that make the mouth water, great yellow squashes that carry one back to the days of his boyhood, many years ago, when he washed his face in icy cold water from the basin on the bench at the rear kitchen door; fuzzy sheep with black faces, grunting hogs so fat you can't see their legs, smartly groomed horses with ribbons in their tails, three carloads of poultry, sleek looking cows with mottled coats, philosophically chewing their cuds to the merry music that floats from the "midway."

Every afternoon a racing program—from five to fifteen entries for each class—a 2:18 pace, a 2:20 trot, a free for all pace, a 2:18 pace—all for $300 purses, being among the fastest, though not the most interesting for the farmers' running race today, "one mile and repeat for horses that never ran for money," attracted more attention than any other.

People the Real Show.

But, after all, the people—the thousands that come to see the show—are the most interesting. This is no metropolitan horse show where smart toilets are essential. The man that wears a hickory shirt and chews fine-cut tobacco is as good, aye better, than the Panama hatted, mauve gloved youth that inhales the smoke from cork tipped Turkish cigarets. The farmer's wife with her brood of healthy children—they all came this morning in a mud splashed and dusty carryall—considers herself the social equal of the dame with the lorgnette and the toy dog. Here every one is free and equal. There are no conventionalities. It is the people's great holiday.

Electrical Display at Night.

The trump card of the fair this year is the night program. Thousands of incandescent and arc burners make the grounds light as day, and the townspeople that are unable to leave their work before 6 p. m. swarm the street cars that run every few minutes to the park at night. An electric fountain, where a good looking young woman does the serpentine and other dances, is one of the attractions at night, and the electrical display is not half bad considering it was arranged in haste.

Thursday will be the big day. Gov. and Mrs. Yates, Congressman Joe Cannon, Congressman A. J. Hopkins, Fred Rowe of Jacksonville, chairman of the republican state committee, and many lesser political lights have promised to be present. The program on that day will include a sham battle between Company L of this city and Company F of Pontiac.

MOVE THE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.

Books Being Transferred from Old Gymnasium to New Quarters in the Press Building.

The work of moving the general library of the University of Chicago from the old gymnasium to the new Press building is being carried on during the present recess of the university. The new law library of 20,000 volumes, one of the most complete in the west, already has been installed. In the new building all the shelves, supports, braces, and racks are of metal. The rooms are commodious and light, having windows on three sides.

$5—Indianapolis and Return—$5

Via Monon Route. Tickets on sale Sept. 20, 21, 22, good returning until Sept. 25. City ticket office, 232 Clark street. Phone Har. 1245. Depot, Dearborn Station.

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SHAVING SOAP

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London CHICAGO New York

NEW PEACH TREE BLIGHT RUINS ENTIRE ORCHARDS.

Agent from Agricultural Department on Inspecting Trip About South Haven—Big Loss to Fruit Growers.

"The littles" is the strange name of a new disease which is threatening the peace of mind and the pocketbooks of fruit growers. "Peach paralysis" would describe the effects of the new terror of the orchard. It is destroying hundreds of acres of peaches in Michigan, and heroic measures are being taken by the federal government to eradicate the blight.

R. L. Taft, an expert from the agricultural department at Washington, is inspecting the orchards around South Haven. Wherever the "littles" is found an order is issued immediately for the destruction of all the trees, which must be cut down and burned as rapidly as possible. Many fruit growers will be practically ruined, as to eradicate the disease means the destruction of the entire orchard.

"The littles" is so called because the leaves and fruit of the tree attacked shrivel up. The peaches are about the size of marbles. Growth is dwarfed and the disease spreads from tree to tree with great rapidity.

In the inspection about South Haven Mr. Taft has been accompanied by F. F. Fernow, a fruit grower; J. C. Monroe, president of the First State bank of South Haven; and L. S. Monroe, an attorney. Hundreds of acres of the finest fruit land in Michigan have been condemned by the government.

As the disease is a new one, the cause has not been ascertained. If a germ disease, the germ has not been discovered, although the bacteriologists at Washington are investigating it. Dr. W. K. Jaques of the city laboratory also has become interested in the study of the new disease. He returned to Chicago from Michigan yesterday.

"The fruit growers are in a bad state," he said. "Many of them will have to sacrifice their entire orchards, for when the disease once starts it spreads to all the peach trees. The peaches shrivel up to the size of marbles. Around South Haven hundreds of acres have been condemned.

"The disease has not affected the crop greatly this year, because it has just secured a foothold in the orchards. The effect will be noticed next year. Unless some remedy is quickly found there is likely to be a great scarcity in Michigan peaches."

EX-MAYOR SEEKS PRACTICE.

Dr. A. A. Ames, Formerly of Minneapolis, Asking Doctor's License in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—Dr. A. A. Ames, late mayor of Minneapolis, has filed credentials with the Indiana state board of medical examination and registration in order that a certificate may be granted him to practice in Indiana. He graduated from Rush Medical college in Chicago. It is his plan to be physician at the West Baden hotel, where he is now living. Word comes from Minneapolis that he is an excellent surgeon, but there is a question whether the Indiana board will issue him a certificate in view of the charges against him and his brother, who was chief of police, of furnishing "protection" to gamblers and others.

The Globe Wernicke Co.

224-226-228 WABASH AVENUE.

FINE OFFICE TABLES

WE ARE prepared to show you the best assortment of Office Tables on exhibition anywhere in the city. Tables like the one shown above are made of quartered oak, genuine leather tops, heavy square taper legs, three large drawers finely finished inside, one flat key lock..... $17 to $34

OFFICE, LIBRARY and DIRECTORS' tables, from..... $5 to $85

CELEBRATES 100TH BIRTHDAY.

Mother of the Late Walter Q. Gresham Observes Double Anniversary at Her Home.

New Albany, Ind., Sept. 8.—[Special.]—In the same house where the late Walter Q. Gresham, secretary of state under President Cleveland, was born more than half of a century ago, his mother, Mrs. Rumley, today celebrated the 100th anniversary of her birth and the seventieth anniversary of her residence in one place.

Nearly 500 guests were present, including her son, Col. William Gresham of St. Paul, and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. W. Q. Gresham, and grandson, Otto Gresham of Chicago.

Of the eight children born to her only two survive, Col. William Gresham of St. Paul, Minn., and Miss Meade Gresham, who makes her home with her mother, Mrs. Rumley, despite her great age, is still active and vigorous, and one year ago, on the occasion of her anniversary, she prepared a dinner for a number of guests.

$25 Round Trip to Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo.

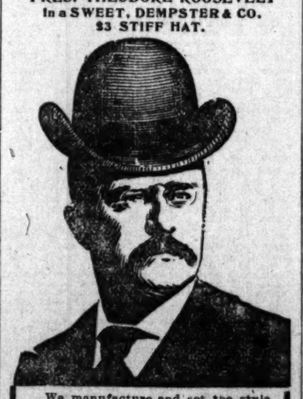
$35 to Glenwood Springs and return, via Chicago and Northwestern railway, selling daily Aug. 30 to Sept. 10, good until Oct. 31 to return. Two trains daily. The best of everything. Tickets, 212 Clark street (Telephone Central 721) and Wells Street Station.

SULPHOGEN RELIEVES ALL STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLES

If you have Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart or Eruptions of the Skin ask your druggist for Sulphogen or send us $1.00 for 12 oz. bottle, sent prepaid, guaranteed to relieve or money refunded. Descriptive book free.

Sulphogen Chemical Co., 1836 Olive-st., St. Louis, Mo.

PRES. THEODORE ROOSEVELT In a SWEET, DEMPSTER & CO. $3 STIFF HAT.



We manufacture and set the style and price on Soft and Stiff Hats.

Our 4 X.....$3.00 | Our 3 X.....$2.00

(On each sweatband), made in all styles and shapes, both soft and stiff. We guarantee them to give satisfaction. If your dealer does not keep them write us. Free—A beautiful Hat Mark mailed on receipt of 2c in stamps to cover postage.

SWEET, DEMPSTER & CO., Chicago.

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Leading Optical Establishment

Glasses made to fit you.

74 STATE-ST.,

Directly Opposite Field's New Store.

Less than a month to close furniture.

WE'VE NO CHEAP FURNITURE, but how marvelously low the prices. We are closing the departments, and our superior grade furniture from the best makers in the land is now on sale at the prices of the most ordinary.

Other departments must have the furniture space, and in less than one month all our regular stock, as well as the special September purchases contracted for prior to the formation of present plans, must be sold—low prices mean great sales, and the prices we are quoting are absolutely the lowest that so good a grade of furniture was ever sold for.

It's highest grade furniture at lowest grade prices.

SCHLESINGER & MAYER

Great sale sample brass and enamel beds.

BEDS that were the pride of the manufacturer and made to show his customers how good the beds were that he had to sell. They were his samples, and when orders were all in he gave us the option of buying the entire lot at less than cost of making.

BRASS BEDS.

$15.00 reduced to $10.00.
$25.00 reduced to $17.00.
$40.00 reduced to $25.00.
$47.50 reduced to $35.00.
$85.00 reduced to $60.00.
$100.00 reduced to $75.00.
$114.00 reduced to $80.00.

ENAMELED BEDS.

$5.00 reduced to $3.75.
$6.75 reduced to $5.00.
$8.00 reduced to $6.75.
$12.00 reduced to $9.00.
$15.00 reduced to $11.50.
$19.00 reduced to $15.00.

These beds are a third and a fourth lower than if you were to choose the same quality from the regular assortments. The beds are just as good, though, and just as handsome.

Remarkable bargains in ribbon remnants.

THE greatest ribbon remnant sale that Chicago has seen in many a year—thousands and thousands of yards of the choicest effects of the season are here to select from, in desirable short lengths, at merely fractional prices.

19c Plain Persians, double satins, Liberty satins and soft finish taffetas, in great variety of beautiful patterns. They're worth up to 75c a yard, but being remnants you buy them at less than cost to manufacture—at 19c and 25c a yard. 25c

They're not soiled and useless pieces, but fresh, bright and new—the qualities are the best—the styles are desirable—the assortments the largest—and the prices are the lowest ever offered in the ribbon line—an opportunity you mustn't pass—you'll regret it if you do—so come today and take your pick.

Great sale of embroidery sample strips.

OUR foreign house has sent us 3 cases of sample strips of fine embroidery—there was never a handsomer lot brought to Chicago—and never anything in embroideries that could be placed on sale at such remarkably low prices—actually less than the cost of making.

The collection embraces a prominent European maker's entire sample lot of embroideries, matched insertions, edgings, baby embroideries, matched widths; all splendid qualities, and what every woman wants. A chance to anticipate your needs for the coming season and save 50% on every purchase—an enormous range of values to choose from, and all at lower prices than were ever before quoted in America—don't overlook this splendid opportunity—such good things don't occur often—35c, 25c, 15c and 10c.

10c 15c

Six days to close the basement.

WORD comes from the contractors that the time limit must be still further reduced, and only six days remain to close out all the merchandise contained in the State-st. basement. Merchandise piled high upon the counters has melted rapidly away under the onslaught of eager buyers.

But now prices must go down still lower—down to the point where every one who visits this famous shopping center will buy for one or more seasons ahead.

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